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**Appendices**

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## Appendix A: Rate of Concentration

That is,

$$r + \Psi = r_0 \text{ and } \rho + \Psi = \rho_0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} &= k \rho r - k' \Psi \\ &= k \left( \rho r - \frac{k'}{k} \Psi \right) \\ &= k \left( [\rho_0 - \Psi] [r_0 - \Psi] - K \Psi \right) \\ &= k \left( \rho_0 r_0 - (\rho_0 + r_0) \Psi + \Psi^2 - K \Psi \right) \\ &= k \left[ \Psi^2 - (\rho_0 + r_0 + K) \Psi + \rho_0 r_0 \right] \\ &= k \left[ \left( \Psi - \left( \frac{\rho_0 + r_0 + K}{2} \right) \right)^2 - \left( \frac{\rho_0 + r_0 + K}{2} \right)^2 + \rho_0 r_0 \right] \\ &= k \left[ (\Psi - a)^2 - a^2 + b^2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

where

$$a = \frac{1}{2} (\rho_0 + r_0 + K)$$

$$b = \sqrt{\rho_0 r_0}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} &= k \left[ (\Psi - a)^2 - a^2 + b^2 \right] \\ &= k \left[ (a - \Psi)^2 - (a^2 - b^2) \right] \\ &= k \left[ (a - \Psi) + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \right] \left[ (a - \Psi) - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \right] \\ &= k \left[ a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} - \Psi \right] \left[ a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} - \Psi \right] \\ &= k \left[ \rho_K - \Psi \right] \left[ r_K - \Psi \right] \end{aligned}$$

where



$$\rho_K = a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}$$

$$r_K = a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}$$

and in the another consider as

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} &= k \left[ (a - \Psi)^2 - (a^2 - b^2) \right] \\ &= k \left[ a^2 \left( 1 - \frac{\Psi}{a} \right)^2 - (a^2 - b^2) \right] \\ &= k \left( 1 - \frac{\Psi}{a} \right)^2 \left[ a^2 - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)}{\left( 1 - \frac{\Psi}{a} \right)^2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

And the finally we want to solve in phisiology time as

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} &= k [\rho_K - \Psi] [r_K - \Psi] \\ \frac{1}{[\rho_K - \Psi] [r_K - \Psi]} \partial \Psi &= k \partial t \\ \left[ \frac{1}{r_K - \Psi} - \frac{1}{\rho_K - \Psi} \right] \partial \Psi &= (\rho_K - r_K) k \partial t \\ -\ln \left[ \frac{r_K - \Psi}{r_K} \right] + \ln \left[ \frac{\rho_K - \Psi}{\rho_K} \right] &= 2 k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t \\ \ln \left[ \frac{\rho_K - \Psi}{r_K - \Psi} \frac{r_K}{\rho_K} \right] &= 2 k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t \\ \ln \left[ \frac{\rho' r_K}{r'_K \rho_K} \right] &= 2 k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t \end{aligned}$$

where .

$$\rho' = \rho_K - \Psi$$

$$r'_K = r_K - \Psi$$

## Appendix B:

# Long Range with Nonlocal Correlation

From the equation

$$\frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = k \left( 1 - \frac{\Psi}{a} \right)^2 \left[ a^2 - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)}{\left( 1 - \frac{\Psi}{a} \right)^2} \right] \quad (\text{B.1})$$

for nonlocal correlation

$$\varphi = \mu \frac{1}{1 - \Psi/a}$$

rearrange form as

$$\Psi = a \left( 1 - \frac{\mu}{\varphi} \right)$$

so,

$$\frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = \frac{a \mu}{\varphi^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t}$$

Then we substitute all this in to above Eq. (B.1) , we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{a \mu}{\varphi^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} &= k \left( \frac{\mu}{\varphi} \right)^2 \left( a^2 - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)}{\mu^2} \varphi^2 \right) \\ \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} &= k \frac{\mu}{a} \frac{a^2}{\mu^2} \left( \mu^2 - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)}{a^2} \varphi^2 \right) \\ &= k \frac{a}{\mu} \left( \mu - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a} \varphi \right) \left( \mu + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a} \varphi \right) \\ &= k \frac{a}{\mu} \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2} (y - \varphi)(y + \varphi) \end{aligned}$$

where  $y = (\mu a) / \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}$

then

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{(y - \varphi)(y + \varphi)} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} &= \frac{k}{\mu} \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a} \\ \frac{1}{(y - \varphi)} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{(y + \varphi)} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} &= 2y \frac{k}{\mu} \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\ln \left[ \frac{(y + \varphi)}{(y - \varphi)} \right] &= 2 \frac{\mu a}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \frac{k}{\mu} \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a} t \\ &= 2 k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(y + \varphi)}{(y - \varphi)} = \exp [2 k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t]$$

$$(1 + \exp [2 k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t]) \varphi = (\exp [2 k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t] - 1) y$$

$$\varphi = \frac{\exp [k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t]}{\exp [k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t]} \frac{\exp [k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t] - \exp [-k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t]}{\exp [k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t] + \exp [-k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t]} y$$

Then

$$\varphi = \frac{\mu a}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \frac{\sinh [k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t]}{\cosh [k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t]}$$

However, as usual in nature, the system chooses one of its lowest energy states

$$\varphi \rightarrow - \frac{\mu a}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \varphi$$

Then, the solution becomes

$$\varphi = \frac{\mu a}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \left[ 1 + \tanh [k \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} t] \right]$$

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## Appendix C: Mean Current

This can analyze the mean current as follow

$$\langle I \rangle = N i P_0$$

where

$$P_0 = \frac{1}{2} [ 1 + \tanh [H] ]$$

$$H = \frac{m}{2} (\varepsilon + \theta) \frac{1}{k_B T}$$

$$\theta = \theta_0 + k_B T \ln [\rho]$$

So

$$\begin{aligned} P_0 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + \tanh \left[ \frac{1}{2} (\varepsilon + \theta) \frac{m}{k_B T} \right] \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + \tanh \left[ \frac{1}{2} \ln \left[ \exp \left[ (\varepsilon + \theta) \frac{m}{k_B T} \right] \right] \right] \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{x}{x + 1} \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \exp \left[ (\varepsilon + \theta) \frac{m}{k_B T} \right] \\ &= \exp \left[ (\varepsilon + \theta_0 + k_B T \ln [\rho]) \frac{m}{k_B T} \right] \\ &= \exp \left[ (\varepsilon + \theta_0) \frac{m}{k_B T} + k_B T \ln [\rho] \frac{m}{k_B T} \right] \\ &= \exp \left[ (\varepsilon + \theta_0) \frac{m}{k_B T} \right] \exp [m \ln [\rho] ] \\ &= \rho^m \exp \left[ (\varepsilon + \theta_0) \frac{m}{k_B T} \right] \\ x^{-1} &= \rho^{-m} \exp \left[ -(\varepsilon + \theta_0) \frac{m}{k_B T} \right] \end{aligned}$$

then substitute on

$$\begin{aligned} P_0 &= \frac{1}{1 + x^{-1}} \\ &= \frac{\rho^m}{\rho^m + \exp\left[-(\varepsilon + \theta_0) \frac{m}{k_B T}\right]} \end{aligned}$$



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## Vitae

Mr. Santipong Boribarn was born on March 4, 1974 in Bangkok. He has received a Bachelor of Science degree and a Master of Science degree from Chulalongkorn University in 1995 and 1998 respectively.



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