

รายการอ้างอิง

ภาษาไทย

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สำนักพิมพ์จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย, 2537.

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ภาคผนวก

ภาคผนวก ก

รายละเอียดของโปรแกรม STOKES

รายละเอียดของโปรแกรม STOKES

โปรแกรม STOKES จะมีรายละเอียดเริ่มจากโปรแกรมหลักและตามด้วย โปรแกรมย่อยต่างๆทั้งหมดดังนี้

```
C   PROGRAM STOKES
C
C   A FINITE ELEMENT COMPUTER PROGRAM FOR SOLVING THE STOKES
C   EQUATIONS OF VISCOUS INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW WITHOUT INERTIA
C
C   THE VALUES DECLARED IN THE PARAMETER STATEMENT BELOW SHOULD
C   BE ADJUSTED ACCORDING TO THE SIZE OF THE PROBLEMS AND TYPES
C   OF COMPUTERS:
C       MXPOIV = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VELOCITY NODES IN THE MODEL
C       MXPOIP = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PRESSURE NODES IN THE MODEL
C       MXELE  = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN THE MODEL
C
C   PARAMETER (MXPOIV=35, MXPOIP=12, MXELE=12, MXFREE=1)
C   PARAMETER (MXNEQ=2*MXPOIV+MXPOIP)
C
C   IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
C   DIMENSION COORD(MXPOIV,2), TEXT(20)
C   DIMENSION UVEL(MXPOIV), VVEL(MXPOIV), PRES(MXPOIV)
C   DIMENSION SYSK(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), SYSR(MXNEQ), SOL(MXNEQ)
C   CHARACTER*20 NAME1, NAME2
C
C   INTEGER INTMAT(MXELE,6), INTMATF(MXFREE,4)
C   INTEGER IBCU(MXPOIV), IBCV(MXPOIV), IBCP(MXPOIV)
C
C   10 WRITE(6,20)
C   20 FORMAT(/,' PLEASE ENTER THE INPUT FILE NAME:', /)
C   READ(5,'(A)',ERR=10) NAME1
C   OPEN(UNIT=7, FILE=NAME1, STATUS='OLD', ERR=10)
C   OPEN(UNIT=9, FILE='CHECK.OUT', STATUS='NEW')
C
C   READ TITLE OF COMPUTATION:
C
C   READ(7,*) NLines
C   DO 100 ILine=1,NLines
C   READ(7,1) TEXT
C   1 FORMAT(20A4)
C 100 CONTINUE
C
C   READ INPUT DATA:
C
C   READ(7,1) TEXT
C   WRITE(9,104)
C 104 FORMAT(' NPOIV NPOIP NELEM NFREE')
C   READ(7,*) NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE
C   WRITE(9,105) NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE
C 105 FORMAT(4I8)
```

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      IF(NPOIV.GT.MXPOIV) WRITE(6,110) NPOIV
110  FORMAT(/,' PLEASE INCREASE THE PARAMETER MXPOIV TO',I5)
      IF(NPOIV.GT.MXPOIV) STOP
      IF(NPOIP.GT.MXPOIP) WRITE(6,120) NPOIP
120  FORMAT(/,' PLEASE INCREASE THE PARAMETER MXPOIP TO',I5)
      IF(NPOIP.GT.MXPOIP) STOP
      IF(NELEM.GT.MXELE) WRITE(6,130) NELEM
130  FORMAT(/,' PLEASE INCREASE THE PARAMETER MXELE TO',I5)
      IF(NELEM.GT.MXELE) STOP
      IF(NFREE.GT.MXFREE) WRITE(6,140) NFREE
140  FORMAT(/,' PLEASE INCREASE THE PARAMETER MXFREE TO',I5)
      IF(NFREE.GT.MXFREE) STOP
C
C   READ FLUID PROPERTIES:
C
      READ(7,1) TEXT
      WRITE(9,134)
134  FORMAT('      DENSITY   VISCOSITY')
      READ(7,*) DEN, VIS
      WRITE(9,135) DEN, VIS
135  FORMAT(2E12.4)
C
C   READ NODAL COORDINATES, BOUNDARY CONDITIONS, THEIR VALUES:
C   REQUIREMENT: MAIN NODES MUST BE NUMBERED FIRST
C
      READ(7,1) TEXT
      WRITE(9,138) NPOIV
138  FORMAT(' NODAL INFORMATION (NODE NO., U-V-P BC, X-Y COORD,',
*      ' U-V-P VALUES): [' , I4, ']' )
      DO 150 IP=1,NPOIV
      READ(7,*) I, IBCU(I), IBCV(I), IBCP(I),
*             (COORD(I,K), K=1,2), UVEL(I), VVEL(I), PRES(I)
      WRITE(9,152) I, IBCU(I), IBCV(I), IBCP(I),
*             (COORD(I,K), K=1,2), UVEL(I), VVEL(I), PRES(I)
152  FORMAT(I6, 3I4, 5E12.4)
      IF(I.NE.IP) WRITE(6,155) IP
155  FORMAT(/,' NODE NO.', I5, ' IN DATA FILE IS MISSING')
      IF(I.NE.IP) STOP
150  CONTINUE
C
C   READ ELEMENT NODAL CONNECTIONS:
C
      READ(7,1) TEXT
      WRITE(9,157) NELEM
157  FORMAT(' ELEMENT NODAL CONNECTIONS: [' , I4, ']' )
      DO 160 IE=1,NELEM
      READ(7,*) I, (INTMAT(I,J), J=1,6)
      WRITE(9,162) I, (INTMAT(I,J), J=1,6)
162  FORMAT(7I8)
      IF(I.NE.IE) WRITE(6,165) IE
165  FORMAT(/,' ELEMENT NO.', I5, ' IN DATA FILE IS MISSING')
      IF(I.NE.IE) STOP
160  CONTINUE
C
C   READ FREE BOUNDARY (FLOW EXIT) INFORMATION:
C
      READ(7,1) TEXT
      WRITE(9,168) NFREE
168  FORMAT(' OUTFLOW INFORMATION (ELE NO., 3 NODE NO.): [' ,
*      I4, ']' )
      DO 170 IB=1,NFREE
      READ(7,*) (INTMATF(IB,J), J=1,4)
      WRITE(9,172) (INTMATF(IB,J), J=1,4)
172  FORMAT(4I8)

```

```

170 CONTINUE
C
  NEQ = 2*NPOIV + NPOIP
  DO 180 I=1,NEQ
    SYSR(I) = 0.
180 CONTINUE
  DO 190 I=1,NEQ
    DO 190 J=1,NEQ
      SYSK(I,J) = 0.
190 CONTINUE
C
  WRITE(6,220) NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE
220 FORMAT(/, ' *** THE FINITE ELEMENT MODEL CONSISTS OF:', /;
*           '          NUMBER OF VELOCITY NODES      =', I6, /;
*           '          NUMBER OF PRESSURE NODES       =', I6, /;
*           '          NUMBER OF ELEMENTS             =', I6, /;
*           '          NUMBER OF OUTFLOW BOUNDARY     =', I6, )
C
C   ESTABLISH ALL ELEMENT MATRICES AND ASSEMBLE THEM TO FORM
C   FORM UP SYSTEM EQUATIONS
C
  WRITE(6,230)
230 FORMAT(/, ' *** ESTABLISHING ELEMENT MATRICES AND',
*           ' ASSEMBLING ELEMENT EQUATIONS ***' )
  CALL TRI(NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE, NEQ,
*         DEN, VIS, COORD, INTMAT, INTMATF,
*         SYSK, SYSR, MXPOIV, MXELE, MXFREE, MXNEQ)
C
C   APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS OF NODAL VELOCITIES AND PRESSURE
C
  WRITE(6,240)
240 FORMAT(/, ' *** APPLYING BOUNDARY CONDITIONS OF NODAL',
*           ' VELOCITIES AND PRESSURES ***' )
  CALL APPLYBC(NPOIV, NPOIP, NEQ, IBCU, IBCV, IBCP,
*            SYSK, SYSR, UVEL, VVEL, PRES, MXPOIV,
*            MXPOIP, MXNEQ )
C
C   SOLVE A SET OF SIMULTANEOUS SYSTEM EQUATIONS FOR SOLUTIONS
C
  WRITE(6,250)
250 FORMAT(/, ' *** SOLVING A SET OF SIMULTANEOUS EQS. FOR',
*           ' VELOCITY AND PRESSURE SOLUTIONS ***' )
  WRITE(6,260) NEQ
260 FORMAT(5X, '( TOTAL OF', I5, ' EQUATIONS TO BE SOLVED )')
  CALL GAUSS(NEQ, SYSK, SYSR, SOL, MXNEQ)
C
C   PRINT OUT SOLUTIONS OF NODAL VELOCITIES AND PRESSURES:
C
270 WRITE(6,280)
280 FORMAT(/, ' PLEASE ENTER FILE NAME FOR VELOCITY & PRESSURE',
*           ' SOLUTIONS:', / )
  READ(5, '(A)', ERR=270) NAME2
  OPEN(UNIT=8, FILE=NAME2, STATUS='NEW', ERR=270)
  WRITE(8,290) NPOIV
290 FORMAT(' NODAL VELOCITY AND PRESSURE SOLUTIONS [, I5,']:',
*         //, 2X, 'NODE', 6X, 'U-VELOCITY', 6X, 'V-VELOCITY',
*         8X, 'PRESSURE', / )
C
C   ROUND-OFF SOLUTION VALUES FOR NEAT OUTPUT:
C
  ROFF = 1.E-6
  DO 295 IEQ=1,NEQ
    IF(SOL(IEQ).LT.ABS(ROFF)) SOL(IEQ) = 0.
295 CONTINUE

```

```

C
DO 300 IP=1,NPOIP
  IEQU = IP
  IEQV = NPOIV + IP
  IEQP = 2*NPOIV + IP
  WRITE(8,310) IP, SOL(IEQU), SOL(IEQV), SOL(IEQP)
310 FORMAT(I6, 3E16.6)
300 CONTINUE
DO 320 IP=NPOIP+1,NPOIV
  IEQU = IP
  IEQV = NPOIV + IP
  WRITE(8,330) IP, SOL(IEQU), SOL(IEQV)
330 FORMAT(I6, 2E16.6)
320 CONTINUE

C
  STOP
  END

C
C-----
C
SUBROUTINE APPLYBC(NPOIV, NPOIP, NEQ, IBCU, IBCV, IBCP,
*                 SYSK, SYSR, UVEL, VVEL, PRES, MXPOIV,
*                 MXPOIP, MXNEQ
)

C
C  APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR NODAL VELOCITIES AND PRESSURES
C  WITH CONDITION CODES OF:
C      0 = FREE TO CHANGE (TO BE COMPUTED)
C      1 = FIXED AS SPECIFIED
C
C  IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
C  DIMENSION SYSK(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), SYSR(MXNEQ)
C  DIMENSION UVEL(MXPOIV), VVEL(MXPOIV), PRES(MXPOIV)
C
C  INTEGER IBCU(MXPOIV), IBCV(MXPOIV), IBCP(MXPOIV)
C
C  APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR NODAL U-VELOCITIES:
C
C  IEQ1 = 1
C  IEQ2 = NPOIV
C  DO 100 IEQ=IEQ1,IEQ2
C  IEQU = IEQ
C  IF(BCU(IEQU).EQ.0) GO TO 100
C
C  DO 110 IR=1,NEQ
C  IF(IR.EQ.IEQ) GO TO 110
C  SYSR(IR) = SYSR(IR) - SYSK(IR,IEQ)*UVEL(IEQU)
C  SYSK(IR,IEQ) = 0.
110 CONTINUE
C
C  DO 120 IC=1,NEQ
C  SYSK(IEQ,IC) = 0.
120 CONTINUE
C  SYSK(IEQ,IEQ) = 1.
C  SYSR(IEQ) = UVEL(IEQU)
C
C  100 CONTINUE
C
C  APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR NODAL V-VELOCITIES:
C
C  IEQ1 = NPOIV + 1
C  IEQ2 = 2*NPOIV
C  DO 200 IEQ=IEQ1,IEQ2
C  IEQV = IEQ - NPOIV
C  IF(BCV(IEQV).EQ.0) GO TO 200

```

```

C
DO 210 IR=1,NEQ
IF(IR.EQ.IEQ) GO TO 210
SYSR(IR) = SYSR(IR) - SYSK(IR,IEQ)*VVEL(IEQV)
SYSK(IR,IEQ) = 0.
210 CONTINUE
C
DO 220 IC=1,NEQ
SYSK(IEQ,IC) = 0.
220 CONTINUE
SYSK(IEQ,IEQ) = 1.
SYSR(IEQ) = VVEL(IEQV)
C
200 CONTINUE
C
C
C APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR NODAL PRESSURES:
C
C
C IEQ1 = 2*NPOIV + 1
C IEQ2 = NEQ
C DO 300 IEQ=IEQ1,IEQ2
C IEQP = IEQ - 2*NPOIV
C IF(IBCP(IEQP).EQ.0) GO TO 300
C
C
C DO 310 IR=1,NEQ
C IF(IR.EQ.IEQ) GO TO 310
C SYSR(IR) = SYSR(IR) - SYSK(IR,IEQ)*PRES(IEQP)
C SYSK(IR,IEQ) = 0.
310 CONTINUE
C
C
C DO 320 IC=1,NEQ
C SYSK(IEQ,IC) = 0.
320 CONTINUE
C SYSK(IEQ,IEQ) = 1.
C SYSR(IEQ) = PRES(IEQP)
C
C
C 300 CONTINUE
C
C
C RETURN
C END
C
C-----
C
C SUBROUTINE ASSMBLE( IE, INTMAT, AKELE, RELE, SYSK, SYSR,
C * NPOIV, NEQ, NELEM, MXNEQ, MXELE )
C
C ASSEMBLE ELEMENT EQUATIONS INTO SYSTEM EQUATIONS
C
C IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
C DIMENSION AKELE(15,15), RELE(15)
C DIMENSION SYSK(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), SYSR(MXNEQ)
C
C INTEGER INTMAT(MXELE,6)
C
C ASSEMBLING SYSTEM STIFFNESS MATRIX
C
C CONTRIBUTION OF COEFFICIENTS ASSOCIATED WITH U & V VELOCITIES:
C
C DO 100 I=1,6
C DO 100 J=1,6
C II = INTMAT(IE,I)
C JJ = INTMAT(IE,J)
C K = I + 6
C L = J + 6
C KK = NPOIV + II

```



```

LL = NPOIV + JJ
SYSK(II, JJ) = SYSK(II, JJ) + AKELE(I, J)
SYSK(II, LL) = SYSK(II, LL) + AKELE(I, L)
SYSK(KK, JJ) = SYSK(KK, JJ) + AKELE(K, J)
SYSK(KK, LL) = SYSK(KK, LL) + AKELE(K, L)

```

```
100 CONTINUE
```

```
C
C
C
```

```
CONTRIBUTION OF COEFFICIENTS ASSOCIATED WITH PRESSURE:
```

```

DO 200 I=1,6
DO 200 J=1,3
II = INTMAT(IE, I)
JJ = INTMAT(IE, J)
K = I + 6
L = J + 12
KK = NPOIV + II
LL = 2*NPOIV + JJ
SYSK(II, LL) = SYSK(II, LL) + AKELE(I, L)
SYSK(KK, LL) = SYSK(KK, LL) + AKELE(K, L)
SYSK(LL, II) = SYSK(LL, II) + AKELE(L, I)
SYSK(LL, KK) = SYSK(LL, KK) + AKELE(L, K)

```

```
200 CONTINUE
```

```
C
C
C
C
C
```

```
ASSEMBLING SYSTEM LOAD VECTOR
```

```
CONTRIBUTION OF VALUES ASSOCIATED WITH U & V VELOCITIES:
```

```

DO 300 I=1,6
II = INTMAT(IE, I)
K = I + 6
KK = NPOIV + II
SYSR(II) = SYSR(II) + RELE(I)
SYSR(KK) = SYSR(KK) + RELE(K)

```

```
300 CONTINUE
```

```
C
C
C
```

```
CONTRIBUTION OS VALUES ASSOCIATED WITH PRESSURE:
```

```

DO 400 I=1,3
II = INTMAT(IE, I)
K = I + 12
KK = 2*NPOIV + II
SYSR(KK) = SYSR(KK) + RELE(K)

```

```
400 CONTINUE
```

```
C
C
C
```

```
RETURN
END
```

```
C
C
C
```

```

SUBROUTINE GAUSS(N, A, B, X, MXNEQ)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H, O-Z)
DIMENSION A(MXNEQ, MXNEQ), B(MXNEQ), X(MXNEQ)

```

```
C
C
C
```

```
PERFORM SCALING:
```

```
CALL SCALE(N, A, B, MXNEQ)
```

```
C
C
C
C
```

```
FORWARD ELIMINATION:
```

```
PERFORM ACCORDING TO ORDER OF 'PRIME' FROM 1 TO N-1:
```

```
C
C
C
C
```

```
DO 100 IP=1, N-1
```

```

      CALL PIVOT(N, A, B, MXNEQ, IP)
C
C   LOOP OVER EACH EQUATION STARTING FROM THE ONE THAT CORRESPONDS
C   WITH THE ORDER OF 'PRIME' PLUS ONE:
C
      DO 200 IE=IP+1,N
      RATIO = A(IE,IP)/A(IP,IP)
C
C   COMPUTE NEW COEFFICIENTS OF THE EQUATION CONSIDERED:
C
      DO 300 IC=IP+1,N
      A(IE,IC) = A(IE,IC) - RATIO*A(IP,IC)
- 300 CONTINUE
      B(IE) = B(IE) - RATIO*B(IP)
200 CONTINUE
C
C   SET COEFFICIENTS ON LOWER LEFT PORTION TO ZERO:
C
      DO 400 IE=IP+1,N
      A(IE,IP) = 0.
400 CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE
C
C   BACK SUBSTITUTION:
C
C   COMPUTE SOLUTION OF THE LAST EQUATION:
C
      X(N) = B(N)/A(N,N)
C
C   THEN COMPUTE SOLUTIONS FROM EQUATION N-1 TO 1:
C
      DO 500 IE=N-1,1,-1
      SUM = 0.
      DO 600 IC=IE+1,N
      SUM = SUM + A(IE,IC)*X(IC)
600 CONTINUE
      X(IE) = (B(IE) - SUM)/A(IE,IE)
500 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
C
C-----
C
      SUBROUTINE PIVOT(N, A, B, MXNEQ, IP)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
      DIMENSION A(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), B(MXNEQ)
C
C   PERFORM PARTIAL PIVOTING:
C
      JP = IP
      BIG = ABS(A(IP,IP))
      DO 10 I=IP+1,N
      AMAX = ABS(A(I,IP))
      IF(AMAX.GT.BIG) THEN
          BIG = AMAX
          JP = I
      ENDIF
10 CONTINUE
      IF(JP.NE.IP) THEN
          DO 20 J=IP,N
          DUMY = A(JP,J)
          A(JP,J) = A(IP,J)
          A(IP,J) = DUMY
20 CONTINUE

```

```

DUMY = B(JP)
B(JP) = B(IP)
B(IP) = DUMY
ENDIF
RETURN
END

```

C
C-----
C

```

SUBROUTINE SCALE(N, A, B, MXNEQ)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION A(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), B(MXNEQ)

```

C
C
C

```

PERFORM SCALING:

```

```

DO 10 IE=1,N
BIG = ABS(A(IE,1))
DO 20 IC=2,N
AMAX = ABS(A(IE,IC))
IF (AMAX.GT.BIG) BIG = AMAX
20 CONTINUE
DO 30 IC=1,N
A(IE,IC) = A(IE,IC)/BIG
30 CONTINUE
B(IE) = B(IE)/BIG
10 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

C
C-----
C

```

SUBROUTINE MULMAT(A, B, C, I, J, K)

```

C
C
C

```

PERFORM MATRIX MULTIPLICATION: [C(I,K)] = [A(I,J)] [B(J,K)]

```

```

IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION A(I,J), B(J,K), C(I,K)

```

C

```

DO 10 IR=1,I
DO 10 IC=1,K
C(IR,IC) = 0.
DO 20 IS=1,J
C(IR,IC) = C(IR,IC) + A(IR,IS)*B(IS,IC)
20 CONTINUE
10 CONTINUE

```

C

```

RETURN
END

```

C
C-----
C

```

SUBROUTINE TRI(NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE, NEQ,
*           DEN, VIS, COORD, INTMAT, INTMATF,
*           SYSK, SYSR, MXPOIV, MXELE, MXFREE, MXNEQ)

```

C
C
C
C

```

ESTABLISH ALL ELEMENT MATRICES AND ASSEMBLE THEM TO FORM
UP SYSTEM EQUATIONS

```

```

IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION COORD(MXPOIV,2), SYSK(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), SYSR(MXNEQ)
DIMENSION A(6,6), B(3,6), C(3,6), G(3,3)
DIMENSION AT(6,6), BT(6,3), CT(6,3)
DIMENSION P66(6,6), P36(3,6), Q36(3,6), P63(6,3)
DIMENSION AK11(6,6), AK22(6,6), AK12(6,6), AK21(6,6)

```

```

DIMENSION AL1(6,3), AL2(6,3), AL1T(3,6), AL2T(3,6)
DIMENSION AKELE(15,15), RELE(15)
C
INTEGER INTMAT(MXELE,6), INTMATF(MXFREE,4)
C
C SET UP [A] MATRIX:
C
DO 10 I=1,6
DO 10 J=1,6
A(I,J) = 0.
10 CONTINUE
A(1,1) = 1.
A(2,2) = 1.
A(3,3) = 1.
A(4,4) = 4.
A(5,5) = 4.
A(6,6) = 4.
A(4,2) = -1.
A(4,3) = -1.
A(5,1) = -1.
A(5,3) = -1.
A(6,1) = -1.
A(6,2) = -1.
C
C ALSO COMPUTE [A] TRANSPOSE:
C
DO 20 I=1,6
DO 20 J=1,6
AT(J,I) = A(I,J)
20 CONTINUE
C
C LOOP OVER THE NUMBER OF ELEMENTS:
C
DO 500 IE=1,NELEM
C
C FIND ELEMENT LOCAL COORDINATES:
C
II = INTMAT(IE,1)
JJ = INTMAT(IE,2)
KK = INTMAT(IE,3)
C
XG1 = COORD(II,1)
XG2 = COORD(JJ,1)
XG3 = COORD(KK,1)
YG1 = COORD(II,2)
YG2 = COORD(JJ,2)
YG3 = COORD(KK,2)
AREA= 0.5*(XG2*(YG3-YG1) + XG1*(YG2-YG3) + XG3*(YG1-YG2))
IF(AREA.LE.0.) WRITE(6,5) IE
5 FORMAT(/,' !!! ERROR !!! ELEMENT NO.', I5,
* ' HAS NEGATIVE OR ZERO AREA ', /,
* ' --- CHECK F.E. MODEL FOR NODAL COORDINATES',
* ' AND ELEMENT NODAL CONNECTIONS ---' )
IF(AREA.LE.0.) STOP
C
AREA2 = 2.*AREA
B1 = (YG2 - YG3)/AREA2
B2 = (YG3 - YG1)/AREA2
B3 = (YG1 - YG2)/AREA2
C1 = (XG3 - XG2)/AREA2
C2 = (XG1 - XG3)/AREA2
C3 = (XG2 - XG1)/AREA2
C
C SET UP [B] AND [C] MATRICES:

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```

C
DO 30 I=1,3
DO 30 J=1,6
B(I,J) = 0.
C(I,J) = 0.
30 CONTINUE
B(1,1) = 2.*B1
B(1,5) = B3
B(1,6) = B2
B(2,2) = 2.*B2
B(2,4) = B3
B(2,6) = B1
B(3,3) = 2.*B3
B(3,4) = B2
B(3,5) = B1
C(1,1) = 2.*C1
C(1,5) = C3
C(1,6) = C2
C(2,2) = 2.*C2
C(2,4) = C3
C(2,6) = C1
C(3,3) = 2.*C3
C(3,4) = C2
C(3,5) = C1

C
C COMPUTE [B] AND [C] TRANSPOSE:
C
DO 40 I=1,3
DO 40 J=1,6
BT(J,I) = B(I,J)
CT(J,I) = C(I,J)
40 CONTINUE

C
C SET UP [G] MATRIX:
C
FAC = AREA/12.
FAC2 = 2.*FAC
G(1,1) = FAC2
G(2,2) = FAC2
G(3,3) = FAC2
G(1,2) = FAC
G(1,3) = FAC
G(2,1) = FAC
G(2,3) = FAC
G(3,1) = FAC
G(3,2) = FAC

C
C COMPUTE [K11] MATRIX (WITHOUT VIS):
C
CALL MULMAT( B, A, P36, 3, 6, 6)
CALL MULMAT( G, P36, Q36, 3, 3, 6)
CALL MULMAT(BT, Q36, P66, 6, 3, 6)
CALL MULMAT(AT, P66, AK11, 6, 6, 6)

C
C COMPUTE [K22] MATRIX (WITHOUT VIS):
C
CALL MULMAT( C, A, P36, 3, 6, 6)
CALL MULMAT( G, P36, Q36, 3, 3, 6)
CALL MULMAT(CT, Q36, P66, 6, 3, 6)
CALL MULMAT(AT, P66, AK22, 6, 6, 6)

C
C COMPUTE [K12] MATRIX (WITHOUT VIS):
C
CALL MULMAT( B, A, P36, 3, 6, 6)

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CALL MULMAT( G, P36, Q36, 3, 3, 6)
CALL MULMAT(CT, Q36, P66, 6, 3, 6)
CALL MULMAT(AT, P66, AK12, 6, 6, 6)
C
C COMPUTE ACTUAL [K11], [K22], [K12], AND [K21]:
C
DO 50 I=1,6
DO 50 J=1,6
AK11(I,J) = VIS*AK11(I,J)
AK22(I,J) = VIS*AK22(I,J)
AK12(I,J) = VIS*AK12(I,J)
AK21(J,I) = AK12(I,J)
50 CONTINUE
C
C COMPUTE [L1] AND [L2] MATRICES:
C
CALL MULMAT(BT, G, P63, 6, 3, 3)
CALL MULMAT(AT, P63, AL1, 6, 6, 3)
CALL MULMAT(CT, G, P63, 6, 3, 3)
CALL MULMAT(AT, P63, AL2, 6, 6, 3)
C
DO 60 I=1,6
DO 60 J=1,3
AL1(I,J) = -AL1(I,J)
AL2(I,J) = -AL2(I,J)
AL1T(J,I) = AL1(I,J)
AL2T(J,I) = AL2(I,J)
60 CONTINUE
C
C FORM UP ELEMENT STIFFNESS MATRIX AND LOAD VECTOR:
C
DO 100 I=1,15
RELE(I) = 0.
DO 100 J=1,15
AKELE(I,J) = 0.
100 CONTINUE
C
DO 110 I=1,6
DO 120 J=1,6
AKELE(I , J ) = 2.*AK11(I,J) + AK22(I,J)
AKELE(I+6,J+6) = AK11(I,J) + 2.*AK22(I,J)
AKELE(I , J+6) = AK12(I,J)
AKELE(I+6,J ) = AK21(I,J)
120 CONTINUE
DO 130 J=1,3
AKELE(I , J+12) = AL1(I,J)
AKELE(I+6,J+12) = AL2(I,J)
130 CONTINUE
110 CONTINUE
DO 140 I=1,3
DO 140 J=1,6
AKELE(I+12,J ) = AL1T(I,J)
AKELE(I+12,J+6) = AL2T(I,J)
140 CONTINUE
CC
C ASSEMBLE THESE ELEMENT MATRICES TO FORM SYSTEM EQUATIONS:
C
CALL ASSMBLE( IE, INTMAT, AKELE, RELE, SYSK, SYSR,
* NPOIV, NEQ, NELEM, MXNEQ, MXELE )
C
500 CONTINUE
C
RETURN
END

```

ภาคผนวก ข

รายละเอียดของโปรแกรม NAVIER

รายละเอียดของโปรแกรม NAVIER

โปรแกรม STOKES จะมีรายละเอียดเริ่มจากโปรแกรมหลักและตามด้วย โปรแกรมย่อยต่างๆทั้งหมดดังนี้

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C PROGRAM NAVIER
C
C A FINITE ELEMENT COMPUTER PROGRAM FOR SOLVING NAVIER-STOKES
C EQUATION FOR TWO-DIMENSIONAL VISCOUS INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOWS.
C
C THE VALUES DECLARED IN THE PARAMETER STATEMENT BELOW SHOULD
C BE ADJUSTED ACCORDING TO THE SIZE OF THE PROBLEMS AND TYPES
C OF COMPUTERS:
C     MXPOIV = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VELOCITY NODES IN THE MODEL
C     MXPOIP = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PRESSURE NODES IN THE MODEL
C     MXELE = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN THE MODEL
C
C PARAMETER (MXPOIV=25, MXPOIP=9, MXELE=8, MXFREE=1)
C PARAMETER (MXNEQ=2*MXPOIV+MXPOIP)
C
C IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
C DIMENSION COORD(MXPOIV,2), TEXT(20)
C DIMENSION UVEL(MXPOIV), VVEL(MXPOIV), PRES(MXPOIV)
C DIMENSION SYSK(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), SYSR(MXNEQ)
C DIMENSION SOL(MXNEQ), DSOL(MXNEQ)
C CHARACTER*20 NAME1, NAME2, NAME3, NAME4
C
C INTEGER INTMAT(MXELE,6), INTMATF(MXFREE,4)
C INTEGER IBCU(MXPOIV), IBCV(MXPOIV), IBCP(MXPOIV)
C
C 10 WRITE(6,20)
C 20 FORMAT(/,' PLEASE ENTER THE INPUT FILE NAME:', /)
C READ(5,'(A)',ERR=10) NAME1
C OPEN(UNIT=7, FILE=NAME1, STATUS='OLD', ERR=10)
C OPEN(UNIT=9, FILE='CHECK.OUT', STATUS='NEW')
C
C READ TITLE OF COMPUTATION:
C
C READ(7,*) NLines
C DO 100 ILINE=1,NLines
C READ(7,1) TEXT
C 1 FORMAT(20A4)
C 100 CONTINUE
C
C READ INPUT DATA:
C
C READ(7,1) TEXT
C WRITE(9,104)
C 104 FORMAT(' NPOIV NPOIP NELEM NFREE NITER TOL')
C READ(7,*) NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE, NITER, TOL
C WRITE(9,105) NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE, NITER, TOL
C 105 FORMAT(5I8, F8.2)
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      IF(NPOIV.GT.MXPOIV) WRITE(6,110) NPOIV
110  FORMAT(/, ' PLEASE INCREASE THE PARAMETER MXPOIV TO', I5)
      IF(NPOIV.GT.MXPOIV) STOP
      IF(NPOIP.GT.MXPOIP) WRITE(6,120) NPOIP
120  FORMAT(/, ' PLEASE INCREASE THE PARAMETER MXPOIP TO', I5)
      IF(NPOIP.GT.MXPOIP) STOP
      IF(NELEM.GT.MXELE) WRITE(6,130) NELEM
130  FORMAT(/, ' PLEASE INCREASE THE PARAMETER MXELE TO', I5)
      IF(NELEM.GT.MXELE) STOP
      IF(NFREE.GT.MXFREE) WRITE(6,140) NFREE
140  FORMAT(/, ' PLEASE INCREASE THE PARAMETER MXFREE TO', I5)
      IF(NFREE.GT.MXFREE) STOP
C
C  READ FLUID PROPERTIES:
C
      READ(7,1) TEXT
      WRITE(9,134)
134  FORMAT('      DENSITY  VISCOSITY')
      READ(7,*) DEN, VIS
      WRITE(9,135) DEN, VIS
135  FORMAT(2E12.4)
C
C  READ NODAL COORDINATES, BOUNDARY CONDITIONS, THEIR VALUES:
C  REQUIREMENT:  MAIN NODES MUST BE NUMBERED FIRST
C
      READ(7,1) TEXT
      WRITE(9,138) NPOIV
138  FORMAT(' NODAL INFORMATION (NODE NO., U-V-P BC, X-Y COORD,',
*      ' U-V-P VALUES): [' , I4, ']' )
      DO 150 IP=1,NPOIV
      READ(7,*) I, IBCU(I), IBCV(I), IBCP(I),
*      (COORD(I,K), K=1,2), UVEL(I), VVEL(I), PRES(I)
      WRITE(9,152) I, IBCU(I), IBCV(I), IBCP(I),
*      (COORD(I,K), K=1,2), UVEL(I), VVEL(I), PRES(I)
152  FORMAT(I6, 3I4, 5E12.4)
      IF(I.NE.IP) WRITE(6,155) IP
155  FORMAT(/, ' NODE NO.', I5, ' IN DATA FILE IS MISSING')
      IF(I.NE.IP) STOP
150  CONTINUE
C
C  READ ELEMENT NODAL CONNECTIONS:
C
      READ(7,1) TEXT
      WRITE(9,157) NELEM
157  FORMAT(' ELEMENT NODAL CONNECTIONS: [' , I4, ']' )
      DO 160 IE=1,NELEM
      READ(7,*) I, (INTMAT(I,J), J=1,6)
      WRITE(9,162) I, (INTMAT(I,J), J=1,6)
162  FORMAT(7I8)
      IF(I.NE.IE) WRITE(6,165) IE
165  FORMAT(/, ' ELEMENT NO.', I5, ' IN DATA FILE IS MISSING')
      IF(I.NE.IE) STOP
160  CONTINUE
C
C  READ FREE BOUNDARY (FLOW EXIT) INFORMATION:
C
      READ(7,1) TEXT
      WRITE(9,168) NFREE
168  FORMAT(' OUTFLOW INFORMATION (ELE NO., 3 NODE NO.): [' ,
*      I4, ']' )
      DO 170 IB=1,NFREE
      READ(7,*) (INTMATF(IB,J), J=1,4)
      WRITE(9,172) (INTMATF(IB,J), J=1,4)
172  FORMAT(4I8)

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170 CONTINUE
C
  WRITE(6,200) NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE, NITER, TOL
200 FORMAT(' THE FINITE ELEMENT MODEL CONSISTS OF:', /,
*         ' NUMBER OF VELOCITY NODES      =', I6, /,
*         ' NUMBER OF PRESSURE NODES      =', I6, /,
*         ' NUMBER OF ELEMENTS            =', I6, /,
*         ' NUMBER OF OUTFLOW BOUNDARY     =', I6, /,
*         ' WITH NUMBER OF ITERATIONS REQUIRED =', I6, /,
*         ' OR SPECIFIED STOPPING TOLERANCE =', F6.2 )
C
  DO 400 I=1,NPOIV
  SOL(I      ) = UVEL(I)
  SOL(I+NPOIV) = VVEL(I)
400 CONTINUE
  DO 410 I=1,NPOIP
  SOL(I+NPOIV+NPOIV) = PRES(I)
410 CONTINUE
C
  NEQ = 2*NPOIV + NPOIP
C
  ENTER ITERATION LOOP:
C
  DO 500 ITER=1,NITER
C
  RESET THE SYSTEM EQUATIONS
C
  DO 510 I=1,NEQ
  SYSR(I) = 0.
510 CONTINUE
  DO 520 I=1,NEQ
  DO 520 J=1,NEQ
  SYSK(I,J) = 0.
520 CONTINUE
C
  WRITE(6,530) ITER
530 FORMAT(/, 3X, ' * PERFORMING COMPUTATION AT ITERATION NUMBER',
*         I3, ':')
C
  ESTABLISH ELEMENT MATRICES AND ASSEMBLE ELEMENT EQUATIONS
C
  WRITE(6,540)
540 FORMAT(8X, ' ESTABLISHING ELEMENT MATRICES AND',
*         ' ASSEMBLING ELEMENT EQS.' )
C
  CALL TRI(NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE, NEQ, DEN,
*         VIS, COORD, INTMAT, INTMATF, SYSK, SYSR,
*         SOL, MXPOIV, MXELE, MXFREE, MXNEQ )
C
  APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS OF NODAL INCREMENTS
C
  WRITE(6,550)
550 FORMAT(8X, ' APPLYING BOUNDARY CONDITIONS OF NODAL',
*         ' INCREMENTS' )
C
  CALL APPLYBC(NPOIV, NPOIP, NEQ, IBCU, IBCV, IBCP,
*         SYSK, SYSR, MXPOIV, MXPOIP, MXNEQ )
C
  SOLVE A SET OF SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS FOR NODAL INCREMENTS:
C
  WRITE(6,560)
560 FORMAT(8X, ' SOLVING SET OF SIMULTANEOUS EQS. FOR',
*         ' NODAL INCREMENTS' )
  WRITE(6,570) NEQ

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570 FORMAT(8X, ' ( TOTAL OF', I5, ' EQUATIONS TO BE SOLVED )')
CALL GAUSS(NEQ, SYSK, SYSR, DSOL, MXNEQ)
C
C   CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE:
C
UP   = 0.
DOWN = 0.
DO 580 I=1,NEQ
ERROR = DSOL(I)
UP     = UP + ABS(ERROR)
VALUE  = SOL(I)
DOWN   = DOWN + ABS(VALUE)
580 CONTINUE
RATIO = UP*100./DOWN
WRITE(6,585) RATIO
585 FORMAT(6X, 'CURRENT SOLUTION HAS GLOBAL ERROR OF',
*         F8.2, ' %' )
WRITE(9,587) ITER, RATIO
587 FORMAT(6X, 'ITERATION NO.', I5, ' HAS GLOBAL ERROR OF',
*         F8.2, ' %' )
IF(RATIO.GT.TOL) GO TO 600
C
C   SOLUTION CONVERGED WITHIN THE SPECIFIED TOLERANCE
C
WRITE(6,590)
590 FORMAT(/, 3X, ' *** SOLUTION CONVERGED WITHIN SPECIFIED',
*         ' TOLERANCE ***', // )
GO TO 700
600 CONTINUE
C
C   UPDATE NODAL SOLUTIONS:
C
DO 610 I=1,NEQ
SOL(I) = SOL(I) + DSOL(I)
610 CONTINUE
500 CONTINUE
C
C   SOLUTION NOT CONVERGED WITHIN THE SPECIFIED TOLERANCE
C
WRITE(6,620)
620 FORMAT(/, 3X, ' ??? SOLUTION NOT CONVERGED WITHIN',
*         ' SPECIFIED TOLERANCE ???', // )
C
700 CONTINUE
C
C   PRINT OUT SOLUTIONS OF NODAL VELOCITIES AND PRESSURES:
C
710 WRITE(6,720)
720 FORMAT(' PLEASE ENTER FILE NAME FOR VELOCITY & PRESSURE',
*         ' SOLUTIONS:', / )
READ(5, '(A)', ERR=710) NAME2
OPEN(UNIT=8, FILE=NAME2, STATUS='NEW', ERR=710)
WRITE(8,730) NPOIV
730 FORMAT(' NODAL VELOCITY AND PRESSURE SOLUTIONS [' , I5, ']:',
*         '//, 2X, 'NODE', 6X, 'U-VELOCITY', 6X, 'V-VELOCITY',
*         8X, 'PRESSURE', / )
C
C   ROUND-OFF SOLUTION VALUES FOR NEAT OUTPUT:
C
ROFF = 1.E-6
DO 740 IEQ=1,NEQ
VALUE = SOL(IEQ)
IF(ABS(VALUE).LT.ROFF) SOL(IEQ) = 0.
740 CONTINUE

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C

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DO 750 IP=1,NPOIP
  IEQU = IP
  IEQV = NPOIV + IP
  IEQP = 2*NPOIV + IP
  WRITE(8,760) IP, SOL(IEQU), SOL(IEQV), SOL(IEQP)
760 FORMAT(I6, 3E16.6)
750 CONTINUE
  DO 770 IP=NPOIP+1,NPOIV
    IEQU = IP
    IEQV = NPOIV + IP
    WRITE(8,780) IP, SOL(IEQU), SOL(IEQV)
780 FORMAT(I6, 2E16.6)
770 CONTINUE

```

C

C

C

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      CREATE DATA FILE FOR GRAPHIC DISPLAY (FEPLLOT):

800 WRITE(6,810)
810 FORMAT(' PLEASE ENTER FILE NAME FOR U-V-P DISPLAY:', /)
  READ(5,'(A)', ERR=800) NAME3
  OPEN(UNIT=10, FILE=NAME3, STATUS='NEW', ERR=800)
  NVAR = 3
  WRITE(10,820) NPOIP, NELEM, NVAR
820 FORMAT('  NPOIP  NELEM  NVAR', /, 3I8)
  WRITE(10,830) NPOIP
830 FORMAT(' NODAL COORDINATES & U-V-P SOLUTIONS [' , I5, ']:')
  DO 840 I=1,NPOIP
    IEQU = I
    IEQV = NPOIV + I
    IEQP = 2*NPOIV + I
    WRITE(10,850) I, (COORD(I,J), J=1,2), SOL(IEQU), SOL(IEQV),
      * SOL(IEQP)
850 FORMAT(I8, 5E13.5)
840 CONTINUE
  WRITE(10,860) NELEM
860 FORMAT(' ELEMENT NODAL CONNECTIONS [' , I5, ']:')
  DO 870 IE=1,NELEM
    WRITE(10,880) IE, (INTMAT(IE,J), J=1,3)
880 FORMAT(4I8)
870 CONTINUE

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C

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900 WRITE(6,910)
910 FORMAT(' PLEASE ENTER FILE NAME FOR U-V DISPLAY:', /)
  READ(5,'(A)', ERR=900) NAME4
  OPEN(UNIT=11, FILE=NAME4, STATUS='NEW', ERR=900)
  NVAR = 2
  NELEM4 = 4*NELEM
  WRITE(11,920) NPOIV, NELEM4, NVAR
920 FORMAT('  NPOIV  NELEM  NVAR', /, 3I8)
  WRITE(11,930) NPOIV
930 FORMAT(' NODAL COORDINATES & U-V SOLUTIONS [' , I5, ']:')
  DO 940 I=1,NPOIV
    IEQU = I
    IEQV = NPOIV + I
    WRITE(11,950) I, (COORD(I,J), J=1,2), SOL(IEQU), SOL(IEQV)
950 FORMAT(I8, 4E13.5)
940 CONTINUE
  WRITE(11,960) NELEM4
960 FORMAT(' ELEMENT NODAL CONNECTIONS [' , I5, ']:')
  ICE = 1
  DO 970 IE=1,NELEM
    II = INTMAT(IE,1)
    JJ = INTMAT(IE,2)
    KK = INTMAT(IE,3)

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LL = INTMAT(IE,4)
MM = INTMAT(IE,5)
NN = INTMAT(IE,6)
WRITE(11,980) ICE, II, NN, MM
ICE = ICE + 1
WRITE(11,980) ICE, JJ, LL, NN
ICE = ICE + 1
WRITE(11,980) ICE, KK, MM, LL
ICE = ICE + 1
WRITE(11,980) ICE, LL, MM, NN
ICE = ICE + 1
980 FORMAT(4I8)
970 CONTINUE
C
STOP
END
C
C-----
C
SUBROUTINE APPLYBC(NPOIV, NPOIP, NEQ, IBCU, IBCV, IBCP,
* SYSK, SYSR, MXPOIV, MXPOIP, MXNEQ )
C
C APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS BEFORE SOLVING FOR NODAL INCREMENTS
C WITH CONDITION CODES OF:
C 0 = FREE TO CHANGE (INCREMENTS COMPUTED)
C 1 = FIXED AS SPECIFIED (INCREMENTS FIXED AS ZERO)
C
C IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
C DIMENSION SYSK(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), SYSR(MXNEQ)
C
C INTEGER IBCU(MXPOIV), IBCV(MXPOIV), IBCP(MXPOIV)
C
C APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR NODAL U-VELOCITIES:
C
C IEQ1 = 1
C IEQ2 = NPOIV
C DO 100 IEQ=IEQ1,IEQ2
C IEQU = IEQ
C IF(BCU(IEQU).EQ.0) GO TO 100
C
C DO 110 IR=1,NEQ
C IF(IR.EQ.IEQ) GO TO 110
C SYSK(IR,IEQ) = 0.
110 CONTINUE
C
C DO 120 IC=1,NEQ
C SYSK(IEQ,IC) = 0.
120 CONTINUE
C SYSK(IEQ,IEQ) = 1.
C SYSR(IEQ) = 0.
C
100 CONTINUE
C
C APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR NODAL V-VELOCITIES:
C
C IEQ1 = NPOIV + 1
C IEQ2 = 2*NPOIV
C DO 200 IEQ=IEQ1,IEQ2
C IEQV = IEQ - NPOIV
C IF(BCV(IEQV).EQ.0) GO TO 200
C
C DO 210 IR=1,NEQ
C IF(IR.EQ.IEQ) GO TO 210
C SYSK(IR,IEQ) = 0.

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```

210 CONTINUE
C
DO 220 IC=1,NEQ
  SYSK(IEQ,IC) = 0.
220 CONTINUE
  SYSK(IEQ,IEQ) = 1.
  SYSR(IEQ) = 0.
C
200 CONTINUE
C
C   APPLY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR NODAL PRESSURES:
C
  IEQ1 = 2*NPOIV + 1
  IEQ2 = NEQ
  DO 300 IEQ=IEQ1,IEQ2
    IEQP = IEQ - 2*NPOIV
    IF(IBC(IEQP).EQ.0) GO TO 300
C
  DO 310 IR=1,NEQ
    IF(IR.EQ.IEQ) GO TO 310
    SYSK(IR,IEQ) = 0.
310 CONTINUE
C
  DO 320 IC=1,NEQ
    SYSK(IEQ,IC) = 0.
320 CONTINUE
    SYSK(IEQ,IEQ) = 1.
    SYSR(IEQ) = 0.
C
300 CONTINUE
C
  RETURN
  END
C
-----
C
SUBROUTINE ASSMBLE( IE, INTMAT, AKELE, RELE, SYSK, SYSR,
*                   NPOIV,   NEQ, NELEM, MXNEQ, MXELE )
C
C   ASSEMBLE ELEMENT EQUATIONS INTO SYSTEM EQUATIONS
C
  IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
  DIMENSION AKELE(15,15), RELE(15)
  DIMENSION SYSK(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), SYSR(MXNEQ)
C
  INTEGER INTMAT(MXELE,6)
C
C   ASSEMBLING SYSTEM STIFFNESS MATRIX
C
C   CONTRIBUTION OF COEFFICIENTS ASSOCIATED WITH U & V VELOCITIES:
C
  DO 100 I=1,6
    DO 100 J=1,6
      II = INTMAT(IE,I)
      JJ = INTMAT(IE,J)
      K = I + 6
      L = J + 6
      KK = NPOIV + II
      LL = NPOIV + JJ
      SYSK(II,JJ) = SYSK(II,JJ) + AKELE(I,J)
      SYSK(II,LL) = SYSK(II,LL) + AKELE(I,L)
      SYSK(KK,JJ) = SYSK(KK,JJ) + AKELE(K,J)
      SYSK(KK,LL) = SYSK(KK,LL) + AKELE(K,L)
100 CONTINUE

```

```

C
C   CONTRIBUTION OF COEFFICIENTS ASSOCIATED WITH PRESSURE:
C
DO 200 I=1,6
DO 200 J=1,3
II = INTMAT(IE,I)
JJ = INTMAT(IE,J)
K  = I + 6
L  = J + 12
KK = NPOIV + II
LL = 2*NPOIV + JJ
SYSK(II,LL) = SYSK(II,LL) + AKELE(I,L)
SYSK(KK,LL) = SYSK(KK,LL) + AKELE(K,L)
SYSK(LL,II) = SYSK(LL,II) + AKELE(L,I)
SYSK(LL,KK) = SYSK(LL,KK) + AKELE(L,K)
200 CONTINUE
C
C   ASSEMBLING SYSTEM LOAD VECTOR
C
C   CONTRIBUTION OF VALUES ASSOCIATED WITH U & V VELOCITIES:
C
DO 300 I=1,6
II = INTMAT(IE,I)
K  = I + 6
KK = NPOIV + II
SYSR(II) = SYSR(II) + RELE(I)
SYSR(KK) = SYSR(KK) + RELE(K)
300 CONTINUE
C
C   CONTRIBUTION OS VALUES ASSOCIATED WITH PRESSURE:
C
DO 400 I=1,3
II = INTMAT(IE,I)
K  = I + 12
KK = 2*NPOIV + II
SYSR(KK) = SYSR(KK) + RELE(K)
400 CONTINUE
C
C   RETURN
C   END
C
C-----
C
SUBROUTINE GAUSS(N, A, B, X, MXNEQ)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION A(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), B(MXNEQ), X(MXNEQ)
C
C   PERFORM SCALING:
C
CALL SCALE(N, A, B, MXNEQ)
C
C   FORWARD ELIMINATION:
C
C   PERFORM ACCORDING TO ORDER OF 'PRIME' FROM 1 TO N-1:
C
DO 100 IP=1,N-1
C
C   PERFORM PARTIAL PIVOTING:
C
CALL PIVOT(N, A, B, MXNEQ, IP)
C
C   LOOP OVER EACH EQUATION STARTING FROM THE ONE THAT CORRESPONDS
C   WITH THE ORDER OF 'PRIME' PLUS ONE:
C

```

```

DO 200 IE=IP+1,N
RATIO = A(IE,IP)/A(IP,IP)
C
C COMPUTE NEW COEFFICIENTS OF THE EQUATION CONSIDERED:
C
DO 300 IC=IP+1,N
A(IE,IC) = A(IE,IC) - RATIO*A(IP,IC)
300 CONTINUE
B(IE) = B(IE) - RATIO*B(IP)
200 CONTINUE
C
C SET COEFFICIENTS ON LOWER LEFT PORTION TO ZERO:
C
DO 400 IE=IP+1,N
A(IE,IP) = 0.
400 CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE
C
C BACK SUBSTITUTION:
C
C COMPUTE SOLUTION OF THE LAST EQUATION:
C
X(N) = B(N)/A(N,N)
C
C THEN COMPUTE SOLUTIONS FROM EQUATION N-1 TO 1:
C
DO 500 IE=N-1,1,-1
SUM = 0.
DO 600 IC=IE+1,N
SUM = SUM + A(IE,IC)*X(IC)
600 CONTINUE
X(IE) = (B(IE) - SUM)/A(IE,IE)
500 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
-----
C
SUBROUTINE PIVOT(N, A, B, MXNEQ, IP)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION A(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), B(MXNEQ)
C
C PERFORM PARTIAL PIVOTING:
C
JP = IP
BIG = ABS(A(IP,IP))
DO 10 I=IP+1,N
AMAX = ABS(A(I,IP))
IF(AMAX.GT.BIG) THEN
BIG = AMAX
JP = I
ENDIF
10 CONTINUE
IF(JP.NE.IP) THEN
DO 20 J=IP,N
DUMY = A(JP,J)
A(JP,J) = A(IP,J)
A(IP,J) = DUMY
20 CONTINUE
DUMY = B(JP)
B(JP) = B(IP)
B(IP) = DUMY
ENDIF
RETURN

```

```

END
C
C-----
C
SUBROUTINE SCALE(N, A, B, MXNEQ)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION A(MXNEQ,MXNEQ), B(MXNEQ)

C
C PERFORM SCALING:
C
DO 10 IE=1,N
BIG = ABS(A(IE,1))
DO 20 IC=2,N
AMAX = ABS(A(IE,IC))
IF(AMAX.GT.BIG) BIG = AMAX
20 CONTINUE
DO 30 IC=1,N
A(IE,IC) = A(IE,IC)/BIG
30 CONTINUE
B(IE) = B(IE)/BIG
10 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

C
C-----
C
SUBROUTINE TRI(NPOIV, NPOIP, NELEM, NFREE, NEQ, DEN,
* VIS, COORD, INTMAT, INTMATF, SYSK, SYSR,
* SOL, MXPOIV, MXELE, MXFREE, MXNEQ )

C
C ESTABLISH ALL ELEMENT MATRICES AND ASSEMBLE THEM TO FORM
C UP SYSTEM EQUATIONS
C
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION COORD(MXPOIV,2), SYSK(MXNEQ,MXNEQ)
DIMENSION SYSR(MXNEQ), SOL(MXNEQ)
DIMENSION A(6,6), B(6,3), C(6,3), G(3,3), F(6,6,3)
DIMENSION UELE(6), VELE(6), PELE(3)
DIMENSION SXX(6,6), SXY(6,6), SYX(6,6), SYY(6,6)
DIMENSION HX(3,6), HY(3,6), HXT(6,3), HYT(6,3)
DIMENSION ABGXUG(6,6), AGBXUG(6,6), AGBYVG(6,6)
DIMENSION ABGYVG(6,6), ABGXVG(6,6), ABGYUG(6,6)
DIMENSION GXX(6,6), GYY(6,6), ALX(6,6), ALY(6,6)
DIMENSION AKELE(15,15), RELE(15), FX(6), FY(6), FI(3)

C
C INTEGER INTMAT(MXELE,6), INTMATF(MXFREE,4)

C
C SET UP [A] MATRIX BASED ON TENSOR NOTATIONS:
C
DO 10 I=1,6
DO 10 J=1,6
A(I,J) = 0.
10 CONTINUE
A(1,1) = 1.
A(2,2) = 1.
A(3,3) = 1.
A(4,4) = 4.
A(5,5) = 4.
A(6,6) = 4.
A(1,5) = -1.
A(1,6) = -1.
A(2,4) = -1.
A(2,6) = -1.
A(3,4) = -1.

```



```

A(3,5) = -1.
C
C COMPUTE KINEMATIC VISCOSITY:
C
ANEW = VIS/DEN
C
C LOOP OVER THE NUMBER OF ELEMENTS:
C
DO 500 IE=1,NELEM
C
C FIND ELEMENT LOCAL COORDINATES:
C
II = INTMAT(IE,1)
JJ = INTMAT(IE,2)
KK = INTMAT(IE,3)
LL = INTMAT(IE,4)
MM = INTMAT(IE,5)
NN = INTMAT(IE,6)
C
XG1 = COORD(II,1)
XG2 = COORD(JJ,1)
XG3 = COORD(KK,1)
YG1 = COORD(II,2)
YG2 = COORD(JJ,2)
YG3 = COORD(KK,2)
AREA= 0.5*(XG2*(YG3-YG1) + XG1*(YG2-YG3) + XG3*(YG1-YG2))
IF(AREA.LE.0.) WRITE(6,5) IE
5 FORMAT(/,' !!! ERROR !!! ELEMENT NO.', I5,
*          ' HAS NEGATIVE OR ZERO AREA ', /,
*          ' --- CHECK F.E. MODEL FOR NODAL COORDINATES',
*          ' AND ELEMENT NODAL CONNECTIONS ---' )
IF(AREA.LE.0.) STOP
C
AREA2 = 2.*AREA
B1 = (YG2 - YG3)/AREA2
B2 = (YG3 - YG1)/AREA2
B3 = (YG1 - YG2)/AREA2
C1 = (XG3 - XG2)/AREA2
C2 = (XG1 - XG3)/AREA2
C3 = (XG2 - XG1)/AREA2
C
C SET UP [B] AND [C] MATRICES BASED ON TENSOR NOTATIONS:
C
DO 30 I=1,6
DO 30 J=1,3
B(I,J) = 0.
C(I,J) = 0.
30 CONTINUE
B(1,1) = 2.*B1
B(2,2) = 2.*B2
B(3,3) = 2.*B3
B(4,2) = B3
B(4,3) = B2
B(5,1) = B3
B(5,3) = B1
B(6,1) = B2
B(6,2) = B1
C(1,1) = 2.*C1
C(2,2) = 2.*C2
C(3,3) = 2.*C3
C(4,2) = C3
C(4,3) = C2
C(5,1) = C3
C(5,3) = C1

```

C(6,1) = C2
 C(6,2) = C1

C
 C
 C

SET UP [G] MATRIX:

FAC = AREA/12.
 FAC2 = 2.*FAC
 G(1,1) = FAC2
 G(2,2) = FAC2
 G(3,3) = FAC2
 G(1,2) = FAC
 G(1,3) = FAC
 G(2,1) = FAC
 G(2,3) = FAC
 G(3,1) = FAC
 G(3,2) = FAC

C
 C
 C

SET UP [F] MATRIX BASED ON TENSOR NOTATIONS:

FACTOR = 2.*AREA/5040.
 F4 = FACTOR*4.
 F6 = FACTOR*6.
 F12 = FACTOR*12.
 F24 = FACTOR*24.
 F120 = FACTOR*120.

C

F(1,1,1) = F120
 F(1,2,1) = F12
 F(1,3,1) = F12
 F(1,4,1) = F6
 F(1,5,1) = F24
 F(1,6,1) = F24
 F(2,2,1) = F24
 F(2,3,1) = F4
 F(2,4,1) = F6
 F(2,5,1) = F4
 F(2,6,1) = F12
 F(3,3,1) = F24
 F(3,4,1) = F6
 F(3,5,1) = F12
 F(3,6,1) = F4
 F(4,4,1) = F4
 F(4,5,1) = F4
 F(4,6,1) = F4
 F(5,5,1) = F12
 F(5,6,1) = F6
 F(6,6,1) = F12
 DO 40 I=1,6
 DO 40 J=I,6
 F(J,I,1) = F(I,J,1)

40 CONTINUE

C

F(1,1,2) = F24
 F(1,2,2) = F12
 F(1,3,2) = F4
 F(1,4,2) = F4
 F(1,5,2) = F6
 F(1,6,2) = F12
 F(2,2,2) = F120
 F(2,3,2) = F12
 F(2,4,2) = F24
 F(2,5,2) = F6
 F(2,6,2) = F24
 F(3,3,2) = F24

```

F(3,4,2) = F12
F(3,5,2) = F6
F(3,6,2) = F4
F(4,4,2) = F12
F(4,5,2) = F4
F(4,6,2) = F6
F(5,5,2) = F4
F(5,6,2) = F4
F(6,6,2) = F12
DO 50 I=1,6
DO 50 J=I,6
F(J,I,2) = F(I,J,2)

```

50 CONTINUE

C

```

F(1,1,3) = F24
F(1,2,3) = F4
F(1,3,3) = F12
F(1,4,3) = F4
F(1,5,3) = F12
F(1,6,3) = F6
F(2,2,3) = F24
F(2,3,3) = F12
F(2,4,3) = F12
F(2,5,3) = F4
F(2,6,3) = F6
F(3,3,3) = F120
F(3,4,3) = F24
F(3,5,3) = F24
F(3,6,3) = F6
F(4,4,3) = F12
F(4,5,3) = F6
F(4,6,3) = F4
F(5,5,3) = F12
F(5,6,3) = F4
F(6,6,3) = F4
DO 60 I=1,6
DO 60 J=I,6
F(J,I,3) = F(I,J,3)

```

60 CONTINUE

C

C

C

EXTRACT ELEMENT NODAL U, V, P:

```

UELE(1) = SOL(II)
UELE(2) = SOL(JJ)
UELE(3) = SOL(KK)
UELE(4) = SOL(LL)
UELE(5) = SOL(MM)
UELE(6) = SOL(NN)
VELE(1) = SOL(II+NPOIV)
VELE(2) = SOL(JJ+NPOIV)
VELE(3) = SOL(KK+NPOIV)
VELE(4) = SOL(LL+NPOIV)
VELE(5) = SOL(MM+NPOIV)
VELE(6) = SOL(NN+NPOIV)
PELE(1) = SOL(II+NPOIV+NPOIV)
PELE(2) = SOL(JJ+NPOIV+NPOIV)
PELE(3) = SOL(KK+NPOIV+NPOIV)

```

C

C

C

COMPUTE [SXX], [SXY], [SYX], [SYY] MATRICES:

```

DO 100 IA=1,6
DO 100 IB=1,6
CXX = 0.
CYY = 0.

```

```

CXY = 0.
CYX = 0.
DO 110 I=1,6
DO 110 J=1,3
DO 110 K=1,3
DO 110 L=1,6
CXX = CXX + A(IA,I)*B(I,J)*A(IB,L)*B(L,K)*G(J,K)
CYY = CYY + A(IA,I)*C(I,J)*A(IB,L)*C(L,K)*G(J,K)
CXY = CXY + A(IA,I)*C(I,J)*A(IB,L)*B(L,K)*G(J,K)
CYX = CYX + A(IA,I)*B(I,J)*A(IB,L)*C(L,K)*G(J,K)
110 CONTINUE
SXX(IA,IB) = 2.*ANEW*CXX + ANEW*CYY
SXY(IA,IB) = ANEW*CXY
SYX(IA,IB) = ANEW*CYX
SYY(IA,IB) = ANEW*CXX + 2.*ANEW*CYY
100 CONTINUE
C
C COMPUTE [HX] AND [HY] MATRICES:
C (SAME AS MATRICES ON THE LOWER LEFT OF LINEAR EQS.)
C
DO 150 IA=1,3
DO 150 IB=1,6
CX = 0.
CY = 0.
DO 160 I=1,6
DO 160 J=1,3
CX = CX + A(IB,I)*B(I,J)*G(J,IA)
CY = CY + A(IB,I)*C(I,J)*G(J,IA)
160 CONTINUE
HX(IA,IB) = CX
HY(IA,IB) = CY
150 CONTINUE
C
C THEN THE CORRESPONDING TWO MATRICES ON THE UPPER RIGHT ARE:
C
DO 170 IA=1,3
DO 170 IB=1,6
HXT(IB,IA) = -HX(IA,IB)
HYT(IB,IA) = -HY(IA,IB)
170 CONTINUE
C
C COMPUTE ALL MATRICES ASSOCIATED WITH THE INERTIA TERMS:
C (SEE DERIVATION IN NOTE FOR BETTER UNDERSTANDING)
C
DO 200 IA=1,6
DO 200 IB=1,6
CABGXUG = 0.
CAGBXUG = 0.
CAGBYVG = 0.
CABGYVG = 0.
CABGXVG = 0.
CABGYUG = 0.
DO 210 I=1,6
DO 210 J=1,6
DO 210 K=1,6
DO 210 L=1,6
DO 210 M=1,3
CABGXUG = CABGXUG
1 + A(IA,I)*A(IB,J)*A(K,L)*B(L,M)*F(I,J,M)*UELE(K)
CAGBXUG = CAGBXUG
1 + A(IA,I)*A(K,J)*A(IB,L)*B(L,M)*F(I,J,M)*UELE(K)
CAGBYVG = CAGBYVG
1 + A(IA,I)*A(K,J)*A(IB,L)*C(L,M)*F(I,J,M)*VELE(K)
CABGYVG = CABGYVG

```

```

1      + A(IA,I)*A(IB,J)*A(K,L)*C(L,M)*F(I,J,M)*VELE(K)
CABGXVG = CABGXVG
1      + A(IA,I)*A(IB,J)*A(K,L)*B(L,M)*F(I,J,M)*VELE(K)
CABGYUG = CABGYUG
1      + A(IA,I)*A(IB,J)*A(K,L)*C(L,M)*F(I,J,M)*UELE(K)
210 CONTINUE
ABGXUG(IA,IB) = CABGXUG
AGBXUG(IA,IB) = CAGBXUG
AGBYVG(IA,IB) = CAGBYVG
ABGYVG(IA,IB) = CABGYVG
ABGXVG(IA,IB) = CABGXVG
ABGYUG(IA,IB) = CABGYUG
200 CONTINUE
C
DO 220 I=1,6
DO 220 J=1,6
GXX(I,J) = ABGXUG(I,J) + AGBXUG(I,J) + AGBYVG(I,J) + SXX(I,J)
GYY(I,J) = ABGYVG(I,J) + AGBYVG(I,J) + AGBXUG(I,J) + SYI(I,J)
ALX(I,J) = ABGXVG(I,J) + SXY(I,J)
ALY(I,J) = ABGYUG(I,J) + SYX(I,J)
220 CONTINUE
C
C      THEN THE MATRIX (15X15) ON LHS OF THE ELEMENT EQS. IS:
C
DO 230 I=1,15
DO 230 J=1,15
AKELE(I,J) = 0.
230 CONTINUE
C
DO 240 I=1,6
DO 250 J=1,6
AKELE(I ,J ) = GXX(I,J)
AKELE(I+6,J+6) = GYY(I,J)
AKELE(I ,J+6) = ALY(I,J)
AKELE(I+6,J ) = ALX(I,J)
250 CONTINUE
DO 260 J=1,3
AKELE(I ,J+12) = HXT(I,J)
AKELE(I+6,J+12) = HYI(I,J)
260 CONTINUE
240 CONTINUE
DO 270 I=1,3
DO 270 J=1,6
AKELE(I+12,J ) = HX(I,J)
AKELE(I+12,J+6) = HY(I,J)
270 CONTINUE
C
C      BEGIN COMPUTING THE RESIDUALS ON RHS OF ELEMENT EQS.:
C
DO 300 I=1,6
TERM1 = 0.
TERM2 = 0.
TERM3 = 0.
TERM4 = 0.
TERM5 = 0.
DO 310 J=1,6
TERM1 = TERM1 + ABGXUG(I,J)*UELE(J)
TERM2 = TERM2 + ABGYUG(I,J)*VELE(J)
TERM4 = TERM4 + SXX(I,J)*UELE(J)
TERM5 = TERM5 + SXY(I,J)*VELE(J)
310 CONTINUE
DO 320 J=1,3
TERM3 = TERM3 + HXT(I,J)*PELE(J)
320 CONTINUE

```

```

      FX(I) = TERM1 + TERM2 + TERM3 + TERM4 + TERMS
300 CONTINUE
C
      DO 350 I=1,6
      TERM1 = 0.
      TERM2 = 0.
      TERM3 = 0.
      TERM4 = 0.
      TERMS = 0.
      DO 360 J=1,6
      TERM1 = TERM1 + ABGXVG(I,J)*UELE(J)
      TERM2 = TERM2 + ABGYVG(I,J)*VELE(J)
      TERM4 = TERM4 + SYX(I,J)*UELE(J)
      TERMS = TERMS + SYX(I,J)*VELE(J)
360 CONTINUE
      DO 370 J=1,3
      TERM3 = TERM3 + HYT(I,J)*PELE(J)
370 CONTINUE
      FY(I) = TERM1 + TERM2 + TERM3 + TERM4 + TERMS
350 CONTINUE
C
      DO 400 I=1,3
      TERM1 = 0.
      TERM2 = 0.
      DO 410 J=1,6
      TERM1 = TERM1 + HX(I,J)*UELE(J)
      TERM2 = TERM2 + HY(I,J)*VELE(J)
410 CONTINUE
      FI(I) = TERM1 + TERM2
400 CONTINUE
C
C      THUS THE RESIDUAL VECTOR ON RHS OF ELEMENT EQS. IS:
C
      DO 420 I=1,6
      RELE(I ) = -FX(I)
      RELE(I+6) = -FY(I)
420 CONTINUE
      DO 430 I=1,3
      RELE(I+12) = -FI(I)
430 CONTINUE
C
C      ASSEMBLE THESE ELEMENT MATRICES TO FORM SYSTEM EQUATIONS:
C
      CALL ASSMBLE( IE, INTMAT, AKELE, RELE, SYSK, SYSR,
      *           NPOIV, NEQ, NELEM, MXNEQ, MXELE )
C
500 CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
      END

```

ประวัติผู้วิจัย

นายจิตติน ตริพุทธรัตน์ เกิดเมื่อวันที่ 24 เดือนพฤษภาคม พุทธศักราช 2511 ที่ อำเภอโพธาราม จังหวัดราชบุรี สำเร็จการศึกษาปริญญาวิศวกรรมศาสตร์บัณฑิต สาขาวิศวกรรมเครื่องกล ภาควิชาวิศวกรรมเครื่องกล คณะวิศวกรรมศาสตร์ จากมหาวิทยาลัยรังสิต เมื่อปีการศึกษา 2534 เข้าศึกษาต่อในหลักสูตรวิศวกรรมศาสตรมหาบัณฑิต ภาควิชาวิศวกรรมเครื่องกล คณะวิศวกรรมศาสตร์จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัยเมื่อปีการศึกษา 2536

