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ENERGY BAND TAILS IN HEAVILY DOPED
SEMICONDUCTORS : NUMERICAL METHOD

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ABSTRACT

The density of states in the band tail region of heavily doped semiconductors has been studied by using three different methods; the semiclassical approximation introduced by Kane, the minimum counting method by Halperin and Lax and the Feynman Path Integral technique applied to disorder systems by Sa-yakanit. The third method gives an analytical form of density of states in the band tail region as

$$\rho_1(v, Z) \approx a(v, Z) \exp(-b(v, Z)/2\xi'),$$

where Z is a variational parameter. Three methods for determining the Z parameter have been considered ; minimizing $b(v, Z)$, maximizing $\rho_1(v, Z)$ and maximizing the function

$$P(v, Z) = E_Q^2 \int_v^\infty (v' - v) \rho(v', Z) dv'.$$

In this thesis, the numerical values of density of states and other related quantities, i.e., $a(v, Z)$ and $b(v, Z)$, are calculated for fluctuation parameter $\xi' = 50, 5, 0.5$ and 0.05 . It is found that numerical results evaluated by using the maximization condition of $P(v, Z)$ and of

$\rho_1(v, Z)$ are almost the same for large ξ' , but slightly different for small ξ' . For $b(v, Z)/2\xi' < 1$, the results calculated by minimizing $b(v, Z)$ are considerably different from those given by other two methods. However at very deep tail region, $b(v, Z)/2\xi' \gg 1$, three methods give approximately the same results.

หัวขอวิทยาНИพนธ์	ແກບຜັງຈານລ່ວນຫາງໃນລ່າຮ່າງທີ່ສ້າງໄດ້ປິມາອອລຸກຮູ່ສູງ : ວິຊາເງິນຕົວເລຂ
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ກາຄວິຫາ	ພຶສິກລ໌
ປັກສຶກາ	ມະເມດ

ບທດຍ່ອ



ກາຮັກສຶກາຄວາມໜານແນ່ນລ່າການລ່ວນຫາງໃນລ່າຮ່າງທີ່ສ້າງໄດ້ປິມາອອລຸກຮູ່ສູງສໍາມາດກອກຮ່າໄດ້ຈາກ 3 ແນວທາງໃໝ່ ທີ່ແຕກຕ່າງກັນ ຕືອ ວິຊີປະມາດຄ່າແບບເຂົມຄລາສຶກຢື່ງເລັນໂດຍເຄີນ ມີວິຊີກລົດຕ່າລ່ອທີ່ ເຊີກສິນທີ່ຮັບເປົອຮັນກັບແລກນໍາມາໃໝ່ ພຣວິຊີວິນທີ່ເກຣຕາມເລັນຫາງທີ່ ຕ່າລ່ອທາຈາຮ່ບ ດຣ. ວິຫຼີທີ່ ລ້າຍຄົມຕ ນໍາມາປະບຸກຕີ່ໃໝ່ໃນປີ້ຫາຂອງຮະບບໍລິຮັບເປີບ

ວິທາຍາণິພນົມນີ້ ໄດ້ຄໍານວຍຄວາມໜານແນ່ນລ່າການບຣີເວັບລ່ວນຫາງຈາກພັກຕົ້ນເຢີງວິເຄຣະນີ້ທີ່ໜ່າມາໄດ້ຈາກກາຮັກສຶກາໃໝ່ກູ່ວິນທີ່ເກຣຕາມເລັນຫາງຕົວ

$$\rho_1(v, Z) \approx a(v, Z) \exp(-b(v, Z)/2\xi)$$

ໂດຍມີ Z ເປັນ ພາຣາມີເຕେରີ ຄ່າຂອງ Z ສີ້ ສໍາມາດຄ້າໄຕຈາກກາຮັກສຶກາ ເຊື່ອໄຟແບບໄດ້ແບບໜົ່ງໃນ 3 ແບບ ຕ່ອໄປນີ້ຕືອ ພາຣາມີເຕେରີ Z ຈະຕ້ອງມີຄ່າພອດທີ່ກໍາໄໝ $b(v, Z)$ ມີຄ່າສ້າງສູດ ພຣວິກກໍາໄໝ $\rho_1(v, Z)$ ມີຄ່າສູງສູດ ພຣກໍາໄໝ ພັກຕົ້ນ

$$P(v, Z) = E_Q^2 \int_v^\infty (v' - v) \rho(v', Z) dv'$$

ມີຄ່າສູງສູດ

ຈາກຄ່າຄວາມໜານແນ່ນລ່າການລ່ວນຫາງທີ່ຄໍານວນໄດ້ ໂດຍກໍາຫັນຄໍາ $\xi' = 50, 5, 0.5$ ແລະ 0.05 ປຽກງູ່ວ່າ ອ້າເສືອກຄໍາ Z ຈົນກໍາໄໝ $\rho_1(v, Z)$ ມີຄ່າສູງສູດແລ້ວ ຄ່າຄວາມໜານແນ່ນລ່າການຈາກວິຊີທັງສອງນີ້ ເກີບຈະເທົກກັນ ເມື່ອ ξ' ມີຄ່າມາກ ແຕ່ຈະມີຄ່າແຕກຕ່າງກັນຈຸນສໍາມາດສັງເກດໄດ້ບ້າງ ເມື່ອ ξ' ມີຄ່ານົບ 1 ແລະ ໃນກະຕືກໍ $b(v, Z)/2\xi' < 1$ ຜລກໍໄດ້ຈາກກາຮັກສຶກາເມື່ອກໍາໄໝ $b(v, Z)$ ມີຄ່າສ້າງສູດຈະແຕກຕ່າງຈາກຄ່າທີ່ຄໍານວນໄດ້ຈາກ 2 ວິຊີກາຮັກສຶກາ ທີ່ກໍລ້າມາແລ້ວອຍໆງຫັດເຈັນ ອຍ່າງໄຮກ໌ຕາມເມື່ອປິຈາກສາທີ່ປັບເວັບລ່ວນຫາງມາກ ທີ່ຕືອ $b(v, Z)/2\xi' >> 1$ ແລ້ວ ວິຊີກາຮັກສຶກາ Z ທັງ 3 ວິຊີຈະໄໝ ພລອອກມາເກີບຈະທຽງກັນ



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