CHAPTER V

SUPMARY AND CORCEDENTON

The purpose of this study was to investigate the following problems: (1) The attitudes of college students towards the concepts of sox, love, deting, boyfriend or girlfriend, and marriege. (2) The comparison of the and female subjects' perceptions of the relationanip between beys and girls in the areas of friendship, love and deting, and marriage. A cample of 200 university atudents (148 boys and 142 girle) were asked to fill out the questioneire by themusives. The questionere consisted of two percess the first contained the subjects' rating of the concepts of sox, deting, boyfriend or girlfriend, love and marriage on 18 eaven-point bipolar scales; the second donteined questions related to the behavior of boys and girls in the areas of friendship, love, and deting, and marriage.

It was found that:

1. Both bale and fonale subjects perceive cex, dating, boyfriend or girlfriend, love and marriage in a positive pay on the 18 scales used. The cale subjects have a tendency to perceive nox and dating more possitively than the female subjects do.

2. The cale and female subjects' responses are significantly different on 31 out of 55 questions related to the

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boy's and girl's behavior in the areas selected for study.

These discrepanoics in the perception of the relationchip between boys and girls by male and female students was not to be influenced by the general lack of interaction that occurs between the two seres. It was pointed out that one possible factor in the lack of interaction between the seres is the separation of the seres that occurs in the single nex secondary schools. The lack of interaction between the seres was also stated to be a result of the societal standards as transmitted and maintained by the family. As a result, when students begin to study in coeducational pre-university schools and in universities, they still stay in same nex groups and continue to have limited interaction with the opposite sex. It was stated that this lack of inversetion makes it difficult for them to undefigtend each other.

Boys and girls do gain knowlodge of the opposite sex from discussions with memoers of their own sex; those discuusions, however, and usually not based on experiences with members of the opposite sex. Therefore, the images they have of the opposite sex are not realistic. This unrealistic image seems to cause them to have difficulty in understanding such other and it may make it difficult for them to gain accurate knowledge of the opposite sex.

The results also show that the subjects went to choose a spouse by themsolver and that they consider love to be very important in this choice. But, since knowledge of the opposite sex and trust are two of the basic components of love, it was stated that boys and girls, because of the disorcpancies in their perception of each other, will have great difficulty in choosing a spouse who will fulfill their expectations.

It was also stated that the students may fear their future marriage bacause of their lack of knowledge of the opposite sex and their improvesions of the marriages they have seen. The students' general concept of love as a predstormined outside force was also discussed.