

รายการอ้างอิง

ภาษาไทย

มานพ วรภักดิ์. การจำลองเบื้องต้น. กรุงเทพฯ: ศูนย์ผลิตตำราเรียนสถาบันเทคโนโลยีพระจอมเกล้าพระนครเหนือ, 2547.

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ภาคผนวก

ภาคผนวก ก

โปรแกรมสำหรับการคำนวณหาค่าวิกฤตของตัวสถิติทดสอบ AD^C และ CVM^C ที่ใช้ในการทดสอบเทียบความกลมกลืนสำหรับการแจกแจงแกมมากรณีที่มีข้อมูลถูกตัดปลายประเภทที่ 2 โดยกำหนดพารามิเตอร์ตามตารางที่ 3.1

```
!***** PROGRAM FOR COMPUTE CRITICAL VALUE *****
```

```
COMMON/SEED/IX/SAMPLE/N,R
REAL AD(50000),W(50000),TEMP(3),X(100),FF(100)
REAL ADD,CVM,ALP,LAM
REAL V1,V2,V3,V4,V5,V6,PAD(3),PW(3)
REAL*8 F
OPEN(5,FILE='C:\CT.XLS')
IX = 65539
NMAX = 50000
N = 10
R = 9
ALP = 16
LAM = 1
A = SQRT(2*ALP-1)
B = (2*ALP)-(ALOG(4.0))+(1/A)
```

```
!***** FIND CRITICAL VALUE *****
```

```
DO 102 II=1,NMAX
WRITE(*,*) II
DO 103 I=1,N
IF(ALP.LT.1.0) THEN
X(I) = GAMMA1(IX,ALP,LAM)
ELSE IF(ALP.EQ.1.0) THEN
X(I) = GAMMA2(IX,LAM)
ELSE
X(I) = GAMMA3(IX,A,B,ALP,LAM)
ENDIF
103 CONTINUE
CALL SORT(X,N)
DO 112 I=1,N
B=X(I)
CALL CDF(B,ALP,LAM,F)
FF(I)=F
```

```

112  CONTINUE
      CALL CAL1(FF,ADD)
      CALL CAL2(FF,CVM)
      AD(II) = ADD
      W(II)  = CVM

102  CONTINUE
      CALL SORT(AD,NMAX)
      CALL SORT(W,NMAX)

!*****          COMPUTER PERCENTILE          *****
      P1 = 0.85
      DO 12 J=1,2
          P1 = P1+0.05
          P2 = (NMAX+1)*P1
          P3 = (NMAX+1)*P1-P2
          PAD(J) = (1-P3)*AD(P2)+P3*AD(P2+1)
          PW(J) = (1-P3)*W(P2)+P3*W(P2+1)

12   CONTINUE
      P1 = P1+0.04
      P2 = (NMAX+1)*P1
      P3 = (NMAX+1)*P1-P2
      PAD(J) = (1-P3)*AD(P2)+P3*AD(P2+1)
      PW(J) = (1-P3)*W(P2)+P3*W(P2+1)

      V1 = PAD(1)
      V2 = PAD(2)
      V3 = PAD(3)
      V4 = PW(1)
      V5 = PW(2)
      V6 = PW(3)

      TEMP(1) = 0.10
      TEMP(2) = 0.05
      TEMP(3) = 0.01

      WRITE(5,*) ' N=',N,' R=',R
      WRITE(5,*) ' CRITICAL VALUE '
      WRITE(5,*) ' LEVEL AD CVM '
      WRITE(5,51)TEMP(1),V1,V4
      WRITE(5,51)TEMP(2),V2,V5

```

```

WRITE(5,51)TEMP(3),V3,V6
51  FORMAT(3X,F4.2,3(7X,F5.3))
STOP
END

!***** ANDERSON-DARLING STATISTICS *****

SUBROUTINE CAL1(FF,ADD)
COMMON/SAMPLE/N,R
REAL FF(1000),ADD,A1,A2,A3,P,BB,CC
A1 = (R**2)*(ALOG(FF(R)))
A2 = ((FLOAT(N)-R)**2)*(ALOG(1-FF(R)))
A3 = FF(R)
P = 0.
DO 444 I = 1,R
    BB = ALOG(FF(I))
    CC = ALOG(1-FF(I))
    P = P + (2*FLOAT(I)-1)*BB + (2*FLOAT(N)-2*FLOAT(I)+1)*CC
444 CONTINUE
    ADD = -(P/FLOAT(N)) + (A1/FLOAT(N)) - (A2/FLOAT(N)) - (FLOAT(N)*A3)
RETURN
END

!***** CRAMER-VON MISES STATISTICS *****

SUBROUTINE CAL2(FF,CVM)
DIMENSION FF(1000)
COMMON/SAMPLE/N,R
REAL CVM,SUM,C1,C2
C1 = (R)/(12*((FLOAT(N))**2))
C2 = (FLOAT(N)/3)*((R/FLOAT(N))-FF(R))**3
SUM = 0.
DO 405 I = 1,R
    SUM = SUM + (FF(I) - (FLOAT(I)-0.5)/FLOAT(N))**2
405 CONTINUE
    CVM = SUM + C1 - C2
RETURN
END

```

!***** GEN GAMMA DIST *****

```

!!      GAMMA DIST FOR ALP LT 1
      FUNCTION GAMMA1(IX,ALP,LAM)
      DOUBLE PRECISION IY
      REAL ALP,LAM,GAMMA1,XX
      CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
      RO = RD
      V = -ALOG(RO)
      BET = 1.0-ALP
      W = BETA1(IX,ALP,BET)
      XX = V*W/LAM
      GAMMA1 = XX
      RETURN
      END

!!      GAMMA DIST FOR ALP EQ 1
      FUNCTION GAMMA2(IX,LAM)
      DOUBLE PRECISION IY
      REAL LAM,GAMMA2,XX
      CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
      RO = RD
      XX = -ALOG(RO)/LAM
      GAMMA2 = XX
      RETURN
      END

!!      GAMMA DIST FOR ALP GT 1
      FUNCTION GAMMA3(IX,AO,BO,ALP,LAM)
      DOUBLE PRECISION IY
      REAL ALP,LAM,GAMMA3,XX
20     CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
      R1 = RD
      CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
      R2 = RD
      Y = ALP*((R1/(1.0-R1))**AO)
      W = BO-ALOG(R1*R1*R2)
      IF(Y.GT.W) GOTO 20

```

```

XX = Y/LAM
GAMMA3 = XX
RETURN
END

!! BETA DISTRIBUTION
FUNCTION BETA1(IX,ALP,BET)
DOUBLE PRECISION IY
REAL ALP,BET
7 CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
R1 = RD
CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
R2 = RD
Y1 = R1**(1/ALP)
Y2 = R2**(1/BET)
IF(Y1+Y2.GT.1.0) GOTO 7
BETA1 = Y1/(Y1+Y2)
RETURN
END

!***** FIND F(X) FOR GAMMA DIST *****
!! FIND CUM PROB FOR GAMMA DIST
SUBROUTINE CDF(B,ALP,LAM,F)1
REAL LAM
REAL*8 F,FB,FX,PDF
N = 12
N1 = N - 1
H = B/N
FB = PDF(B,ALP,LAM)
X10 = FB
X11 = 0.0
X12 = 0.0
DO 55 I = 1, N1
    X = I*H
    FX = PDF(X,ALP,LAM)

```

¹ เขียนโดย รศ. ร.อ.มานพ วราภักดิ์


```

        K = 1/2.0
        IF((I - 2*K) .EQ. 0) THEN
            XI2 = XI2 + FX
        ELSE
            XI1 = XI1 + FX
        END IF
55  CONTINUE
        F = H*(XIO + 2*XI2 + 4*XI1)/3.0
        IF(F .GT. 1.0 .OR. F .LT. 0.0) THEN
            PRINT*, ' '
            PRINT*, 'THE INPUT DATA MAY BE INVALID. PLEASE RE-ENTER THE ', 'INPUT DATA.'
            STOP
        ENDIF
        RETURN
    END
!!  FIND PROB FOR GAMMA DIST
    FUNCTION PDF(XO,ALP,LAM)
    REAL LAM
    REAL*8  GAM,PD,PDF,LAMXO
    IF(ALP .EQ. 1.0) THEN
        PD = 1.0
        GO TO 10
    END IF
    IF(ALP .LT. 1.0) THEN
        ALP1 = ALP + 1.0
        PD = (XO**(ALP - 1.0))*ALP/GAM(ALP1)
        GO TO 10
    END IF
    IF(ALP .GT. 1.0 .AND. ALP .LT. 2.0) THEN
        PD = (XO**(ALP - 1.0))/GAM(ALP)
        GO TO 10
    END IF
    K = ALP
    AK = ALP - K + 1.0
    K1 = K - 1
    PD = 1.0

```

```

DO 50 I = 1,K1
PD = PD*XO/(ALP - I)
50 CONTINUE
PD = PD*(XO**(AK-1.0))/GAM(AK)
10 LAMXO = LAM*XO
PDF = (LAM**ALP)*PD/DEXP(LAMXO)
RETURN
END
FUNCTION GAM(X)
REAL*8 A,B,GAM,XX
XX = -1.0*X
A = (X**(X-0.5))*DEXP(XX)*2.506628
B = 1.0 + (1.0/(12.0*X)) + (1.0/(288.0*X*X)) - (139.0/(51840.0*(X**3.0))) -
(571.0/(2488320.0*(X**4.0)))
GAM = A*B
RETURN
END
!***** RANDOM NUMBER *****
SUBROUTINE URAND(IX,IY,RD)
REAL RD
DOUBLE PRECISION IY
IY=IX*16807
IF(IY.LT.0) IY=1+(IY+2147483647)
RD=IY
RD=RD/2147483647
IX=IY
RETURN
END
!***** SORT *****
SUBROUTINE SORT(Y,NUM)
DIMENSION Y(50000)
JUMP = NUM
10 JUMP = JUMP/2
IF (JUMP.EQ.0) GOTO 99
J2 = NUM-JUMP
DO 20 J=1,J2

```

```

        I = J
30      J3 = I+JUMP
        IF(Y(I).LE.Y(J3)) GOTO 20
        CALL SWAP(Y(I),Y(J3))
        I = I-JUMP
        IF (I.GT.0) GOTO 30
20     CONTINUE
        GOTO 10
99     RETURN
        END
!***** SWAP *****
        SUBROUTINE SWAP(A,B)
            HOLD = A
            A = B
            B = HOLD
        RETURN
        END
```

โปรแกรมสำหรับการคำนวณค่าความน่าจะเป็นของความคลาดเคลื่อนประเภทที่ 1 และ
อำนาจการทดสอบของตัวสถิติทดสอบทั้ง 3 ตัว

```
!*****PROGRAM FOR TYPE I ERROR AND POWER OF THE TEST *****
COMMON/SEED/IX/SAMPLE/N,R
REAL X(70),FF(70),VAL(3,4),ROUNDKS(3),ROUNDAD(3),ROUNDW(3)
REAL TEMP(3),W(1000),KS(1000),AD(1000)
REAL DD,ADD,CVM,ALP,LAM ,ALP2,LAM2,KO
REAL*8 F
! REAL LOGNORM,MEAN,SD
IX = 65539
MAX = 1000
N = 10
R = 9
!! FOR GAMMA IN H0
ALP = 16
LAM = 1
!! FOR GAMMA IN H1
ALP2 = 17.4
LAM2 = 1
!! FOR CHISQUARE
DG = 19
!! FOR WEIBULL
ALPHA = 2.02
BETA = 18
!! FOR LOGNORMAL
MEAN = 2.8
SD = 0.16
!! CHECK FOR DEGREES OF FREEDOM
ND = DG/2
DIFF = DG-ND*2
IF(DIFF.EQ.0.0) THEN
    KO = DG/2.
ELSE
    KO = (DG-1)/2.0
END IF
```

```
A = SQRT(2*ALP2-1)
B = (2*ALP2)-(ALOG(4.0))+(1/A)
```

```
OPEN(5,FILE='C:\POWER.XLS')
```

```
!***** FILL CRITICAL VALUE *****
```

```
!!      CT FOR KS 0.10,0.05,0.01
          VAL(1,1)=      0.3661
          VAL(2,1)=      0.4066
          VAL(3,1)=      0.4858
```

```
!!      CT FOR AD 0.10,0.05,0.01
          VAL(1,2)=      1.67
          VAL(2,2)=      2.19
          VAL(3,2)=      3.51
```

```
!!      CT FOR CVM 0.10,0.05,0.01
          VAL(1,3)=      0.29
          VAL(2,3)=      0.39
          VAL(3,3)=      0.62
```

```
!*****
```

```
DO 120 I=1,3
          ROUNDKS(I) = 0.
          ROUNDAD(I) = 0.
          ROUNDW(I) = 0.
```

```
120      CONTINUE
```

```
!***** START *****
```

```
DO 141 II=1,MAX
WRITE(*,*) II
DO 101 I=1,N
IF(ALP2.LT.1.0) THEN
          X(I) = GAMMA1(IX,ALP2,LAM2)
        ELSE IF(ALP2.EQ.1.0) THEN
          X(I) = GAMMA2(IX,LAM2)
        ELSE
          X(I) = GAMMA3(IX,A,B,ALP2,LAM2)
        ENDIF
```

```

!      X(I) = WEI(ALPHA,BETA)
!      X(I) = LOGNORM(MEAN,SD)
!      X(I) = CHI(KO,DIFF)
101    CONTINUE
      CALL SORT(X,N)
      DO 115 K=1,N
          B=X(K)
          CALL CDF(B,ALP,LAM,F)
          FF(K) = F
115    CONTINUE
          CALL CAL1(FF,DD)
          CALL CAL2(FF,ADD)
          CALL CAL3(FF,CVM)
          KS(II) = DD
          AD(II) = ADD
          W(II) = CVM
      DO 104 I=1,3
          IF(KS(II).GT.VAL(I,1)) ROUNDKS(I) = ROUNDKS(I)+1
          IF(AD(II).GT.VAL(I,2)) ROUNDAD(I) = ROUNDAD(I)+1
          IF(W(II).GT.VAL(I,3)) ROUNDW(I) = ROUNDW(I)+1
104    CONTINUE
141    CONTINUE
      TEMP(1) = 0.10
      TEMP(2) = 0.05
      TEMP(3) = 0.01
      WRITE(5,*)          POWER OF THE TEST
      WRITE(5,*)'LEVEL      KS      AD      CVM      '
      DO 160 K=1,3
          WRITE(5,241)TEMP(K),ROUNDKS(K)/MAX,ROUNDAD(K)/MAX,ROUNDW(K)/MAX
241    FORMAT(3X,F4.2,3(7X,F10.3))
160    CONTINUE
      STOP
      END

```

!***** KOLMOGOROV-SMIRNOV STATISTICS *****

```

SUBROUTINE CAL1(FF,DD)
COMMON/SAMPLE/N,R
REAL DP(1000),DN(1000),FF(1000)
REAL DD,T1,T2
DO 505 I=1,R
    DP(I) = FLOAT(I)/FLOAT(N)-FF(I)
    DN(I) = FF(I)-(FLOAT(I)-1.)/FLOAT(N)
505 CONTINUE
T1 = XMAX(DP)
T2 = XMAX(DN)
IF(T1.GT.T2) THEN
    DD = T1
ELSE
    DD = T2
END IF
RETURN
END

```

!***** ANDERSON-DARLING STATISTICS *****

```

SUBROUTINE CAL2(FF,ADD)
COMMON/SAMPLE/N,R
REAL FF(1000),ADD,A1,A2,A3,P,BB,CC
!!! FINDING ANDERSON-DARLING STATISTICS
A1 = (R**2)*(ALOG(FF(R)))
A2 = ((FLOAT(N)-R)**2)*(ALOG(1-FF(R)))
A3 = FF(R)
P = 0.
DO 444 I = 1,R
    BB = ALOG(FF(I))
    CC = ALOG(1-FF(I))
    P = P +(2*FLOAT(I)-1)*BB+(2*FLOAT(N)-2*FLOAT(I)+1)*CC
444 CONTINUE
    ADD = -(P/FLOAT(N))+(A1/FLOAT(N))-(A2/FLOAT(N))-(FLOAT(N)*A3)
RETURN
END

```

!***** CRAMER-VON MISES STATISTICS *****

```

SUBROUTINE CAL3(FF,CVM)
  DIMENSION FF(1000)
  COMMON/SAMPLE/N,R
  REAL CVM,SUM,C1,C2
  C1 = (R)/(12*((FLOAT(N))**2))
  C2 = (FLOAT(N)/3)*((R/FLOAT(N))-FF(R))**3
  SUM = 0.
  DO 405 I = 1,R
    SUM = SUM+(FF(I)-(FLOAT(I)-0.5)/FLOAT(N))**2
405  CONTINUE
    CVM = SUM+C1-C2
  RETURN
  END

```

!***** GEN GAMMA DIST *****

```

!!  GAMMA DIST FOR ALP LT 1
  FUNCTION GAMMA1(IX,ALP,LAM)
  DOUBLE PRECISION IY,XX
  REAL ALP,LAM,GAMMA1
  CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
  RO = RD
  V = -ALOG(RO)
  BET = 1.0-ALP
  W = BETA1(IX,ALP,BET)
  XX = V*W/LAM
  GAMMA1 = XX
  RETURN
  END

!!  GAMMA DIST FOR ALP EQ 1
  FUNCTION GAMMA2(IX,LAM)
  DOUBLE PRECISION IY,XX
  REAL LAM,GAMMA2
  CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
  RO = RD
  XX = -ALOG(RO)/LAM
  GAMMA2 = XX

```



```

RETURN
END
!! GAMMA DIST FOR ALP GT 1
FUNCTION GAMMA3(IX,AO,BO,ALP,LAM)
DOUBLE PRECISION IY
REAL ALP,LAM,GAMMA3,XX
20 CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
R1 = RD
CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
R2 = RD
Y = ALP*((R1/(1.0-R1))**AO)
W = BO-ALOG(R1*R1*R2)
IF(Y.GT.W) GOTO 20
XX = Y/LAM
GAMMA3 = XX
RETURN
END
!! BETA DISTRIBUTION
FUNCTION BETA1(IX,ALP,BET)
DOUBLE PRECISION IY
REAL ALP,BET
7 CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
R1 = RD
CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
R2 = RD
Y1 = R1**(1/ALP)
Y2 = R2**(1/BET)
IF(Y1+Y2.GT.1.0) GOTO 7
BETA1 = Y1/(Y1+Y2)
RETURN
END
!***** GEN WEIBULL DIST *****
!! WEIBULL DIST
FUNCTION WEI(ALPHA,BETA)
COMMON/SEED/IX
DOUBLE PRECISION IY

```

```

REAL ALPHA,BETA,WEI
CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
R = RD
WEI = BETA*((-ALOG(1.0-R))*(1.0/ALPHA))
RETURN
END

|***** GEN LOGNORMAL DIST *****
!!    LOGNORMAL DIST
      FUNCTION NORM(MEAN,SD)
      COMMON/SEED/IX
      REAL NORM,V1,V2,Z1,SD,MEAN
      DOUBLE PRECISION IY
44    CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
          R1 = RD
      CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
          R2 = RD
      V1 = (2*R1)-1
      V2 = (2*R2)-1
      S = (V1*V1)+(V2*V2)
      IF(S.GT.1.0) GOTO 44
      Z1 = V1*SQRT(-2*ALOG(S)/S)
      NORM = MEAN+(Z1*SD)
45    RETURN
      END
      FUNCTION LOGNORM(MEAN,SD)
      REAL XI,NORM,MEAN,SD,LOGNORM
      XI = NORM(MEAN,SD)
      LOGNORM = EXP(XI)
      RETURN
      END

|***** GEN CHI-SQUARE DIST *****
      FUNCTION CHI(KO,DIFF)
      COMMON/SEED/IX
      REAL RD,KO,P,CHI
      DOUBLE PRECISION IY
      P = 1.0

```

```

DO 51 I=1,KO
CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
      R = RD
      P = R*P
51  CONTINUE
P = (-2.0)*ALOG(P)
IF(DIFF.GT.0.0) THEN
      Z = ZNORM(IX)
      CHI = Z*Z+P
ELSE
      CHI = P
END IF
RETURN
END
FUNCTION ZNORM(IX)
DOUBLE PRECISION IY
REAL ZNORM,RD
52  CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
      R1 = RD
CALL URAND(IX,IY,RD)
      R2 = RD
      V1 = 2*R1-1
      V2 = 2*R2-1
      S = (V1*V1)+(V2*V2)
IF(S.GT.1.0) GOTO 52
      ZNORM = V1*SQRT(-2*ALOG(S)/S)
RETURN
END
!***** FIND F(X) FOR GAMMA DIST *****
!!  FIND CUM PROB FOR GAMMA DIST
SUBROUTINE CDF(B,ALP,LAM,F)
REAL LAM
REAL*8  F,FB,FX,PDF
N = 12
N1 = N - 1
H = B/N

```

```

FB = PDF(B,ALP,LAM)
XIO = FB
XI1 = 0.0
XI2 = 0.0
DO 55 I = 1, N1
    X = I*H
    FX = PDF(X,ALP,LAM)
    K = I/2.0
    IF((1 - 2*K) .EQ. 0) THEN
        XI2 = XI2 + FX
    ELSE
        XI1 = XI1 + FX
    END IF
55 CONTINUE
    F = H*(XIO + 2*XI2 + 4*XI1)/3.0
    IF(F .GT. 1.0 .OR. F .LT. 0.0) THEN
        PRINT*, ' '
        PRINT*, 'THE INPUT DATA MAY BE INVALID. PLEASE RE-ENTER THE ', 'INPUT DATA.'
        STOP
    ENDIF
    RETURN
END
!! FIND PROB FOR GAMMA DIST
FUNCTION PDF(XO,ALP,LAM)
REAL LAM
REAL*8 GAM,PD,PDF,LAMXO
IF(ALP .EQ. 1.0) THEN
    PD = 1.0
    GO TO 10
END IF
IF(ALP .LT. 1.0) THEN
    ALP1 = ALP + 1.0
    PD = (XO**(ALP - 1.0))*ALP/GAM(ALP1)
    GO TO 10
END IF
IF(ALP .GT. 1.0 .AND. ALP .LT. 2.0) THEN

```

```

        PD = (XO**(ALP - 1.0))/GAM(ALP)
        GO TO 10
    END IF
    K = ALP
    AK = ALP - K + 1.0
    K1 = K - 1
    PD = 1.0
    DO 50 I = 1,K1
        PD = PD*XO/(ALP - I)
50    CONTINUE
        PD = PD*(XO**(AK-1.0))/GAM(AK)
10    LAMXO = LAM*XO
        PDF = (LAM**ALP)*PD/DEXP(LAMXO)
        RETURN
    END

    FUNCTION GAM(X)
    REAL*8  A,B,GAM,XX
    XX = -1.0*X
    A = (X**(X-0.5))*DEXP(XX)*2.506628
    B = 1.0 + (1.0/(12.0*X)) + (1.0/(288.0*X*X)) - (139.0/(51840.0*(X**3.0))) -
        (571.0/(2488320.0*(X**4.0)))
    GAM = A*B
    RETURN
    END

!***** FIND MAX *****
    FUNCTION XMAX(T)
    DIMENSION T(1000)
    COMMON/SAMPLE/N,R
    XMAX = T(1)
    DO 95 I=2,N
95    IF(XMAX.LT.T(I)) XMAX = T(I)
    RETURN
    END

!***** RANDOM NUMBER ** *****
    SUBROUTINE URAND(IX,IY,RD)
    REAL RD

```

```

DOUBLE PRECISION IY
IY=IX*16807
IF(IY.LT.0) IY=1+(IY+2147483647)
RD=IY
RD=RD/2147483647
IX=IY
RETURN
END

```

```
!***** SORT *****
```

```

SUBROUTINE SORT(Y,NUM)
DIMENSION Y(50000)
JUMP = NUM
10  JUMP = JUMP/2
   IF (JUMP.EQ.0) GOTO 99
   J2 = NUM-JUMP
   DO 20 J=1,J2
       I = J
30  I3 = I+JUMP
   IF(Y(I).LE.Y(J3)) GOTO 20
       CALL SWAP(Y(I),Y(J3))
       I = I-JUMP
       IF (I.GT.0) GOTO 30
20  CONTINUE
   GOTO 10
99  RETURN
END

```

```
!***** SWAP *****
```

```

SUBROUTINE SWAP(A,B)
   HOLD = A
   A = B
   B = HOLD
RETURN
END

```

ภาคผนวก ข

ตารางที่ 1 Significance points for $D_{N:f}$

N	f	Significance level (α)				
		.15	.10	.05	.025	.01
10	1	.1728	.2057	.2589	.3085	.3690
	2	.2211	.2566	.3120	.3616	.4199
	3	.2556	.2865	.3410	.3887	.4436
	4	.2837	.3119	.3582	.4026	.4538
	5	.3045	.3311	.3725	.4105	.4567
	6	.3186	.3446	.3839	.4190	.4613
	7	.3283	.3538	.3933	.4284	.4700
	8	.3351	.3611	.4011	.4368	.4791
	9	.3400	.3661	.4066	.4428	.4858
	10	.3425	.3687	.4092	.4456	.4889
15	1	.1188	.1423	.1810	.2180	.2644
	3	.1799	.2065	.2503	.2899	.3372
	5	.2209	.2439	.2828	.3207	.3655
	7	.2480	.2702	.3051	.3371	.3762
	9	.2650	.2866	.3197	.3493	.3846
	11	.2745	.2960	.3292	.3590	.3945
	13	.2800	.3017	.3353	.3656	.4017
	15	.2823	.3040	.3376	.3679	.4042
20	2	.1190	.1400	.1740	.2058	.2451
	4	.1571	.1774	.2139	.2476	.2879
	6	.1856	.2052	.2384	.2710	.3105
	8	.2064	.2259	.2570	.2863	.3226
	10	.2214	.2407	.2707	.2978	.3305
	12	.2318	.2508	.2801	.3062	.3373
	14	.2384	.2572	.2863	.3125	.3437
	16	.2425	.2614	.2907	.3172	.3488
	18	.2450	.2639	.2933	.3198	.3516
	20	.2459	.2647	.2941	.3206	.3524
25	1	.0731	.0880	.1129	.1372	.1682
	3	.1131	.1318	.1621	.1903	.2249
	5	.1413	.1584	.1894	.2189	.2545
	7	.1626	.1798	.2088	.2375	.2729
	9	.1791	.1964	.2244	.2511	.2844
	11	.1919	.2093	.2366	.2618	.2925
	13	.2016	.2189	.2458	.2700	.2989
	15	.2087	.2259	.2524	.2760	.3043
	17	.2137	.2307	.2570	.2806	.3088
	19	.2169	.2339	.2603	.2841	.3125
	21	.2191	.2361	.2625	.2864	.3150
	23	.2203	.2373	.2637	.2876	.3163
	25	.2207	.2377	.2640	.2879	.3166

ที่มา: R. Dufour and U. R. Magg, "Distribution Results for Modified Kolmogorov-Smirnov Statistics for Truncated or Censored Samples," *Technometrics*, 20(1) :29-32, 1978.

ตารางที่ 2 Quantiles of the Limiting Distribution of $\sqrt{n}D_{n,p}^\alpha$ ^a

p	.75	.90	.95	.975	.99
.1	0.4714	0.5985	0.6825	0.7589	0.8512
.2	0.6465	0.8155	0.9268	1.0282	1.1505
.3	0.7663	0.9597	1.0868	1.2024	1.3409
.4	0.8544	1.0616	1.1975	1.3209	1.4696
.5	0.9196	1.1334	1.2731	1.3997	1.5520
.6	0.9606	1.1813	1.3211	1.4476	1.5996
.7	0.9976	1.2094	1.3471	1.4717	1.6214
.8	1.0142	1.2216	1.3568	1.4794	1.6272
.9	1.0190	1.2238	1.3581	1.4802	1.6276
1.0	1.0192	1.2238	1.3581	1.4802	1.6277

^aAdapted, with permission, from Koziol and Byar(1975)

ที่มา: Lawless, J. F., Statistical Models and Methods for Lifetime Data (New York : John Wiley and Sons, 1982), p. 437.



ประวัติผู้เขียนวิทยานิพนธ์

นางสาวธิดา กัญะมี เกิดเมื่อวันที่ 16 สิงหาคม พ.ศ. 2521 ที่จังหวัดแพร่ จบการศึกษาชั้นมัธยมศึกษาตอนปลายจากโรงเรียนนารีรัตน์จังหวัดแพร่ สำเร็จการศึกษาปริญญาวิทยาศาสตรบัณฑิต สาขาวิชาสถิติ จากคณะวิทยาศาสตร์ มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใหม่ เมื่อปีการศึกษา 2543 และเข้าศึกษาต่อในหลักสูตรสถิติศาสตรมหาบัณฑิต สาขาวิชาสถิติ คณะพาณิชยศาสตร์และการบัญชี จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย เมื่อปีการศึกษา 2545