

บรรณานุกรม

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TEST OUTLINE

PART	ITEM TYPE	Number of Items	Minutes
Listening	Multiple Choice	30	15
Grammar	Multiple Choice	30	25
Vocabulary	Multiple Choice	30	25
Reading	Multiple Choice	30	45
		120	100
		Administration	10
			120

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ENGLISH TEST

FORM A

In this test book, the test is divided into four parts, listening comprehension, grammar, vocabulary, and reading comprehension. Complete each part when you are told to. Do not go onto another part, if you are not told to by the teacher.

DON'T WRITE ANYTHING IN THIS TEST BOOK.

PART ITESTS OF SOUND DISCRIMINATION

For this part of the test, you will hear 15 sentences from the tape recorder. After you hear each sentence, read the choices in your test book, and choose only one choice by writing **X** in your answer sheet.

Example

You hear :	You :	You choose :			
" They leaped."	They.....	A	B	C	D
	a. leap	()	(X)	()	()
	b. leaped				

You choose b because the right sentence is, " They leaped."

LET'S BEGIN THE TEST

1. Is it.....
 a. sick
 b. six
2. Whose.....is that ?
 a. rope
 b. robe
3. He likes the.....
 a. bat
 b. bats
4. Her books are in the ...
 a. sack
 b. sacks
5. Whose.....is that ?
 a. back
 b. bag
6. Who.....my table ?
 a. move
 b. moved
7. They'llltomorrow.
 a. leap
 b. leave
8. Do you see my.....?
 a. cat
 b. cats
9. Don't eat the.....
 a. cake
 b. cakes
10. Show me the.....
 a. foot
 b. food
11. Give me the.....
 a. mask
 b. masks
12. Look at the.....
 a. tube
 b. tubes
13. Theyit.
 a. miss
 b. missed
14. Theyhim.
 a. ask
 b. asked
15. They are.....
 a. Rick's and Mack's
 b. Rick and Mack



TESTS OF AUDITORY COMPREHENSION

For this part of the test, you will hear 15 sentences from the tape recorder. After you hear each sentence; read the choices in your test book, and choose only one choice by writing **X** in your answer sheet.

Example

You hear :

You read :

- " When did Tom come here ?" a. By train
 b. Yes, he did.
 c. To study English.
 d. Last night.

You write in your answer sheet.

A	B	C	D
()	()	()	(X)

d is the right answer, so you mark **X** below D.

BEGIN THE TEST

- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. a. Mr. brown. | 3. a. She doesn't like the old |
| b. He is sick. | car. |
| c. He is a teacher. | b. She has an old car. |
| d. He is at home. | c. She is fifteen years old. |
| 2. a. I met Mary. | d. No, she doesn't. |
| b. I met her yesterday. | 4. a. I am a boy. |
| c. I met her at the theater. | b. I am fifteen years old. |
| d. Yes, I did. | c. I am fine. |
| | d. I am writing now. |

5. a. Yes, I live near the market.
 b. Yes, I bought it at the market.
 c. Yes, the teacher is going to the market.
 d. Yes, I am.
6. a. I'm studying history.
 b. John is studying history.
 c. I'm studying with John.
 d. I'm studying in room 123.
7. a. They are dancing.
 b. They are boxers.
 c. They are happy.
 d. They are John and Mary.
8. a. They are dancing.
 b. They are boxers.
 c. They are happy.
 d. They are John and Mary.
9. a. A box.
 b. A teacher.
 c. A theater.
 d. Mr. Brown.
10. a. Yes, he is leaving home.
 b. Yes, he is going home.
 c. No, he is at home.
 d. Yes, he is doing his homework.
11. a. At ten.
 b. No, I didn't.
 c. My bed is small.
 d. My bed is in that room.
12. a. On the table.
 b. It's my glass.
 c. It's red.
 d. Some water.
13. a. It's red.
 b. It's a bag.
 c. Yes, it is.
 d. He is at the blackboard.
14. a. Danai has a pen.
 b. No, it isn't.
 c. It's on the desk.
 d. He's going to school.
15. a. She is typing.
 b. Among.
 c. No, it isn't a typewriter.
 d. Yes, she does.

AUDITORY QUESTIONS

1. How is your father ?
2. Did you meet her ?
3. Does she have an old car ?
2. How are you ?
5. Hello, Yuphin. Are you going to the market ?
6. What are you studying, Danai ?
7. What are they ?
8. Who are they ?
9. Who is this ?
10. Is Udom at home ?
11. When did you go to bed ?
12. What's in the glass ?
13. Is it red or black ?
14. Where is Danai's pen ?
15. Who has a typewriter ?

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จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

PART IITESTS OF GRAMMATICAL STRUCTURES

Choose the best choice; a, b, c, or d by writing X in your answer sheet.

Example

- She has.....apples.
- | | A | B | C | D |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| a. a | () | () | () | (X) |
| b. an | | | | |
| c. any | | | | |
| d. some | | | | |

1. Theresome beans in 4. They are.....
the box.
- | | |
|---------|---------------|
| a. is | a. money |
| b. have | b. bottle |
| c. are | c. cans |
| d. has | d. fish sauce |
2. It's...pen.
- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| a. Damrong | a. of paper |
| b. Damrong, | b. toothpastes |
| c. Damrong's | c. footballs |
| d. Damrong s | d. bottle |
3. It....
- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| a. is rope | B: |
| b. rope | a. To school. |
| c. a rope | b. To the big hotel. |
| d. is a loaf of rope | c. To buy a dictionary. |
| | d. To do her homework, |
5. We have some.....
6. A: Why did she go to Bangkok ?

7. A: Where is the hospital ? 11. A: Does Mrs. Young have a hat?

B: It's.....

B:

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| a. near the post office. | a. No, there doesn't. |
| b. on the police station. | b. No, there isn't. |
| c. under my school. | c. Yes, she have. |
| d. between the market. | d. Yes, she does. |

8. A: Where does Danai sit ? 12. A: What are these ?

B: He sits.....

B: They are.....

- | | |
|--|------------|
| a. at the first desk in the first row. | a. cups. |
| b. at the first row in the first desk. | b. chalks. |
| c. in the first desk at the first row. | c. salts. |
| d. in the first row in the first desk. | d. rope. |

13. January is.....

- | |
|---------------------|
| a. month one. |
| b. first month. |
| c. the first month. |
| d. one of month. |

9. We sit....them.

- a. in front
- b. next
- c. behind
- d. down

14. A: How....a plate of rice ?

B: It's one baht.

- | |
|------------|
| a. many is |
| b. is many |
| c. much is |
| d. is much |

10. It's my.....

- a. motorcycles' father.
- b. motorcycles's father.
- c. father's motorcycles.
- d. father's motorcycle.

15. Thai people...rice.
- always eating
 - eat always
 - eating always
 - always eat
16. Danai and Somsak...English at 2.
- studies sometimes
 - study sometimes
 - sometimes study
 - sometimes studies
17. A: What...he always play?
B: Football.
- is
 - do
 - are
 - does
18. A: Does he ever study English ?
B: Yes,.....
- he often.
 - often he study.
 - he does often study.
 - he often does.
19. A: Whose house is that ?
B: It's.....
- of Somsak.
 - Somsaks.
 - Somsak's.
 - Somsak.
20. Tuesday is.....day of a week.
- third.
 - the third
 - a third
 - the three

LOOK AT THE PICTURES AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS NO.21 - 30.



21. a. The fan is near the books.
 b. The fan is on the boy.
 c. The fan is above the table.
 d. The fan is at the box.
22. a. The rope is around the box.
 b. The rope is at the box.
 c. The rope is in the box.
 d. The rope is near the box.
23. a. The pencil is between the bamboo.
 b. The pencil is near the bamboo.
 c. The pencil is in the bamboo.
 d. The pencil is among the bamboo.
24. a. The toothpaste is in the plate.
 b. The toothpaste is in the box.
 c. The toothpaste is in the tube.
 d. The toothpaste is in the bottle.
25. a. The plate is between the fork and the bottle.
 b. The plate is between the spoon and the glass.
 d. The plate is between the fork and the glass.
 d. The plate is between the fork and the spoon.
26. a. The boy is at the table.
 b. The boy is on the table.
 c. The boy is in front of the table.
 d. The boy is behind the table.
27. a. The bed is near the spoon.
 b. The books are under the table.
 c. The cat is in the bed.
 d. The glass is between the plate and the bottle.
28. a. The book is on the table.
 b. The rice is in the plate.
 c. The toothpaste is in the bottle.
 d. The rope is near the box.

29. a. The box is on the water.
 b. The fan is on the boy.
 c. The bottle is on the bed.
 d. The book is under the table.
30. a. A farmer is under the water.
 b. A farmer is on the water.
 c. A farmer is in the water.
 d. A farmer is at the water.

PART III

VOCABULARY

Choose the best choice; a, b, c, or d; and write X on your answer sheet.

Example

- He likes to eat..... A B C D
- a. books () (X) () ()
- b. beans
- c. a bar of soap.
- d. a bag of charcoal.

1. She has a.....of ink. 2. Shirts are made of.....
- a. bar a. wood
- b. button b. coat
- c. bottom c. cloth
- d. bottle d. paint

3. What is in thebox ? 8. Is that...of tea ?
- a. for a. a plate
 b. four b. a piece
 c. fourth c. a tube
 d. forty d. a pot
4. Your book is on the.... 9. Damrong wears a white.....
- a. hanger a. coat
 b. needle b. cloth
 c. button c. silk
 d. counter d. mat
5. Do you have aof sugar? 10. Suree works at the hospital.
- a. bag She is.....
 b. back a. a pilot
 c. bar b. a dressmaker
 d. baht c. a tailor
6. Put my books on the..... d. a nurse
- shelf. 11. Sunai is a boxer. He is wearing
- a. bar boxing.....
 b. button a. hats
 c. bottom b. gloves
 d. bottle c. malks
7. My mother bought a..... d. belts
- of meat this morning.
- a. please c. tube
 b. piece d. bar

12. Her clothes are in the... 16. There are some oranges in the
 a. pocket
 b. cupboard a. piano
 c. coat b. recorder player
 d. tube c. television
13. Suwat cut the tree with 17.is usually in the kitchen.
 a. A piano
 a. a knife b. A stove
 b. a needle c. A camera
 c. a pin d. A radio
 d. a piece of wood
14. S tudents usually have 18.has two legs.
 lunch at the..... a. An elephant
 a. classroom b. A buffalo
 b. dining hall c. A duck
 c. library d. A cat
 d. workshop
15. His mother is cooking 19. He is sleeping on.....
 in the..... a. a mat
 a. living room b. a mask
 b. bedroom c. a candle
 c. bathroom d. a knife
 d. kitchen
20. My brother likes to eat.....
 a. silk
 b. sandwiches
 c. grass
 d. mask

21. He didn't come to school, because he had.....
- a. many friends.
b. a department store.
c. a tube of toothpaste.
d. a bad toothache
22. She is going to the post office, because she wants toher letter.
- a. send
b. move
c. give
d. show
23. I bought the shoes at the
- a. room
b. boat
c. shop
d. hotel
24. There is a pen in his.....
- a. zipper
b. pocket
c. button
d. belt
25.is cold.
- a. Ice cream
b. Curry
c. Rice
d. Soup
26. I cannot sleep. The students are speaking.....
- a. fast
b. loudly
c. quietly
d. slowly
27. My mother cannot buy the meat. It's.....
- a. thin
b. thick
c. expensive
d. new
28. He wants to....the wood.
- a. eat
b. cut
c. cook
d. read

29.is not sweet. 30. We wantat night.
- | | |
|----------|-----------------|
| a. Cake | a. a watch |
| b. Sugar | b. a camera |
| c. Milk | c. a flashlight |
| d. Salt | d. a radio |

PART IV

READING COMPREHENSION

DIRECTIONS There are three stories below. Read the stories and answer the questions by choosing the best choice, a, b, c, or d.

I

Mr.Narin and Thanee work every day. They work on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. They do not work on Sunday.

They work at the big repair shop. They do not work at the small repair shop. The big repair shop is near the tall hotel and the new bank. Mr.Narin and Thanee open their shop at 6 o'clock every morning. Many people bring their cars and motorcycles to the shop. The people like Mr.Narin and Thanee because they are good mechanics. At 12 o'clock every day Mr.Narin and Thanee eat

lunch. They close their shop at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

They do not go home at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. They go home at 7 o'clock in the evening. At 5 o'clock they play takraw.

1. When do they not work ? 5. Why do many people go to the shop ?
 - a. On Monday
 - b. On Tuesday
 - c. On Saturday
 - d. On Sunday
 - a. To visit Mr. Narin and Thanee.
 - b. To buy some cars and motorcycles.
 - c. To bring their cars to the shop.
 - d. To buy some food.
2. Where do they work ? 6. Do people like Mr. Narin and Thanee ?
 - a. At the tall hotel.
 - b. At the new band.
 - c. At the big repair shop.
 - d. At the small repair shop.
 - a. Yes, they do.
 - b. No, they don't.
 - c. They don't like Mr. Narin.
 - d. They don't like Mr. Thanee.
3. What do they do ? 7. What do Mr. Narin and Thanee do at 5 o'clock in the afternoon ?
 - a. They are mechanics.
 - b. They are car drivers.
 - c. They are motorcycles drivers.
 - d. They are shopkeepers.
 - a. Go home.
 - b. Play takraw.
 - c. Open their shop.
 - d. Eat lunch.
4. How many hours do they work a day ? 8. Do they sleep at the shop ?
 - a. 7
 - b. 8
 - c. 9
 - d. 10
 - a. No, they don't.
 - b. Yes, they do.
 - c. Mr. Narin does.
 - d. Mr. Thanee does.

9. When do they have dinner ? 10. Where is their house ?
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| a. At 5 o'clock in the evening. | a. Near the shop. |
| b. At 7 o'clock in the evening. | b. Near the bank. |
| c. Before 7 o'clock in the evening. | c. Near the hotel. |
| d. After 7 o'clock in the evening. | d. We don't know. |

II

It is seven o'clock in the morning. Miss Young is having breakfast. Yesterday was her birthday, but she will have her birthday party this afternoon. Why will she have her birthday party today ? She will have it today because today is Saturday, and she will not work today. Miss Young's friends will not be busy today. They will come to the party.

Miss Young will be busy today. She has a piece of paper on the table. On the paper are things she will do today.

This is Miss Young's piece of paper.

8.00 Buy oil, eggs, salt, sugar and milk at the market.

9.00 Bake the cake.

12.00 Get lunch at Mrs. Green's shop.

1.00 Get dress at Mrs. Black's shop.

2.00 - 3.00 - 4.00 - 5.00

8.00 Buy eggs, candles, salt, sugar and milk at the market.

9.00 Bake the cake.

12.00 Eat lunch at Mrs.Noree's shop.

1.00 Get dress at Mrs.Nida's shop.

3.00 - 5.00 PARTY !!

11. What day is today ?
- Sunday
 - Saturday
 - Friday
 - Monday
12. What day was Miss Young's birthday ?
- Sunday
 - Saturday
 - Friday
 - Monday
13. When will she have her birthday party ?
- On Sunday
 - On Saturday
 - On Friday
 - On Monday
14. What is she doing ?
- She is having breakfast.
 - She is buying eggs and candles.
 - She is baking the cake.
 - She is eating lunch.
15. Where will she get dress ?
- At the table.
 - At home.
 - At the party.
 - At Mrs.Nida's shop.
16. Why will she have her birthday party today ?
- Because today is Saturday.
 - She will not work today.
 - Her friends will not be busy today.
 - a, b, and c are right.

17. What is on the table ?
- A piece of cake.
 - A piece of paper.
 - Salt and sugar.
 - Eggs and candles.
18. When will she go to the market ?
- At 7.00
 - At 8.00
 - At 9.00
 - At 12.00
19. Where will Miss Young's friends go today ?
- To Noree's shop.
 - To Miss Nida's shop.
 - To the party.
 - To the market.
20. Where will Miss Young have lunch ?
- At home.
 - At the market.
 - At the party.
 - At Mrs. Noree's shop.

III

Lek and Uan went to the airport before noon. They went to the airport after Lek left the hospital. Uan rode his bicycle, but Lek rode in a samlor. He did not walk or ride his bicycle because his leg was in a cast. The samlor driver was careful. He did not drive fast because Lek's leg was broken.

The boys met Mr. Young near his airplane. " Hello, Mr. Young. Are you busy now ?" said Lek. " I left the hospital this morning. Uan and I came to the airport because we want a flying lesson. Can we see your airplane ?"

" All right, boys. I'm talking to my mechanics now, but

they don't need me. I heard a small noise in one motor after I left Chiang Mai three hours ago, but the mechanics can repair it. It's not a big problem."

21. Who went to the hospital ?
- Lek
 - Uan
 - Mr.Young
 - Lek and Uan
22. Who rode in a samlor ?
- Lek
 - Uan
 - Mr.Young
 - Lek and Uan
23. Why did he ride in a samlor ?
- Because he was tired.
 - Because he liked to ride in a samlor.
 - Because his legs were broken.
 - Because his leg was in a cast.
24. Where did the boys meet Mr. Young ?
- At the hospital.
 - At Chiang Mai.
 - At the airport.
 - At the samlor.
25. Who went to Chiang Mai ?
- Lek
 - Uan
 - Mr.Young
 - The mechanics
26. What is Mr.Young doing ?
- He is riding in a samlor.
 - He is riding his bicycle.
 - He is repairing his airplane.
 - He is talking to his mechanics.

27. When did Mr. Young hear a small noise ?
- a. After he left Chiang Mai.
b. After he left the hospital.
c. After he left the airport.
d. After he left his house.
28. What did Uan and Lek want ?
- a. The airplane.
b. The flying lesson.
c. A big problem.
d. A mechanic.
29. Who repaired the airplane ?
- a. The mechanics
b. Lek
c. Uan
d. Mr. Young
30. Who was careful ?
- a. The mechanics
b. Mr. Young
c. The samlor driver.
d. Lek and Uan

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

ENGLISH TEST

FORM B

In this test book, the test is divided into four parts, listening comprehension, grammar, vocabulary, and reading comprehension. Complete each part when you are told to. Do not go onto another part, if you are not told to by the teacher.

DON'T WRITE ANYTHING IN THIS TEST BOOK

PART II. TESTS OF SOUND DISCRIMINATION

For this part of the test, you will hear 15 sentences from the tape recorder. After you hear each sentence; read the choices in your test book, and choose only one choice by writing X in your answer sheet.

Example

You hear :	You read :	You choose :			
" They leaped."	a. leaps	A	B	C	D
	b. leaped	()	(X)	()	()

You choose b because the right sentence is, " They leaped."

BEGIN THE TEST

1. They are sitting on the
 a. mat
 b. mats
2. I.....it yesterday.
 a. wrote
 b. rode
3. The.....is dirty.
 a. road
 b. rose
4. He.....the money in his pocket.
 a. put
 b. puts
5. I don't like the....
 a. cook
 b. cooks
6. Theyit every day.
 a. watch
 b. wash
7. Please clean the....
 a. desk
 b. desks
8. They....the food.
 a. cook
 b. cooked
9. The student is.....
 a. wise
 b. white
10. She is.....
 a. fat
 b. fast
11. The dogs.....my leg.
 a. tug
 b. tugged
12. What is in the.....
 a. cup
 b. cups
13. John and Mary.....their letters.
 a. type
 b. typed
14. Did youher ?
 a. meet
 b. miss
15. Shegone.
 a. had
 b. has

II. TESTS OF AUDITORY COMPREHENSION

For this part of the test, you will hear 15 sentences from the tape recorder. After you hear each sentence, read the choices in your test book, and choose only one choice by writing **X** in your answer sheet.

Example

You hear :

" When did Tom come here ?"

You read :

- a. By train.
- b. Yes, he did.
- c. To study English.
- d. Last night.

You write **X** in your answer sheet.

A	B	C	D
()	()	()	(X)

d is the right answer, so you mark **X** below D.

BEGIN THE TEST.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1. a. Yes, he is at the school.</p> <p>b. His school is big.</p> <p>c. Yes, he goes to school.</p> <p>d. Near the market.</p> <p>2. a. Very good.</p> <p>b. O.K.</p> <p>c. Thanks.</p> <p>d. Thank you.</p> | <p>3. a. It's on the table.</p> <p>b. It's my book.</p> <p>c. It's near my house.</p> <p>d. It's red.</p> <p>4. a. He didn't buy it.</p> <p>b. No, she didn't .</p> <p>c. I say, " Good bye."</p> <p>d. Yes, I did.</p> |
|--|---|

5. a. Somsak is the leader. 10. a. Midnight.
 b. Dang is the teacher. b. Wednesday.
 c. He is teaching. c. It's hot now.
 d. He is not teaching. d. I'm writing now.
6. a. He doesn't speak English. 11. a. She doesn't like the old man.
 b. He is a speaker. b. She has an old car.
 c. He speaks quietly. c. She is fifteen years old.
 d. He can speak English. d. No, she isn't.
7. a. Yes, he is long. 12. a. Yes, I am tired.
 b. No, he isn't. b. Yes, it's a time for lunch.
 c. Yes, he is wrong. c. Yes, I see your tie.
 d. No, he is not a woman. d. Yes, I am a Thai.
8. a. Yes, she is. 13. a. A box.
 b. No, she is not fat. b. A teacher.
 c. Yes, she has a class. c. A palace.
 d. No, she is not bad. d. Mr. Danai.
9. a. They are dancing. 14. a. On the table.
 b. They are boxers. b. It's red.
 c. They are happy. c. It's my glass.
 d. They are John and Mary. d. Some water.
15. a. I met Mary.
 b. I met her at the market.
 c. I met her yesterday.
 d. Yes, I did.

AUDITORY QUESTIONS

1. Where is Danai's school ?
2. May I borrow your pen?
3. What is it ?
4. Did you buy it ?
5. Who is the teacher ?
6. How does he speak ?
7. Is he a strong man ?
8. Does she run fast ?
9. What are they ?
10. What time is it now ?
11. How old is she ?
12. Are you tired ?
13. Who is this ?
14. What's in the glass ?
15. Did you meet her ?

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PART II

TESTS OF GRAMMATICAL STRUCTURES

Choose the best choice; a, b, c, or d by writing X in your answer sheet.

Example

She has....apples.

- | | A | B | C | D |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| a. a | () | () | () | (X) |
| b. an | | | | |
| c. any | | | | |
| d. some | | | | |

1. There'sorange on the table. The woman has...salt.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a. some | a. any |
| b. any | b. some |
| c. an | c. many |
| d. a | d. a |

2. They're.....

- a. Danai's books.
b. Danais' books.
c. Danai's book.
d. Danais' book.

B:

- a. To the hospital.
b. At the market.
c. In the garden.
d. Near the hotel.

3. It's.....

- a. chalk c. cups
b. belt d. bottle

6. Hesits in front of her.

- a. can c. has
b. will d. never

7. Suda is.....aree and Boon. 11. A: What is that ?

- a. between
 - b. through
 - c. down
 - d. around
- B: That is.....
 - a. a charcoal
 - b. sugars
 - c. milk

8. A: Where does Suree sit ?

B: She sits.....me.

- a. between
- b. on
- c. through
- d. next to

12. A: What is that ?

B: That is.....

- a. any paint
- b. a plate
- c. papers
- d. box of toothpaste

9. They are the.....

- a. boys' book.
- b. boys' books.
- c. boy's book.
- d. boy's book's.

13. What is the date ?

- a. It's Thursday, March 17, 1976.
- b. It's Thursday, March, 17, 1976.
- c. It's Thursday 17 March 1976.
- d. It's Thursday 17, March, 1976.

10. A: Is there any soap in the bathroom ?

B: Yes, there.....

- a. is
- b. are
- c. is any
- d. are not

14. A: How....., these ?

B: They are 10 baht.

- a. much are
- b. many are
- c. are much
- d. are many

15. He.....lunch at noon. 19. A: Whose pens are those ?

- a. usually has
 - b. usually have
 - c. has usually
 - d. have usually
- B: They are.....
 - a. Anong's.
 - b. Anongs.
 - c. of Anong.

16. She....to the market.

- a. often go
- b. often goes
- c. go often
- d. goes often

20. March is.....month of the year.

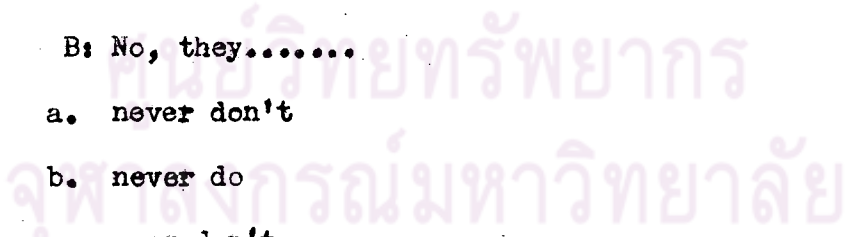
- a. fifth
- b. the fifth.
- c. five
- d. the five

17. Mrs.Lamai....dirty.

- a. is not usually
- b. usually is not
- c. not usually is
- d. usually not is

18. A: Do Mr.Sawai and Narong
ever sing ?

- B: No, they.....
- a. never don't
- b. never do
- c. ever don't
- d. do never



LOOK AT THE SCHEDULE BELOW AND ANSWER QUESTIONS NO.21 - 30

M.S.1/1 Schedule

Time \ Day	8.30-9.30	9.30-10.30	10.30-11.30	12.30-13.30	13.30-14.30	14.30-15.30
Monday	Health	Math	Thai	English	Science	Sewing
Tuesday	Math	Thai	English	Science	Social Studies	Wood Working
Wednesday	English	Math	Thai	Social Studies	Wood Working	Sewing
Thursday	English	Social Studies	Thai	Math	English	Health
Friday	Math	Science	English	Social Studies	Acgriculture	Acgriculture

Today is Wednesday. It's 10.45 now.

John is a student in M.S. 1/1.

21. What is John studying ? 22. What did he study last period ?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. He is studying math. | a. He studied Thai. |
| b. He is studying Thai. | b. He studied English. |
| c. He is studying social studies. | c. He studied math. |
| d. He is studying English | d. He studied social studies. |

23. What will he study at 12:27. Which is true ?
- a. Wood working.
 - b. Thai.
 - c. Social studies.
 - d. He'll have lunch.
24. What is the second subject on Monday ?
- a. Health.
 - b. Math.
 - c. Thai.
 - d. English.
25. What is the last subject on Thursday ?
- a. Thai
 - b. English
 - c. Health
 - d. Math
26. What is the third subject on Friday ?
- a. English
 - b. Science
 - c. Math
 - d. Social studies
27. Which is true ?
- a. John studies social studies on Monday.
 - b. John studies English on Tuesday.
 - c. John studies science on Thursday.
 - d. John studies Thai on Friday.
28. Which is true ?
- a. John studies Thai three times a week.
 - b. John studies Thai five times a week.
 - c. John studies Thai six times a week.
 - d. John studies Thai four times a week.
29. Which is true ?
- a. John doesn't study science on Tuesday.
 - b. John doesn't study math on Wednesday.
 - c. John doesn't study English on Thursday.
 - d. John doesn't study Thai on Friday.

30. Which is true ?

- a. John doesn't go to school on Monday.
- b. John goes to school on Sunday.
- c. John doesn't go to school on Saturday.
- d. John goes to school on Sunday and Saturday.

PART III

VOCABULARY

Choose the best choice; a, b, c, or d and write X on your answer sheet.

Example

He likes to eat.....	A	B	C	D
a. books	()	(X)	()	()
b. beans				
c. a bar of soap				
d. a bag of charcoal.				

1. Toothpaste is usually in 2. is sweet.

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| a. | a. Salt |
| a. tube | b. Sugar |
| b. basket | c. Soap |
| c. glass | d. Soup |
| d. can | e. |
| | f. |

3.is black!
- Chalk
 - Charcoal
 - Shelf
 - Shop
4. No, my book is on the....
- Shop
 - Shelf
 - Cannery
 - Factory
5. We usually want...at night.
- a glass
 - a candle
 - a hanger
 - a menu
6. A pilot works at.....
- a police station
 - a bus station
 - an airport
 - a post office
7. Do not cut the....of bread.
- bar
 - loaf
 - tube
 - bottle
8. Men never eat.....
- grass
 - durians
 - pineapples
 - papayas
9. Sompong goes to the airport every day He is.....
- a doctor
 - a mechanic
 - a tailor
 - a pilot
10. A dressmaker usually has.....
- a telephone
 - a typewriter
 - a sewing machine
 - a television
11. Shoemakers usually have....
- a hammer
 - a taxi
 - a sewing machine
 - a typewriter
12. A dog doesn't have....
- any legs
 - any eyes
 - any wings
 - a tail

13.usually has a lot
of books!
- a. A library
b. A living room
c. A kitchen
d. A bathroom
14. I sleep in my....every 18.
night.
- a. bathroom
b. living room
c. kitchen
d. bedroom
15. Mary is Mr.Brown's.....
today is.....
- a. son
b. daughter
c. brother
d. children
16. My father listens to the
.....every morning.
- a. flashlight
b. stove
c. camera
d. radio
17. I look at my....when I want to
know about the time.
- a. radio
b. camera
c. watch
d. piano
18.is bigger than an orange.
- a. A peanut
b. A banana
c. An egg
d. A durian
19. We don't go to school,because
today is.....
- a. Monday
b. Thursday
c. Wednesday
d. a holiday
20. I can't go with you,because
I am not.....today.
- a. thin
b. thick
c. free
d. cold

21.has 2000 workers.
- The temple
 - The factory
 - The school
 - The theater
22. She is going to the post office, because she wants to.....her letter.
- buy
 - send
 - sell
 - give
23. My father is reading....
- a cupboard
 - a cannery
 - a newspaper
 - a typewriter
24. They are eating rice and
- sugar
 - curry
 - iced tea
 - iced coffee
25. I need a new fan. My old fan is.....
- expensive
 - green
 - clean
 - broken
26. He is very cold. His shirt is....
- new
 - thick
 - thin
 - expensive
27. Mr. Winai is a farmer. He has....
- a shop
 - a farm
 - a factory
 - a cannery
28.is sweet.
- Salt
 - Curry
 - Fish sauce
 - Cake
29. Her books are in
- her pocket
 - the piano
 - the flashlight
 - the schoolbag

30. Her mother is a dressmaker. She is sewing a dress with
a needle and some.....
- a. string
 - b. rope
 - c. thread
 - d. hangers

PART IV

READING COMPREHENSION

DIRECTIONS There are three stories below. Read the stories and answer the questions by choosing the best choice; a,b,c, or d.

I

Aree and Yuphin were at the market, but now they are at Aree's house. They have some things in a sack. There is a tube of toothpaste, some soap, a bottle of fish sauce, some paper, some rice, and a bottle of ink in the sack. The sack is on the table in Aree's living room. Yuphin is helping Aree.

"Here's a tube of toothpaste," Yuphin is saying. "Where do you keep it?"

"We keep it in the bathroom," Aree is answering. "There's a box on the wall. We keep toothpaste in it. We keep soap there, too. Do you see the soap in the sack? Put it in the bathroom, next to

the toothpaste.

Yuphin is putting the soap and the toothpaste in the bathroom. Aree is going to the kitchen. She is putting the rice and fish sauce on the shelves there.

1. Where are Yuphin and Aree ?
 - a. At the market.
 - b. At school.
 - c. At Aree's house.
 - d. At Yuphin's house.
2. What did they buy ?
 - a. Some tubes of toothpaste.
 - b. Some bottles of fish sauce.
 - c. Some bottles of ink.
 - d. Some paper and some rice.
3. Where is the sack ?
 - a. In Aree's living room.
 - b. In Yuphin's living room.
 - c. In the table.
 - d. Under the table.
4. Where is Yuphin now ?
 - a. In the living room.
 - b. In the bathroom.
 - c. In the kitchen.
 - d. At the market.
5. Where do they keep the tube of toothpaste ?
 - a. In the living room.
 - b. In the kitchen.
 - c. In the bathroom.
 - d. In the sack.
6. What do they keep in the bathroom ?
 - a. The paper.
 - b. The ink.
 - c. The rice.
 - d. The soap.
7. What is Yuphin doing ?
 - a. She is answering Aree.
 - b. She is going to the market.
 - c. She is putting the rice on the shelves.
 - d. She is putting the soap in the bathroom.

8. Where is Aree now ? 10. Where do they keep the fish sauce ?
- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| a. In the living room. | a. In a box on the wall. |
| b. In the bathroom. | b. In the sack on the table. |
| c. In the kitchen, | c. On the table in the living room. |
| d. At the market. | d. On the shelves in the kitchen. |
9. What is on the wall in the bathroom ?
- | |
|--------------------|
| a. A box. |
| b. A sack. |
| c. The toothpaste. |
| d. The paper. |

II

Yesterday Peter Smith went to see his friend, Jack Clarke. Jack lives far away from Peter. He lives in another town.

After breakfast, Peter said to his mother, "I want to see Jack this morning. Can I have some money to pay for the train ?"

"How much do you want ?" Mrs. Smith asked.

"A shilling, please."

Mrs. Smith looked in her bag, and gave some money to her son.

"Thank you, mother," he said. "I shall go now. I'll come home for lunch."

Peter left the house and walked down the street to the

station. He waited five minutes for the train. Then, when the train came into the station, and stopped, he got on and sat down near a window.

11. Where did Peter go Yesterday ?
- To school.
 - To Jack's house.
 - To the market.
 - To the town.
12. Who is Jack ?
- Peter's mother.
 - Peter's brother.
 - Peter's teacher.
 - Peter's friend.
13. Where does Jack live ?
- At the station.
 - In Peter's town.
 - In another town.
 - On the train.
14. When did Peter go to see Jack ?
- Before breakfast.
 - After breakfast.
 - After lunch.
 - At noon.
15. How did Peter go to see Jack ?
- By bus.
 - By car.
 - By train.
 - By bicycle.
16. Who is Peter ?
- Jack's father.
 - Jack's son.
 - Mrs. Smith's son.
 - Mrs. Smith's friend.
17. Where did Peter have lunch ?
- At Jack's house.
 - At home.
 - At the station.
 - At the market.
18. Where did the train stop ?
- At the station.
 - At Peter's house.
 - At Jack's house.
 - In the town.
- 19.

19. When did Peter go home ? 20. How did he go to the station ?

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| a/ Before breakfast. | a. On foot. |
| b. After breakfast. | b. By train. |
| c. Before lunch. | c. By bus. |
| d. After lunch. | d. By bicycle. |

III

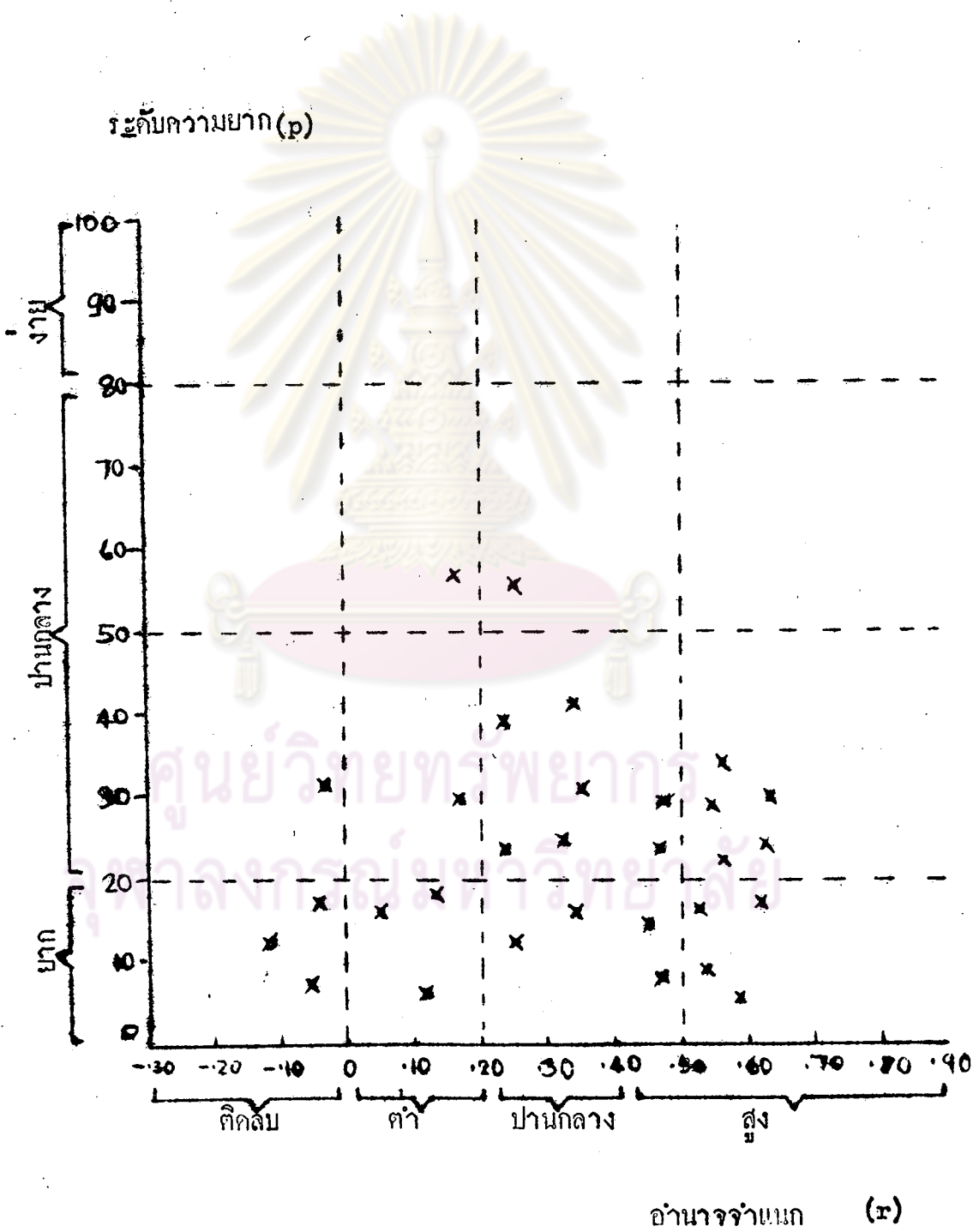
Mr.Sawai was in the tailor shop. Danai and Aree were not in the post office. They were in front of the post office. Where was Mr.Black? He was in the new bank. Are Miss Young and Miss King in the post office now ? No, they are not. They were in the post office, but they are in the repair shop now. Mr. Mr. to Lookrat the bus, It was in front of the post office, but it is in front of the repair shop now. Mr.Wirote was in the repair shop, but he is in the bus now. Where were the two cars ? They were in front of the hotel, but they are in front of the post office now. Mrs.Noree was behind the hotel, but she is in the hotel now.

21. Who was in the post office ? 22. Where are Miss Young and

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| a. Mr.Sawai. | Miss King ? |
| b. Mr.Black. | a. In the tailor shop. |
| c. Danai and Aree. | b. In the repair shop. |
| d. Miss Young and Miss King | c. In the new bank. |
| | d. In the post office. |

23. Where is the bus ?
- In front of the repair shop.
 - In front of the post office.
 - In front of the hotel.
 - In front of the tailor shop.
24. What was behind the hotel ?
- The bus.
 - The cars.
 - The new bank.
 - Nothing.
25. Who is in the bus ?
- Mrs.Noree.
 - Mr..Black.
 - Mr.Wirote.
 - Nobody.
26. How many people are there in the story ?
- 7
 - 8
 - 9
 - 10
27. What is not in the story ?
- The hotel.
 - The tailor shop.
 - The old bank/
 - The post office.
28. Where is Mrs.Noree ?
- In the hotel.
 - Behind the hotel.
 - a and b are right.
 - a and b are wrong.
29. Which is true ?
- Mr. Sawai is in the tailor shop.
 - Mr. Black is in the new bank.
 - Mr.Wirote is in the bus.
 - Miss King is in the post office.
30. Which is true ?
- nobody is in the new bank.
 - Nobody is in the hotel.
 - Nobody is in the bus.
 - Nobody is in the repair shop.

แผนภาพแสดงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก
 Form A Listening Comprehension
 Pretest

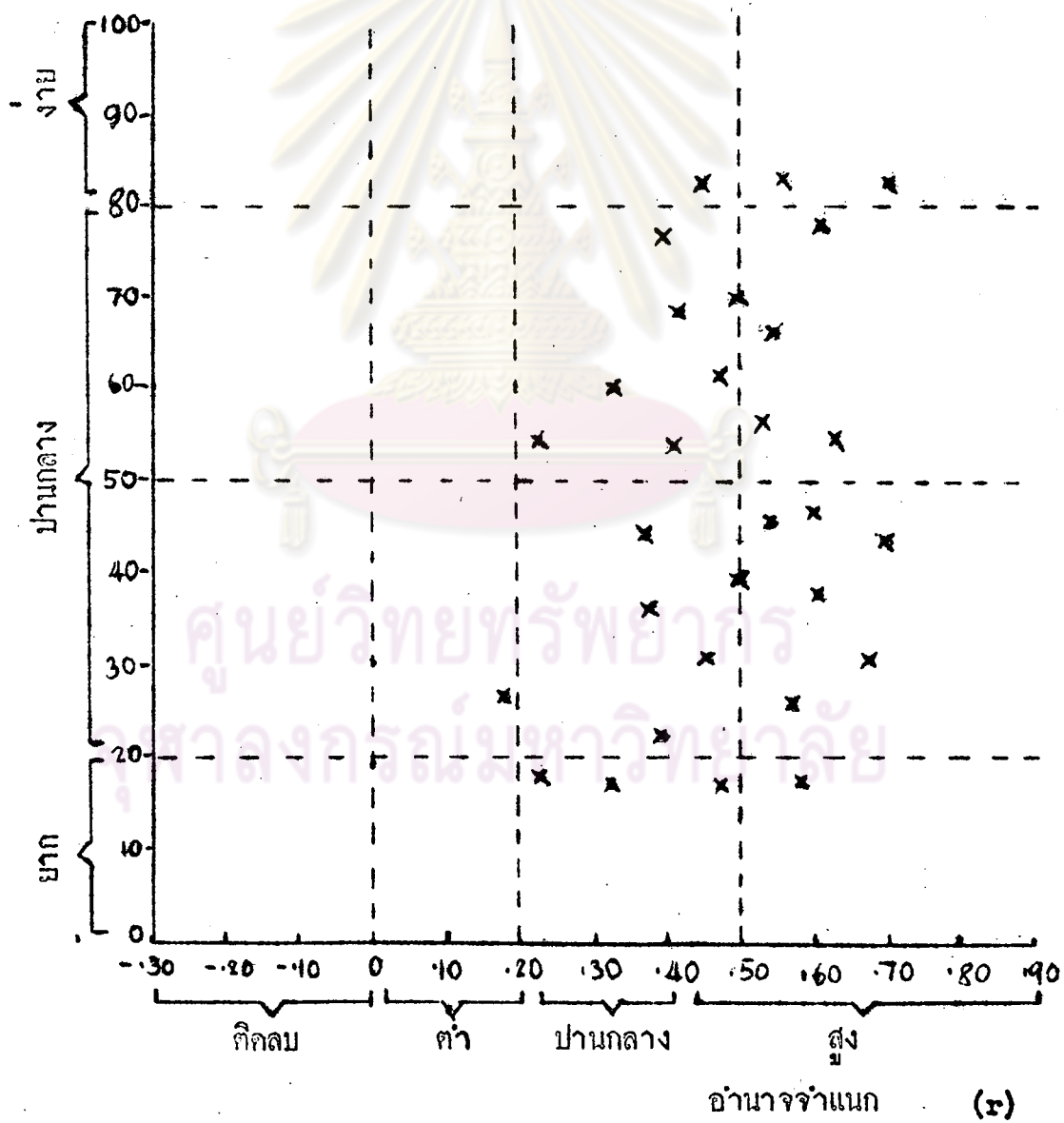


แผนภาพแสดงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก

Form B Listening Comprehension

Post Test

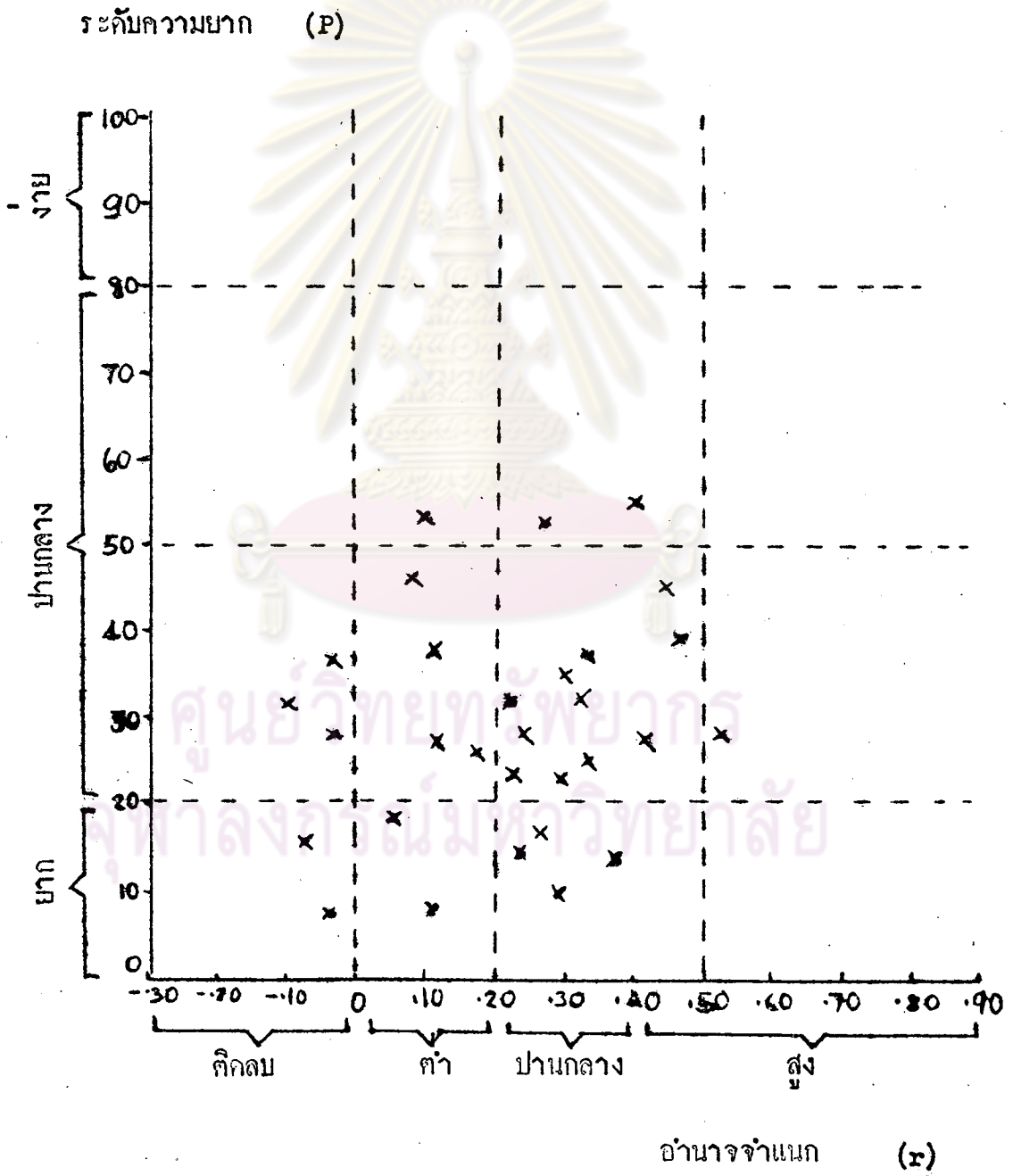
ระดับความยาก (P)



แผนภาพแสดงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก

Form 4. Grammatical Structures

Pretest

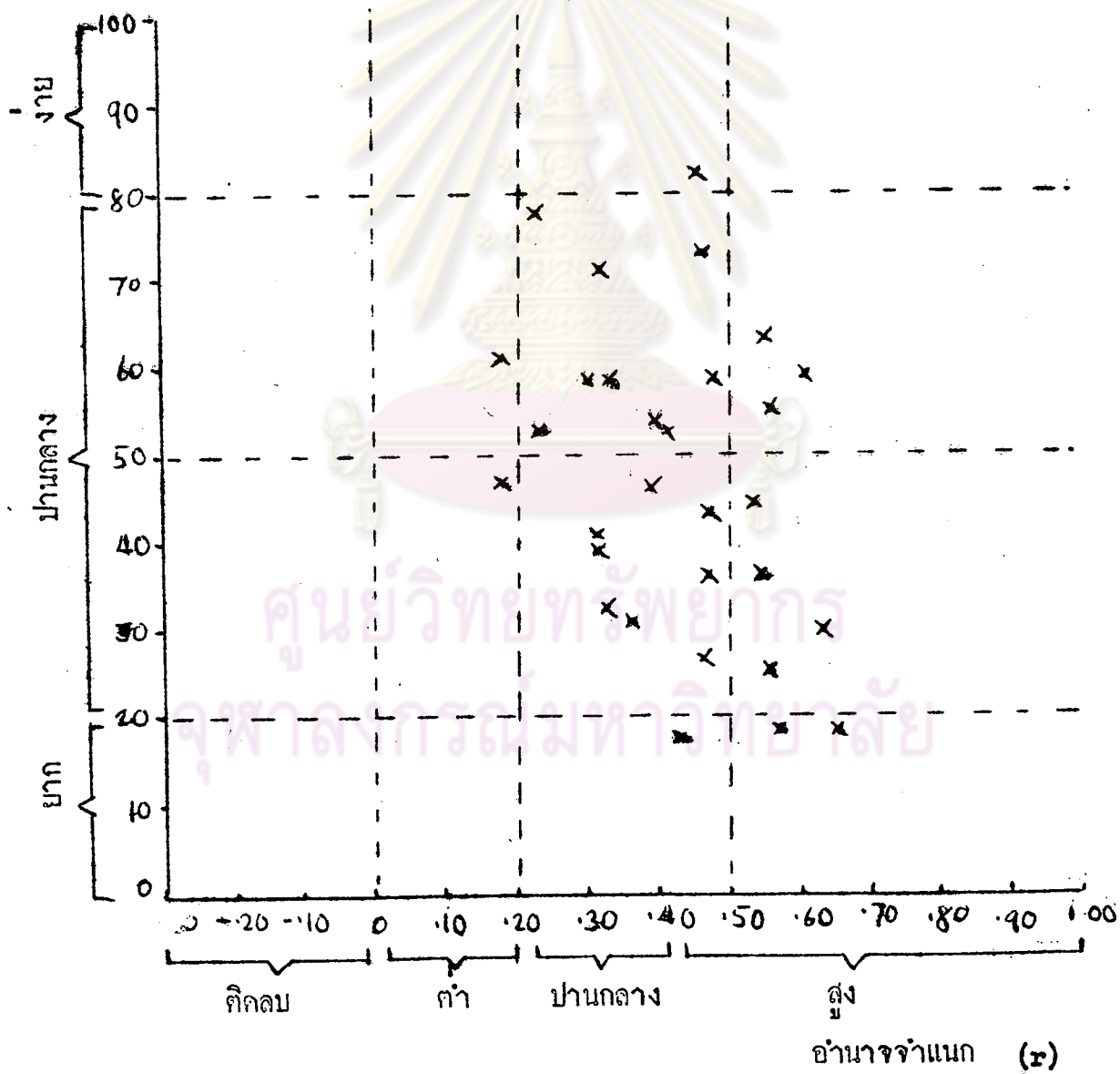


แผนภาพแสดงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก

Form B. Grammatical Structures

Post Test

ระดับความยาก (P)

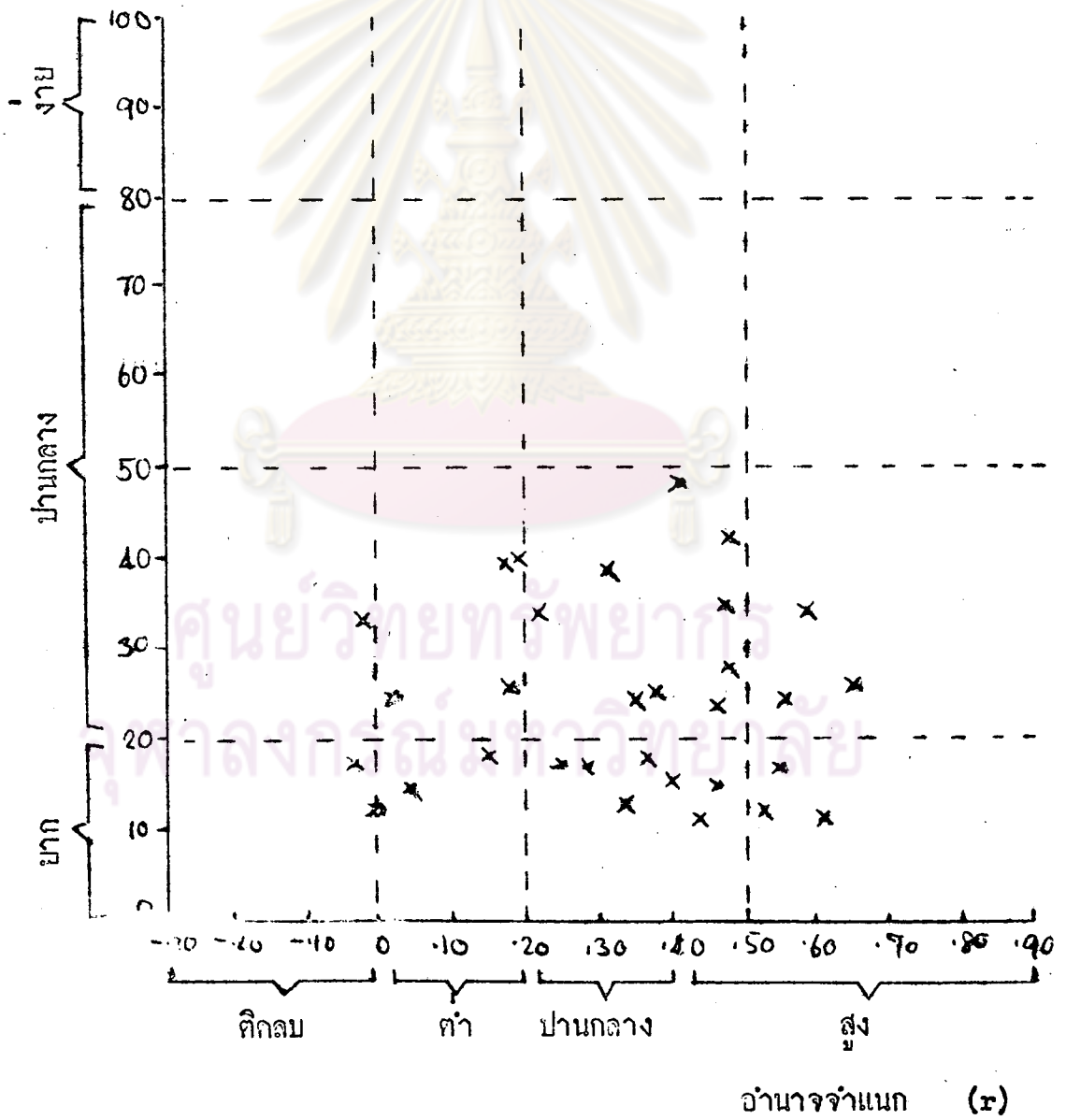


แผนภาพแสดงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก

Form A. Vocabulary

Pretest

ระดับความยาก (P)

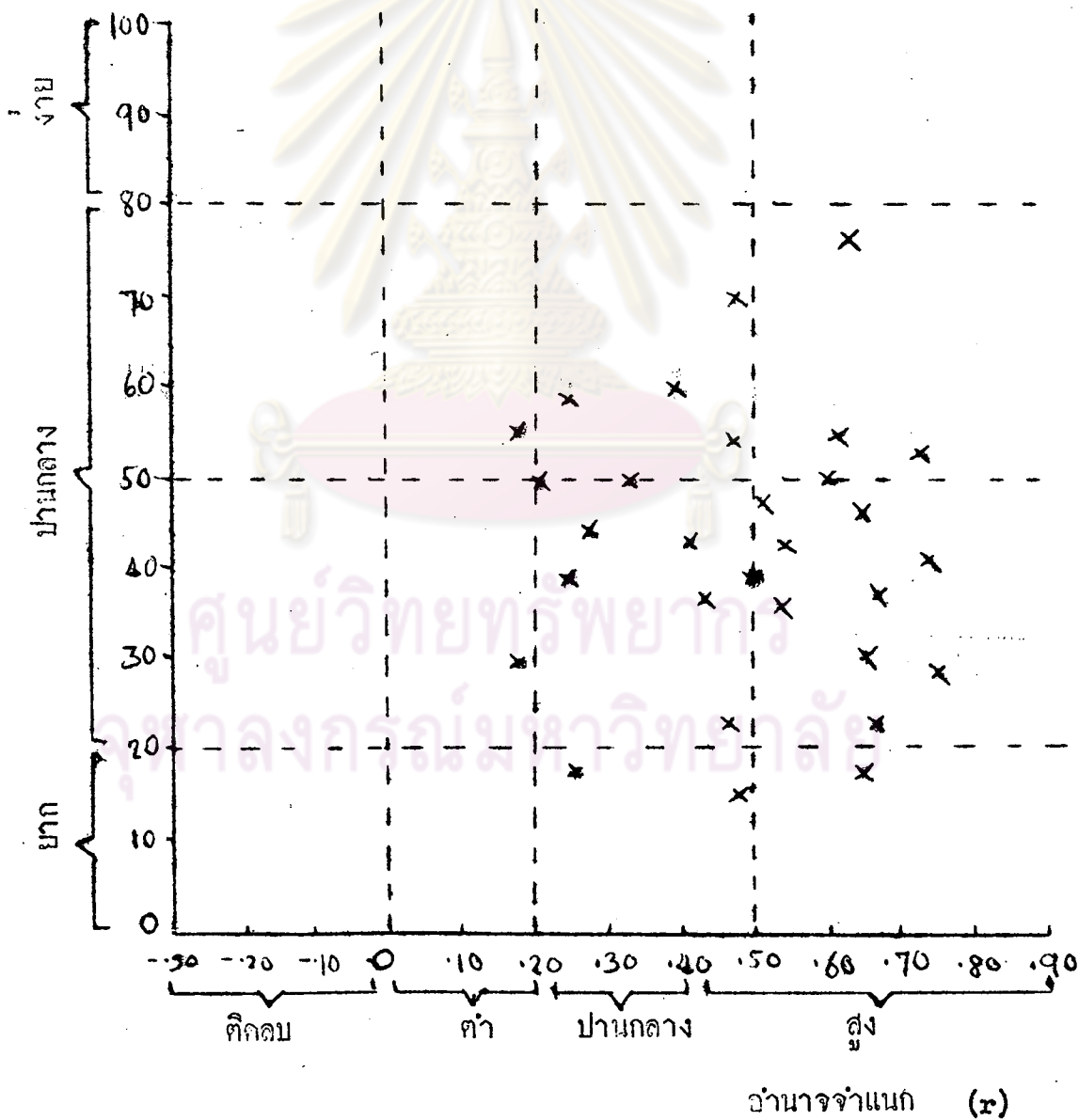


แผนภาพแสดงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก

Form B Vocabulary

Post Test

ระดับความยาก (P)

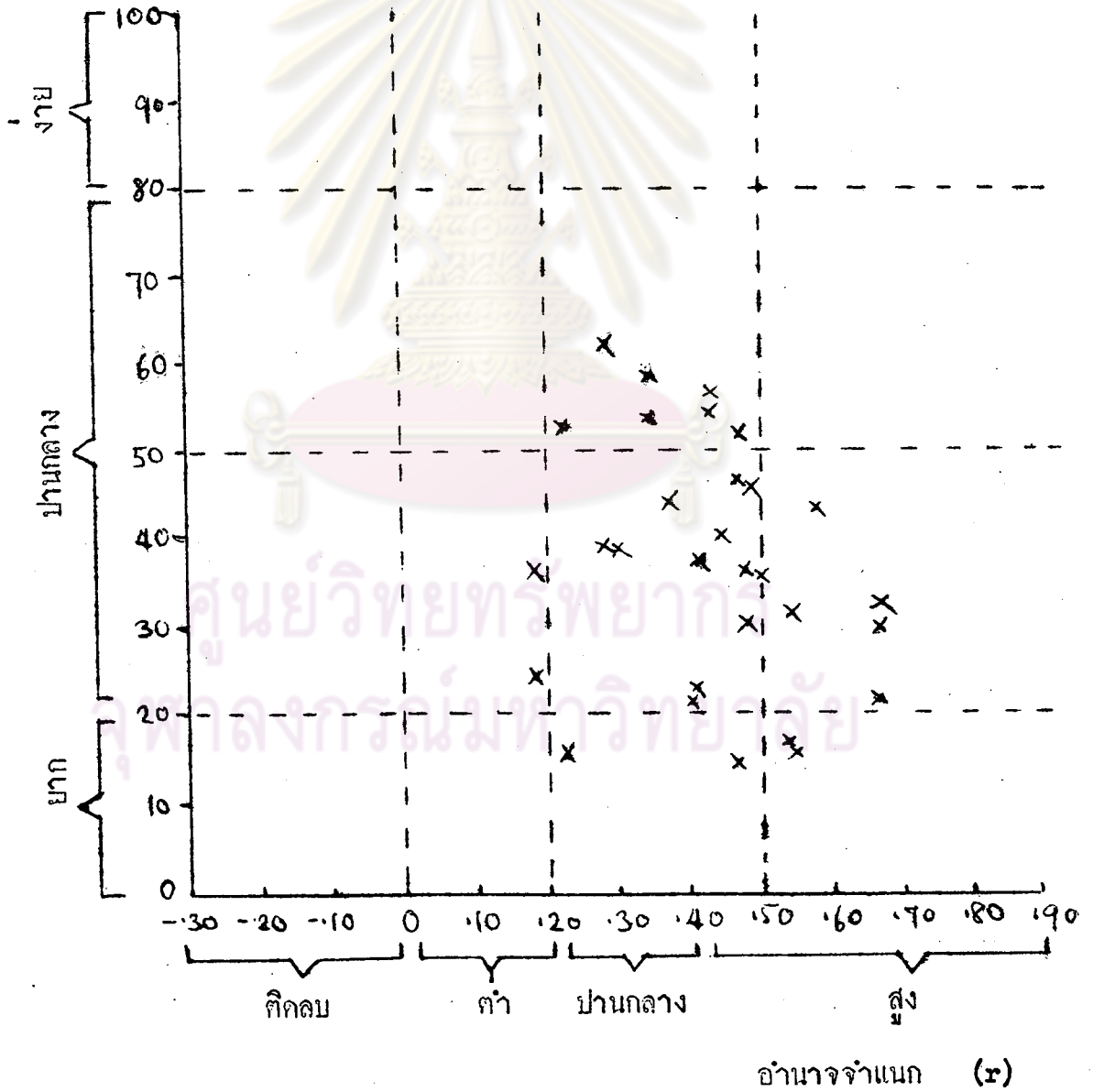


แผนภาพแสดงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก

Form ๔ Reading Comprehension

Pretest

ระดับความยาก (P)

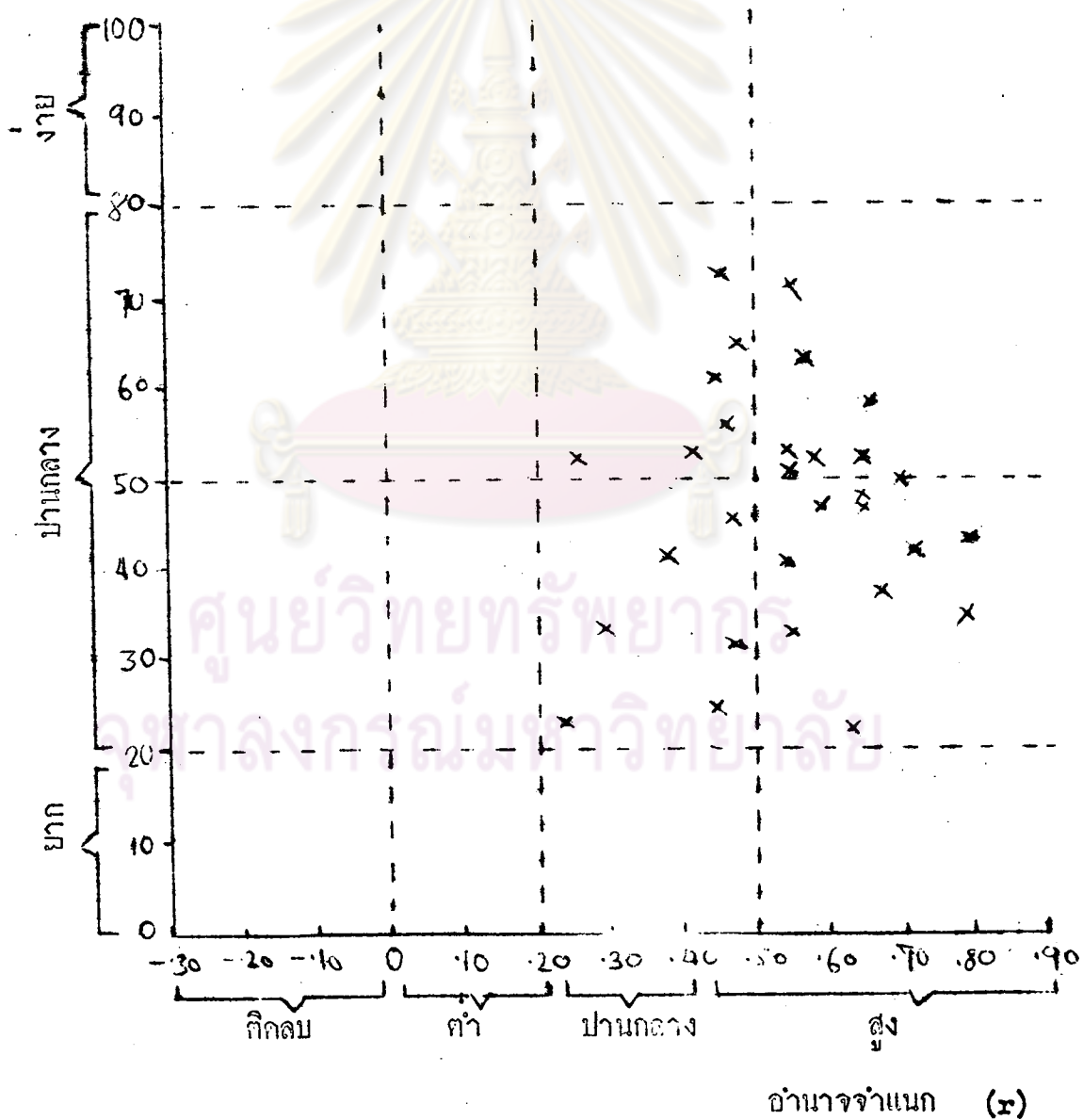


แผนภาพแสดงอำนาจจำแนกและระดับความยาก

Form B Reading Comprehension

Post Test

ระดับความยาก (P)



Pretest 1.1

คะแนน	f	X'	fX'	fX ²
77 - 79	1	7	7	49
74 - 76	0	6	0	0
71 - 73	1	5	5	25
68 - 70	2	4	8	32
65 - 67	1	3	3	9
62 - 64	3	2	6	12
59 - 61	2	1	2	2
56 - 58	4	0	0	0
53 - 55	1	-1	-1	1
50 - 52	3	-2	-6	12
47 - 49	3	-3	-9	27
44 - 46	2	-4	-8	32
41 - 43	2	-5	-10	50
38 - 40	3	-6	-18	108
	N=28		$\sum fX' = -21$	$\sum fX^2 = 359$

$$\bar{X} = X_0 + \frac{\sum fX'}{N}$$

\bar{X} = มัชฌิม เลขคณิต

X_0 = มัชฌิมสมมติ

i = อัตรากว้างชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 37 + \frac{3(-21)}{28}$$

$$= 37 - 2.25$$

$$= 34.75$$

$$S.D = i \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum fx'}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$S.D = \text{ส่วนเบี่ยงเบนมาตรฐาน}$$

$$i = \text{อันตรภาคชั้น}$$

$$N = \text{จำนวนนักเรียน}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{\frac{359}{28} - \left(\frac{-21}{28}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{12.17}$$

$$= 3 \times 3.49$$

$$= 10.47$$

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จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

Pretest 1.2

คะแนน	f	X'	fX'	fX' ²
76 - 78	1	6	6	36
73 - 75	0	5	0	0
70 - 72	1	4	4	16
67 - 69	2	3	6	18
64 - 66	2	2	4	8
61 - 63	2	1	2	2
58 - 60	5	0	0	0
55 - 57	4	-1	-4	4
52 - 54	1	-2	-2	4
49 - 51	2	-3	-6	18
46 - 48	1	-4	-4	16
43 - 45	2	-5	-10	50
40 - 42	3	-6	-18	108
37 - 39	1	-7	-7	49
	N=27		$\sum fX' = -29$	$\sum fX'^2 = 329$

$$\bar{X} = x_0 + \frac{i \sum fX'}{N}$$

\bar{X} = มัชฌิม เลขคณิต

x_0 = มัชฌิมสมมุติ

i = อัตรากว้างชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 59 + \frac{3(-29)}{27}$$

$$= 59 - 3.22$$

$$= 55.78$$

$$S.D = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{N}\right)^2}$$

S.D = ส่วนเบี่ยงเบนมาตรฐาน

i = อัตรากำขึ้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 3 \sqrt{\frac{329}{27} - \left(\frac{-29}{27}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{11.04}$$

$$= 3 \times 3.32$$

$$= 9.96$$

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Pretest 1.3

คะแนน	f	X'	fX'	fX' ²
73 - 75	1	5	5	25
70 - 72	1	4	4	16
67 - 69	1	3	3	9
64 - 66	2	2	4	8
61 - 63	3	1	3	3
58 - 60	5	0	0	0
55 - 57	3	-1	-3	3
52 - 54	2	-2	-4	8
49 - 51	1	-3	-3	9
46 - 48	1	-4	-4	16
43 - 45	3	-5	-15	75
40 - 42	2	-6	-12	72
37 - 39	2	-7	-14	98
	N=27		$\sum fX' = -36$	$\sum fX'^2 = 342$

$$\bar{X} = X_0 + \frac{i \sum fX'}{N}$$

\bar{X} = มัชฌิมเลขคณิต

X_0 = มัชฌิมสมมุติ

i = ชั้นกรภาคชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 59 + 3 \frac{(-36)}{27}$$

$$= 59 - 4$$

$$= 55.00$$

$$S.D = \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$S.D = \sqrt{\text{ส่วนเบี่ยงเบนมาตรฐาน}}$$

$$i = \text{อันตรภาคชั้น}$$

$$N = \text{จำนวนนักเรียน}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{\frac{342}{27} - \left(\frac{-36}{27}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{12.67 - 1.78}$$

$$= 3 \times 3.3$$

$$= 9.90$$

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จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

Pretest 1.4

คะแนน	f	x'	fx'	fx' ²
70 - 72	2	6	12	72
67 - 69	1	5	5	25
64 - 66	0	4	0	0
61 - 63	3	3	9	27
58 - 60	2	2	4	8
55 - 57	4	1	4	4
52 - 54	3	0	0	0
49 - 51	2	-1	-2	2
46 - 48	2	-2	-4	8
43 - 45	4	-3	-12	36
40 - 42	1	-4	-4	16
37 - 39	4	-5	-20	100
34 - 36	1	-6	-6	36
	N=29		$\sum fx' = -14$	$\sum fx'^2 = 334$

$$\bar{X} = x_0 + \frac{i \sum fx'}{N}$$

\bar{X} = มัชฌิมเลขคณิต

x_0 = มัชฌิมสมมุติ

i = อันตรภาคชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 53 + 3 \frac{(-14)}{29}$$

$$= 53 - 1.45$$

$$= 51.55$$

$$S.D = i \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{N}\right)^2}$$

S.D = ส่วนเบี่ยงเบนมาตรฐาน

i = คำนวณภาคพื้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 3 \sqrt{\frac{334}{29} - \left(\frac{-14}{29}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{11.29}$$

$$= 3 \times 3.36$$

$$= 10.08$$

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

Pretest 1.5

คะแนน	f	x'	fx'	fx' ²
68 - 70	2	6	12	72
65 - 67	2	5	10	50
62 - 64	3	4	12	48
59 - 61	5	3	15	45
56 - 58	3	2	6	12
53 - 55	2	1	2	2
50 - 52	2	0	0	0
47 - 49	1	-1	-1	1
44 - 46	2	-2	-4	8
41 - 43	3	-3	-9	27
38 - 40	2	-4	-8	32
35 - 37	2	-5	-10	50
	N=29		$\sum fx' = 25$	$\sum fx'^2 = 347$

$$\bar{x} = x_0 + \frac{\sum fx'}{N}$$

จุดกลางกรมมัธยมศึกษา

x_0 = มัชคณิต

i = อินทภาคชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= \frac{51 + 3(25)}{29}$$

$$= 51 + 2.59$$

$$= 53.59$$

$$S.D = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum x}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{\frac{347}{29} - \left(\frac{25}{29}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{11.97 - 0.74}$$

$$= 3 \times 3.35$$

$$= 10.05$$

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

เปรียบเทียบความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษระหว่างนักเรียนชั้นม.ศ.1.1 กับ 1.2

Pretest

ชั้น	N	\bar{x}	$\sum x^2$
1.1	28	54.75	35721.00
1.2	27	55.78	44563.21

1. ทดสอบภาวะแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง

$$H_0: \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$$

$$\frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_2^2} = \frac{\sum x_1^2}{N_1 - 1} = \frac{35721}{28 - 1} = 1323$$

$$\frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2} = \frac{\sum x_2^2}{N_2 - 1} = \frac{44563.21}{27 - 1} = 1713.97$$

$$df - (26, 27) \quad F = \frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2} = \frac{1713.97}{1323.00} = 1.30$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 และ $df(27, 26)$ F มีค่า 2.50 ค่า F ที่ได้จากการคำนวณ $1.30 < 2.50$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญระหว่างความแตกต่างแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง ตัวอย่างทั้งสองชุดนี้มาจากประชากรที่มีความแปรปรวนเท่ากัน

2. ทดสอบความมีนัยสำคัญของผลต่างของมัธยิมเลขคณิต

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$$

$$\sigma(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x_1^2 + \sum x_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{35721.00 + 44563.21}{28 + 27 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{28} + \frac{1}{27} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{80284.21}{53} \times \frac{55}{756}}$$

$$= \sqrt{10.93}$$

$$= 3.30$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_2 - \bar{X}_1}{\sigma(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2)}$$

$$= \frac{55.78 - 54.75}{3.30}$$

$$= 0.31$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 $df (28+27-2) = 53$ t มีค่า 2.68 ค่า t ที่ได้จากกรคำนวณ $0.31 < 2.68$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญแห่งความแตกต่างระหว่างมัชฌิมเลขคณิตของตัวอย่าง ความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษของนักเรียนทั้งสองห้องจึงไม่แตกต่างกัน

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

เปรียบเทียบความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษระหว่างนักเรียนชั้นม.ศ. 1.1 กับ 1.3

Pretest			
ชั้น	N	\bar{x}	$\sum x^2$
1.1	28	54.75	35721.00
1.3	27	55.00	46225.00

1. ทดสอบภาวะความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง

$$H_0: \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$$

$$\sigma_1^2 = \frac{\sum x_1^2}{N_1 - 1} = \frac{35721}{28 - 1} = 1323$$

$$\sigma_2^2 = \frac{\sum x_2^2}{N_2 - 1} = \frac{46225}{27 - 1} = 1777.88$$

$$df = (26, 27) F = \frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2} = \frac{1777.88}{1323} = 1.34$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 และ df (26, 27) F มีค่า 2.55 ค่า F ที่ได้จากการคำนวณ $1.34 < 2.55$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญระหว่างความแตกต่างแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง ตัวอย่างทั้งสองชุดนี้มาจากประชากรที่มีความแปรปรวนเท่ากัน

2. ทดสอบความมีนัยสำคัญของผลต่างของมัธยฐานเลขคณิต

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$$

$$s(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x_1^2 + \sum x_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{35721 + 46225}{28 + 27 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{28} + \frac{1}{27} \right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{\frac{4507030}{40068}} \\
 &= \sqrt{112.48} \\
 &= 10.60 \\
 t &= \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{\sigma(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2)} \\
 &= \frac{55.00 - 54.75}{10.60} \\
 &= 0.02
 \end{aligned}$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 $df (28+27-2) = 53$ t มีค่า 2.68 ค่า t ที่ได้จากการคำนวณ $0.02 < 2.68$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญแห่งความแตกต่างระหว่างมัธยัมเลขคณิตของตัวอย่าง ความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษของนักเรียนทั้งสองห้องนี้จึง ไม่แตกต่างกัน

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

เปรียบเทียบความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษระหว่างนักเรียนชั้นม.ศ.1.2 กับ 1.3

Pretest			
ชั้น	N	\bar{X}	$\sum x^2$
1.2	27	55.78	44563.21
1.3	27	55.00	46225.00

1. ทดสอบภาวะแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง

$$H_0: \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$$

$$s_1^2 = \frac{\sum x_1^2}{N_1 - 1} = \frac{44563.21}{27 - 1} = 1713.97$$

$$s_2^2 = \frac{\sum x_2^2}{N_2 - 1} = \frac{46225}{27 - 1} = 1777.88$$

$$df = (26, 26) F = \frac{s_2^2}{s_1^2} = \frac{1777.88}{1713.97} = 1.04$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 และ df (26, 26) F มีค่า 2.58 ค่า F ที่ได้จากการคำนวณ 1.04 < 2.58 ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญระหว่างความแตกต่างแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง ตัวอย่างทั้งสองชนนี้มาจากประชากรที่มีความแปรปรวนเท่ากัน

2. ทดสอบความมีนัยสำคัญของผลต่างของมัธยฐานเลขคณิต

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$$

$$s(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x_1^2 + \sum x_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{44563.21 + 46225}{27 + 27 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{27} + \frac{1}{27} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{90788.21}{52} \times \frac{2}{27}}$$

$$= \sqrt{133.71}$$

$$= 11.56$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{s(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2)}$$

$$= \frac{55.78 - 55.00}{11.56}$$

$$= 0.07$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 $df (27+27-2) = 52$ t มีค่า 2.68 ค่า t ที่ได้จากตารางค่า $0.07 < 2.68$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญแห่งความแตกต่างระหว่างมัธยฐานเลขคณิตของตัวอย่าง ความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษของนักเรียนทั้งสองห้องจึงไม่แตกต่างกัน

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

Post Test



Class	Method	Mother tongue	Audio Visual Aids	N	\bar{X}	S.D
1.1	Audio-Lingual Approach	No	Yes	28	91.90	8.13
1.2	Audio-Lingual Approach	A Little	Yes	27	95.33	7.41
1.3	Audio-Lingual Approach	A Little	No	27	87.00	9.21

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

Post Test 1.1

คะแนน	f	X'	fX'	fX' ²
109 - 111	1	5	5	25
106 - 108	1	4	4	16
103 - 105	1	3	3	9
100 - 102	1	2	2	4
97 - 99	3	1	3	3
94 - 96	7	0	0	0
91 - 93	2	-1	-2	2
88 - 90	1	-2	-2	4
85 - 87	6	-3	-18	54
82 - 84	2	-4	-8	32
79 - 81	2	-5	-10	50
76 - 78	1	-6	-6	36
	N=28		$\sum fX' = -29$	$\sum fX'^2 = 235$

$$\bar{X} = X_0 + \frac{i \sum fX'}{N}$$

จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

\bar{X} = มัชฌิมเลขคณิต

X_0 = มัชฌิมสมมติ

i = อัตรากว้างชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 95 + 3 \frac{(-29)}{28}$$

$$= 95 - 3.10$$

$$= 91.90$$

$$S.D = i \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$S.D = \text{ส่วนเบี่ยงเบนมาตรฐาน}$$

$$i = \text{อันตรภาคชั้น}$$

$$N = \text{จำนวนนักเรียน}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{235}{28} - \left(\frac{-29}{28}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{7.32}$$

$$= 3 \times 2.71$$

$$= 8.13$$

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

Post Test 1.2

คะแนน	f	x'	fx'	fx' ²
111 - 113	1	6	6	36
108 - 110	0	5	0	0
105 - 107	1	4	4	16
102 - 104	4	3	12	36
99 - 101	4	2	8	16
96 - 98	3	1	3	3
93 - 95	5	0	0	0
90 - 92	2	-1	-2	2
87 - 89	5	-2	-10	20
84 - 86	0	-3	0	0
81 - 83	1	-4	-4	16
78 - 80	1	-5	-5	25
	N=27		Σ fx' = 12	Σ fx' ² = 170

$$\bar{x} = x_0 + \frac{\sum fx'}{N}$$

$$\bar{x} = \text{มัธยิม เลขคณิต}$$

$$x_0 = \text{มัธยิม สมมติ}$$

$$i = \text{อันตรภาคชั้น}$$

$$N = \text{จำนวนนักเรียน}$$

$$= 94 + \frac{3(12)}{27}$$

$$= 94 + 1.33$$

$$= 95.33$$

$$S.D = i \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{N}\right)^2}$$

S.D = ส่วนเบี่ยงเบนมาตรฐาน

i = อัตรภาคชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 3 \sqrt{\frac{170}{27} - \left(\frac{12}{27}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{6.10}$$

$$= 3 \times 2.47$$

$$= 7.41$$

ศูนย์วิทยฐานะ
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

Post Test 1.3

คะแนน	f	X'	fX'	fX' ²
108 - 110	1	7	7	49
105 - 107	0	6	0	0
102 - 104	1	5	5	25
99 - 101	1	4	4	16
96 - 98	1	3	3	9
93 - 95	3	2	6	12
90 - 92	5	1	5	5
87 - 89	1	0	0	0
84 - 86	2	-1	-2	2
81 - 83	6	-2	-12	24
78 - 80	3	-3	-9	27
75 - 77	1	-4	-4	16
72 - 74	0	-5	0	0
69 - 71	2	-6	-12	72
	N=27		$\sum fX' = -9$	$\sum fX'^2 = 257$

$$\bar{X} = X_0 + \frac{i \sum fX'}{N}$$

\bar{X} = มัชฌิมเลขคณิต

X_0 = มัชฌิมสามัญ

i = อัตรากว้างชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 88 + 3 \frac{(-9)}{27}$$

$$= 88 - 1$$

$$= 87.00$$

$$S.D = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum x}{N}\right)^2}$$

SD = ส่วนเบี่ยงเบนมาตรฐาน

i = อัตราภาคชั้น

N = จำนวนนักเรียน

$$= 3 \sqrt{\frac{257}{27} - \left(\frac{-9}{27}\right)^2}$$

$$= 3 \sqrt{9.41}$$

$$= 3 \times 3.07$$

$$= 9.21$$

ศูนย์วิทยพัชกร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

เปรียบเทียบความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษระหว่างนักเรียนชั้นม.ศ. 1.1 กับ 1.2

Post Test

ชั้น	N	\bar{X}	$\sum X^2$
1.1	28	91.90	36633.96
1.2	27	95.33	28674.65

1. ทดสอบภาวะแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง

$$H_0: \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$$

$$\sigma_1^2 = \frac{\sum X_1^2}{n_1 - 1} = \frac{36633.96}{28 - 1} = 1356.81$$

$$\sigma_2^2 = \frac{\sum X_2^2}{N_2 - 1} = \frac{28674.65}{27 - 1} = 1102.87$$

$$df = (27, 26) \quad F = \frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_2^2} = \frac{1356.81}{1102.87} = 1.23$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 และ df (27, 26) F ปกติ 2.50 ถ้า F ที่ได้จากการคำนวณ $1.23 < 2.50$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญระหว่างความแตกต่างแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่างทั้งสอง ตัวอย่างทั้งสองชุดนี้มาจากประชากรที่มีความแปรปรวนเท่ากัน

2. ทดสอบความมีนัยสำคัญของผลต่างของมัธยฐานเลขคณิต

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$$

$$s(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum X_1^2 + \sum X_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{36633.96 + 28674.65}{28 + 27 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{28} + \frac{1}{27} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{65308.61}{53} \times \frac{55}{756}}$$

$$= \sqrt{89.65}$$

$$= 9.46$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{x}_2 - \bar{x}_1}{\sqrt{s_p^2 \left(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \right)}}$$

$$= \frac{95.33 - 91.90}{9.46}$$

$$= 0.36$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 $df = (28+27-2) = 53$ t มีค่า 2.68
 ค่า t ที่ได้จากการคำนวณ $0.36 < 2.68$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญแห่งความ
 แตกต่าง ระหว่างมีชดเชยผลผลิตของตัวอย่าง ความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษ
 ของนักเรียนทั้งสองห้องจึงไม่ต่างกัน

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
 จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

เปรียบเทียบความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษระหว่างนักเรียนชั้นม.ศ.1.1 กับ 1.3

Post Test			
ชั้น	N	\bar{X}	$\sum \frac{x^2}{N}$
1.1	28	91.90	36633.96
1.3	27	87.00	39601.00

1. ทดสอบภาวะแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง

$$H_0: \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$$

$$\frac{s_1^2}{\sigma_1^2} = \frac{\sum x_1^2}{N_1 - 1} = \frac{36633.96}{28 - 1} = 1356.81$$

$$\frac{s_2^2}{\sigma_2^2} = \frac{\sum x_2^2}{N_2 - 1} = \frac{39601.00}{27 - 1} = 1523.12$$

$$df = (26, 27) \quad F = \frac{s_2^2}{s_1^2} = \frac{1523.12}{1356.81} = 1.12$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 และ df (26, 27) F มีค่า = 2.55 ค่า F ที่ได้จากการคำนวณ $1.12 < 2.55$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญระหว่างความแตกต่างแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง ตัวอย่างทั้งสองชุดนี้มาจากประชากรที่มีความแปรปรวนเท่ากัน

2. ทดสอบความมีนัยสำคัญของผลต่างของมัธยฐานเลขคณิต

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$$

$$s(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x_1^2 + \sum x_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{36633.96 + 39601.00}{28 + 27 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{28} + \frac{1}{27} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{76234.96 \times 55}{53 \times 756}}$$

$$= \sqrt{104.65}$$

$$= 10.44$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{s(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2)}$$

$$= \frac{91.90 - 87.00}{10.44}$$

$$= 0.47$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 $df = (28+27-2) = 53$ t มีค่า 2.68
 ค่า t ที่ได้จากการคำนวณ $0.47 < 2.68$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญแห่งความ
 แตกต่างระหว่างมัธยฐานเลขคณิตของตัวอย่าง ความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษ
 ของนักเรียนทั้งสองห้องจึงไม่แตกต่างกัน

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
 จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

เปรียบเทียบความสามารถทางด้านภาษาอังกฤษระหว่างนักเรียนชั้นม.ศ. 1.2 กับ 1.3

Post Test

ชั้น	N	\bar{X}	$\sum x^2$
1.2	27	95.33	28674.65
1.3	27	87.00	39601.00

1. ทดสอบภาวะแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง

$$H_0: \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$$

$$\sigma_1^2 = \frac{\sum x_1^2}{N_1 - 1} = \frac{28674.65}{27 - 1} = 1102.87$$

$$\sigma_2^2 = \frac{\sum x_2^2}{N_2 - 1} = \frac{39601.00}{27 - 1} = 1523.12$$

$$df = (26, 26) \quad F = \frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2} = \frac{1523.12}{1102.87} = 1.38$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 และ df (26, 26) F มีค่า 2.58 ค่าที่ได้จากการคำนวณ $1.38 < 2.58$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญระหว่างความแตกต่างแห่งความแปรปรวนของตัวอย่าง ตัวอย่างทั้งสองชุดนี้มาจากประชากรที่มีความแปรปรวนเท่ากัน

2. ทดสอบความมีนัยสำคัญของผลต่างของมัธยฐานเลขคณิต

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$$

$$s(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x_1^2 + \sum x_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{28674.65 + 39601.00}{27 + 27 - 2} \left(\frac{1}{27} + \frac{1}{27} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{682751.65}{52} \times \frac{2}{27}}$$

$$= \sqrt{97.26}$$

$$= 9.86$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{s(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2)}$$

$$= \frac{95.33 - 87.00}{9.86}$$

$$= 0.84$$

ที่ระดับความมีนัยสำคัญ .01 $df = (27+27-2) = 52$ t มีค่า 2.68 ค่า t ที่คำนวณได้ $0.84 < 2.68$ ดังนั้นไม่มีนัยสำคัญแห่งความแตกต่างระหว่างมัธยฐานเลขคณิตของตัวอย่าง ความสามารถทางภาษาอังกฤษของนักเรียนทั้งสองห้องจึงไม่แตกต่างกัน

ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

เสียงที่เป็นปัญหา ในหนังสือ English for Thai Students, Experimental

Revision, Book I ตั้งแต่ Unit 10 - 15.

_t, _d

p. 148, 153

_s, _z

_k, _ks

p. 185, 187, 211

_sk, _s

_k, _g, _gz

p. 217

_p, _b, ps, _bz

p. 238

_pt, _bd

p. 241

_p, _f, _v

p. 252

_pt, _ft, _vd

p. 258

_s, _st, _s, _st

p. 269

_p, _b, _v

p. 298

หลักไวยากรณ์ ในหนังสือ English for Thai Students, Experimental
Revision, Book I ตั้งแต่ Unit 10 - 15.

What	does	Mr. _____	_____?	p. 149
		Mrs. _____		
		Miss _____		
	do	_____		
		_____ and _____		

.....

What's	in	the _____?	p. 156
	on		
	under		

.....

What is that ? It's _____

What are those ? It's a _____
 an _____

They are _____

.....

There's some _____	in	the _____
	on	
	under	

There're some _____	in	the _____	p. 157
	on		
	under		

The _____ 's _____ are	is	in	the _____	p. 158
		on		
		under		
		in front of		
		behind		
		next to		
	above			

.....

The _____ has	a	_____	p. 169
	an		
	some		

.....

Does _____ have	a	_____ ?	Yes,	he	does.	p. 159
	an			she		
			No,	he	doesn't.	
				she		

.....

What	do	_____ have ?	
	does		
He	has	a _____ of _____	p. 161
She			
I			
You	have		
They			

What | does | _____ do ?
do

She's | a _____
He's |

p. 162

They're _____

Where | does | he | _____
do | she | work ?
they

p. 162

He | works | at | his | _____
She | her |
They work | the

Where | does | _____ ?
do

He | _____
She | it | _____
I | _____ at _____

p. 162

We | _____ them
They

Where | is | _____ going ?
are

He's _____
 She's _____ going to _____
 They're _____
 She's _____

p. 166

He's _____	goes	there because	he's _____
She's _____			she's _____ a _____
They _____	go		they're _____

.....

The _____ box is a box of _____

p. 167

Who does _____ sit	next to	?
	behind	
	in front of	
	between	

p. 174

He _____	behind	
_____ sits	next to	_____
She _____	in front to	

Where does _____ sit ?

p. 175

He _____ sits at the _____ desk in the _____ row. p. 175

She _____

the _____ 's

It's _____ 's _____ p. 173

They're _____ 's and _____ 's

Is | there any _____ on the | top | shelf ? p. 181
 Are | | middle |
 | | bottom |

No, there | isn't | any p. 182
 | aren't |
 | wasn't |
 | weren't |

Are there any _____ in your _____ ? p. 184

Yes, there is one
 are _____

What | is | _____ ing ?
 | are |

He's

She's

They're

How many _____ of _____ are there on the _____ ? p. 190

Does _____ have a (an) _____ ?

Do _____ have a (an) _____ ?

p. 193

How many _____ s does he have ? p. 206
much _____

How much _____ is there on the _____ ? p. 208
many _____ are

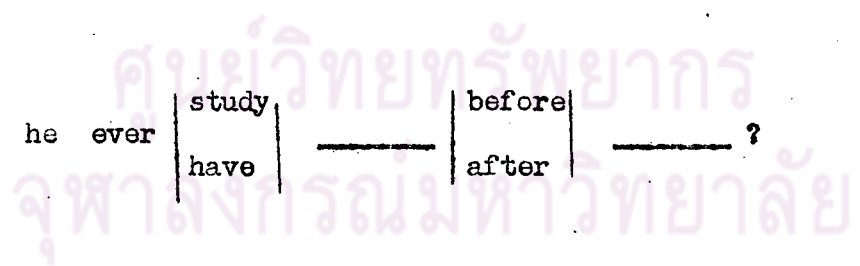
When was _____ and _____ in _____ ? p. 220
were _____ on _____
at
near

Whose _____ is this ? p. 223
that
these
are those

_____ is a holiday because it is _____ p.232

Does he ever study _____ before _____ ? p. 242
have _____ after _____

_____ is always _____
usually
are often _____
sometimes



Where is it ?

p. 265

Where are they ?

It'll be	in	_____
	on	

When will	her	birthday be ?
	his	
	their	

ภาษาไทย ในหนังสือ English for Thai Students, Experimental

Revision Book I ฝึกหัด Unit 10 - 15

A basket, a can, a bowl, a peanut, a beanp.149

To see, to put, to need, rice, milk, rope, strings.....p.151

Toothpaste, tube, ink, a bottle.....p.154

Fish sauce, a plate, paint, water, chalk, paper, salt.....p.155

To have.....p.158

To use, soap, a living room, a bathroom, a bedroom, a kitchen p.163

First, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, a game.....p.167

A son, sugar, coffee, to send, hello, please.....p.168

A shelf, a counter.....p.170

A row.....p.175

Top, middle, bottom, to know, cake.....	p.180
Meat, a piece, ice.....	p.187
Wood, bread, a loaf, a bar, to cut.....	p.188
A dictionary, a tie, a belt, a gun, a coat.....	p.191
A sewing machine, a typewriter, a boxing glove, a wrench..	p.192
A schoolbag, a farm.....	p.193
Dad.....	p.197
A hammer, a number.....	p.199
A library, a football field, a dining hall, a porch.....	p.202
A television, a radio, a refrigerator, a piano, a record player	
A stove.....	p.204
A watch, a flashlight, a camera, thread, pin, a hanger, a button	
A zipper, a needle.....	p.209
Expensive, thin, thick, seventh, eighth, ninth, eleventh, twelfth	
January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September	
October, November, December, a calendar, a date.....	p.211
When.....	p.219
Whose.....	p.223
A menu, soup, curry, iced, ice cream, a soft drink.....	p.226
A pocket, loud, broken.....	p.228
A holiday.....	p.230
For, a picnic, Mom, a sandwich, fruit, pineapple.....	p.233
Hurt.....	p.236
Mask.....	p.240
ever, never.....	p.241

Busy, to wait.....	p.243
Can.....	p.249
To visit	p.251
Toothache.....	p.252
Excuse me.....	p.256
A cupboard, a knife.....	p.262
What's wrong.....	p.266
To stay, free, to take.....	p.267
Will, tomorrow, tonight, next.....	p.270
A birthday, how old, from now, a party.....	p.274
Candy, silk, papaya.....	p.277
To get, a candle.....	p.281
A tail, easy, to cover, to win, fun.....	p.282
A factory, a cannery, a vegetable, hard, fast.....	p.284
A banker, to move, about, to show, grass.....	p.285
To finish.....	p.287
The day before yesterday, ago.....	p.290
To break.....	p.292
An accident, a cast, flying, to leave, to put, careful....	p.292
To meet, to hear, a sailor, a problem, a lesson, a stick, when	p.295

บทสนทนา และ เรื่องสั้น ที่บันทึกไว้ในเครื่องบันทึกเสียง
เพื่อใช้ประกอบกำรทดลองสอน

I

MISS YOUNG : Do you have any duck soup ?

MRS. NOREE : No, I don't. There wasn't any duck at the market
this morning.

MISS YOUNG : All right. I want a plate of rice with chicken
soup and chicken curry.

MRS. NOREE : Is that number seven on the menu ?

MISS YOUNG : Yes, it is. And I want a glass of iced tea ,too.

MRS. NOREE : Is that number nine ?

MISS YOUNG : No, it's number eight.

MRS. NOREE : All right.

MISS YOUNG : Thank you.

II

A : Are there any glasses in the basket ?

B : Yes.

A : How many are there ?

B : There are three.

III

- A : Good morning. May I help you ?
B : Yes, thank you. I need some milk.
A : Do you need a can of milk ?
B : Yes, please.

IV

- A : Excuse me. Do you have any ink ?
B : Yes, I do.
A : May I have some, please ?
B : Yes, you may. Here you are.
A : Thank you.
B : You're welcome.

V

- A : What does Miss King do ?
B : She's a teacher.
A : Is she teaching now ?
B : No, she isn't.
A : What's she doing ?
B : She's cooking.

VI

- THANAT : Excuse me, Miss King.
- MISS KING : Yes, Thanat.
- THANAT : May I go to the nurse's room, please ?
- MISS KING : Why ? What's wrong ?
- THANAT : I have a bad headache. I need some aspirin.
- MISS KING : You may go, Thanat.
- THANAT : Thank you, Miss King.

VII

- WISIT : Where do you keep oranges, Mrs.Lamai ?
- MRS.LAMAI : I keep them in the box next to the mangoes, Wisit.
Put them there.
- WISIT : Where do you keep charcoal ?
- MRS.LAMAI : I keep it on the floor, under the cans of milk.
- WISIT : Where's the milk ? I don't see it.
- MRS.LAMAI : It's in the cans near the door.
- WISIT : Oh! I see them now.

VIII

- MISS KING : Hello, Danai. Are you going to class now ?
- DANAI : Yes, I am, but I'm not going to Thai class.
- MISS KING : Why ? You usually have Thai at 11 o'clock on Thursday.
Where are you going ?
- DANAI : I'm going to history class. Our Thai teacher isn't

at school this morning, but our history teacher is here.

MISS KING : When do you usually study history on Thursday ?

DANAI : At 1.

IX

Danai's family is eating dinner. There are a lot of things on the table. What does Danai have in his hand ? He has a spoon. Does Dusanee have a spoon ? Yes, she does, but her spoon is not in her hand. It is on the table. Mr.Sawai and Mrs.Nida have spoon,too.

Danai has a plate of rice, and his mother and father have plates of rice,too. They are eating the rice with their spoons. Does Aree have a plate ? Yes, she does, but she does not have any rice. Aree has some meat. She is eating the meat with a fork. She has the fork in her hand.

Mr.Sawai has a cup of coffee, but he isn't drinking the coffee now. Danai has a glass of water. Mrs.Nida and Dusanee have glasses, but there is not any water in their glasses. There is a bottle of water in front of Danai.

Danai is talking with his father.

" I need some money," he says. " Do you have any money,Dad?"

"Why do you need money ?" his father asks.

" I am making a box in woodworking class," Danai says. " I don't have any wood. "

" Does your school have any wood ?" his father asks.

" Yes," Danai says, " but our school has small pieces of wood. I need a big piece of wood. Do you have ten baht, Dad ?"

" Yes, his father says. " Here."

" Thanks,Dad. "

X

Nakhon Buri is a town. It has a lot of buildings. It has a hospital, a market, a post office and a secondary school. It has an airport, too. It has two banks, and it has a bus station, too. How many police stations does Nakhon Buri have ? It has one. Does Nakhon Buri have any universities ? No, it doesn't.

Does Nakhon Buri have a lot of shops ? Yes, it does. It has book shops, barber shops, shoe shops and tailor shops.

Nakhon Buri has a big park,too. The park has many trees and hills. Does the park have any shops ? No, it doesn't.

Does Nakhon Buri have many people ? Yes, it does. It has a lot of houses. It has a lot of small houses, but it doesn't have any big houses.

XI

Lek was in the hospital. He had a broken leg. He broke his leg. He had an accident with his airplane in a field near the airport. That was his second accident. The first was in the park. The first accident was not bad, but the second accident was bad.

Lek broke his leg in the second accident. Mr. Wirote took him to the hospital, and Dr. Damrong put a cast on his broken leg. Mr. Young went to the hospital. He took some flowers and some cake to Lek.



ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

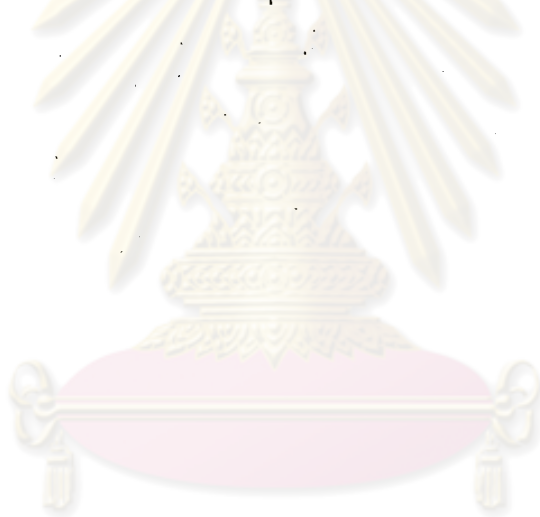
ประวัติการศึกษา



ชื่อ

นายวีระ วิจบ

วุฒิทางการศึกษา การศึกษามัธยมศึกษา วิทยาลัยวิชาการศึกษา
มหาสารคาม ปีการศึกษา 2514
สถานที่ทำงาน วิทยาลัยครูบุรีรัมย์ อำเภอเมือง
จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์



ศูนย์วิทยทรัพยากร
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย