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REAGENT DEVELOPMENT FOR THE PREPARATION OF ACID CHLORIDE
FOR SYNTHESIS OF BIOACTIVE COMPOUND

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ศูนย์วิทยบรังษยการ
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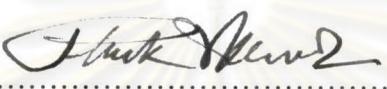
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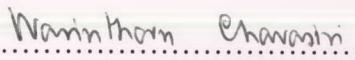
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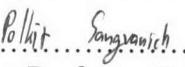

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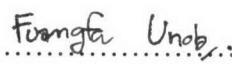
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สภากาชาดไทยศรีพงษ์กุล: การพัฒนาเรอเจนต์เพื่อเตรียมแอซิคลอไรด์สำหรับการสังเคราะห์สารออกฤทธิ์ทางชีวภาพ (REAGENT DEVELOPMENT FOR THE PREPARATION OF ACID CHLORIDE FOR SYNTHESIS OF BIOACTIVE COMPOUND) อ.ที่ปรึกษา: พศ. ดร.วนิธรรม ขาวศิริ, 109 หน้า. ISBN 974-17-5092-7.

ได้ศึกษาวิธีการเตรียมแอซิคลอไรด์ โดยใช้ชาโลจีเนตเทเรอเจนต์และไทรเฟนิลฟอสฟินพบว่าไทรคลอโรแอเซทานมีคู่กับไทรเฟนิลฟอสฟินเป็นเรอเจนต์ที่มีประสิทธิภาพในปฏิกิริยานี้ ได้ทดลองเพื่อหาภาวะที่เหมาะสมในการเกิดปฏิกิริยาได้แก่ ชนิดของชาโลจีเนตเทเรอเจนต์, เบส, ระบบตัวทำละลาย, อุณหภูมิและเวลาที่ใช้ในการเกิดปฏิกิริยา และคุณภาพของไทรคลอไรด์ที่เกิดขึ้นสามารถทำปฏิกิริยากับแม่เมินหรือแอลกอฮอล์ ให้ผลิตภัณฑ์เป็นแม่มีคและเอสเทอร์ตามลำดับ วิธีการนี้สามารถประยุกต์ได้กับการคราร์บอซิลิกนิคแอโนมาติกและแอลฟิติกที่มีความยาวโซ่อาร์บอนสั้น นอกจากนี้สามารถประยุกต์วิธีที่ได้พัฒนาขึ้นสำหรับสังเคราะห์แม่มีคและเอสเทอร์ และสามารถเตรียมแม่มีคที่มีฤทธิ์ทางชีวภาพ 11 ชนิดและเอสเทอร์ที่แสดงฤทธิ์ทางชีวภาพ 5 ชนิด โดยได้ปริมาณของผลิตภัณฑ์มากกว่าหรือใกล้เคียงกับที่มีรายงานในงานวิจัยก่อนหน้านี้

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SKAYDAW CHAYSRIPONGKUL: REAGENT DEVELOPMENT FOR THE PREPARATION OF ACID CHLORIDE FOR SYNTHESIS OF BIOACTIVE COMPOUND THESIS ADVISOR: ASSISTANT PROFESSOR WARINTHORN CHAVASIRI, Ph.D., 109 pp. ISBN 974-17-5092-7.

The methodology for the preparation of acid chloride utilizing halogenated reagent and triphenylphosphine was thoroughly explored. Trichloroacetamide coupled with triphenylphosphine was turned out to be an effective reagent for this kind of transformation. A series of experiment to optimize the reaction conditions including type of halogenated reagent, type of base, solvent system, temperature and reaction time was cautiously conducted. The acid chloride generated could be successfully trapped with amine or alcohol yielding amides and esters, respectively. This methodology was applicable for aromatic and short chain aliphatic carboxylic acids. In addition, the application of this developed protocol for the synthesis of amides and esters was fruitfully accomplished. Eleven biologically active amides and five bioactive esters were prepared according to this method with the yield higher or comparable to those cited in literature.



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Advisor's signature.....Warinthorn Chavasiri.....

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

br s	broad singlet (NMR)
δ	chemical shift
J	coupling constant (NMR)
d	doublet (NMR)
eq	equivalent (s)
Fig	Figure
g	gram (s)
Hz	hertz
IR	infrared
lit.	literature
m.p.	melting point
NMM	<i>N</i> -methylmorpholine
mL	milliliter (s)
mmol	millimole (s)
m	multiplet (NMR)
NMR	nuclear magnetic resonance
ppm	part per million
q	quartet (NMR)
quin	quintet (NMR)
R_f	retardation factor
sep	septet (NMR)
s	singlet (NMR)
t	triplet (NMR)
TLC	thin layer chromatography
cm^{-1}	unit of wavenumber