## CHAPTER III

## RESULTS

## Catch Data

From trawl surveys of the R/V Pramong Talay 12 and Pramong Talay 15 of the Eastern Marine Fisheries Development Center, Rayong Province, the highest catch of the scallop Amusium pleuronectes (Linn.) was obtained in October with the average rate of 2.36 kg per hour. High catching rate prevailed around April-May and SeptemberNovember (Tables 3 and 4). The mean size of scallop caught in this study, as expressed by weight, is largest in sample of November which is 39.08 g . Details on monthly catch data of the species are shown in Appendix A.

## I. Growth Parameters

The, shell height frequency data of $A$. pleuronectes from Chang Islands, eastern part of the Gulf of Thailand, collected during January to December 1987 with the class interval of 0.5 cm from inner and outer regions are presented in Tables 5 and 7 respectively.

Determination of the growth parameters, asymptotic length; $L_{\infty}$ and growth coefficient; $K$, of the populations in both regions using the data with adjusted class interval to 1.0 cm (Tables 6 and 8) yields the estimation of $L_{\infty}=11.5 \mathrm{~cm} ; K=1.5$ per year with $\mathrm{Rn}_{\mathrm{n}}=0.533$ for the inner region, and $L_{\infty}=10.6 \mathrm{~cm} ; K=1.54$ per year with $\mathrm{Rn}=0.487$ for the outer region population.

Table 3 Catch data of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Island by R/V Pramong Talay 12 and 15, January-December 1987. (Unit: kg.)

|  | MONIH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOTAL } \\ & \text { PER } \\ & \text { STATION } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JLL | AUG | SEP | OCT | nov | DEC |  |
| 1 | \| 1.97 | 1.72 | 1.86 | 4.40 | 6.90 | - | - | 0.85 | 3.00 | 2.55 | 3.10 | 1.30 | 27.65 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | \| 2.20 | 1.46 | 0.65 | - | 3.70 | - | - | - | 5.40 | 5.90 | 0.35 | 0.34 | 20.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | \| 0.18 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.56 | 0.70 | - | - | - | 1.90 | 1.70 | 1.16 | - | 6.65 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 10.00 | 0.04 | 0.80 | - | 4.40 |  |  | - | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 5.32 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | \| 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.33 | 1.30 | - |  |  | - | 5.50 | 3.55 | 0.00 | - | 10.82 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61 | 10.00 | 0.03 | 0.25 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71 | \| 0.07 | 0.22 | 0.60 |  |  |  | - | - | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.61 | 0.13 | 1.80 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | \| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.40 | 1.45 |  | 0.50 | 3.20 | 0.11 | 0.18 | 0.00 | - | 5.89 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91 | 0.00 | - | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | 0.00 | - | - | 0.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 ) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 | 1.55 | 4.40 | - | 1.67 | 0.86 | 0.20 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 8.91 |
| 11 | - | 0.00 | 0.17 | 0.45 | 0.06 | - | - | - | 0.35 | 0.30 | 0.22 | - | 1.55 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.03 | - | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
| 13 | 0.00 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | 0.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 \| | \| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.01 | 0.00 | - | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | 0.13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 ; | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00 |
| 18 | 0.73 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.13 | - | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.99 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 0.00 |
| 20 \| | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.06 | - | 0.16 | - | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PER \| | 5.23 | 3.90 | 5.32 | 8.77 | 21.93 | 0.03 | 2.17 | 5.10 | 16.63 | 14.18 | 5.51 | 1.87 | 90.63 |
| MONTH ! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note :
$0=$ no scallop caught

- = no trawling

Table 4 Summarized record on survey data of the scallop Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands, 1987. Each trawl performed for 1 hour period, except one of station 7 in November for half an hour.

| MONIH | NO.TRAKL OPERATE | NO.TRAKL CATCH | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { CATCH }(\mathrm{kg}) \end{gathered}$ | CATCH PER TRAKLL | average CATCH/HR. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NO. } \\ & \text { PUNCHED } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { WEIGTT } \\ & (\mathrm{kg}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MEAN } \\ & \text { WETGHT (g) } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 17 | 9 | 5221 | 307.1 | 580.1 | 167 | 3205 | 19.19 |
| February | 16 | 10 | 3889 | 243.1 | 388.9 | 166 | 3780 | 22.77 |
| March | 16 | 16 | 5305 | 331.6 | 331.6 | 506 | 5035 | 9.95 |
| April | 11 | 9 | 8765 | 796.8 | 973.9 | 499 | 7515 | 15.06 |
| May | 14 | 10 | 21930 | 1566.4 | 2193.0 | 484 | 9630 | 19.90 |
| June | 2 | 1 | 30 | 15.0 | 30.0 | 2 | 30 | 15.00 |
| July | 8 | 2 | 2165 | 270.6 | 1082.5 | 140 | 2165 | 15.46 |
| August | 10 | 7 | 5095 | 509.5 | 727.9 | 143 | 3295 | 23.04 |
| September | 15 | 8 | 16625 | 1108.3 | 2078.1 | 316 | 10625 | 33.62 |
| October | 16 | 6 | 14180 | 886.3 | 2363.3 | 271 | 10330 | 38.12 |
| November* | 15 | 8 | 5510 | 367.3 | 688.8 | 141 | 5510 | 39.08 |
| December | 10 | 5 | 1870 | 187.0 | 374.0 | 54 | 1870 | 34.63 |

NOTE : * Accident happened during one trawling at station 7. Catch data obtained from half an hour at that station ( $610 \mathrm{~g} / 1$ trawl) was excluded when calculate average catch per hour.

Table 5 Shell height frequency data of Amusium pleuronectes from the inner region of Chang Islands, 1987 ; with 0.5 cm class interval.

| $\underset{\text { cII }}{\text { MIDHEIGHT }}$ | MonTh: <br> daTE: | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{JAN} \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FBB } \\ 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{MaR} \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { APR } \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{MAY} \\ 20 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JUN } \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { JUL } \\ 22 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{11}^{\text {aUG }}$ | SEP 22 | OCT 16 | nov 26 | DEC | YOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.25 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 3.75 |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 11 |
| 4.25 |  |  |  | 16 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 18 |
| 4.75 |  |  | 1 | 24 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 26 |
| 5.25 |  |  | 1 | 7 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| 5.75 |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 6.25 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 6.75 |  | 1 |  | 0 | , | 7 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 9 |
| 7.25 |  | 5 |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| 7.75 |  | 0 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 8.25 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| 8.75 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | , |
| 9.25 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 9.75 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 10.25 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| total : |  | 14 | 2 | 68 | 5 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 115 |

Table 6 Shell height frequency data of Amusium pleuronectes from the inner region of Chang Islands, 1987; adjusted class interval to 1.0 cm .

| MIDHEIGET MONTH: <br> cII DATB: | $\begin{gathered} \text { JaN } \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PBB } \\ 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { MAR } \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { APR } \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { MAY } \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JUN } \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JUL } \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AVG } \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SBP } \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCT } \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NOV } \\ 26 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DBC } \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.5 |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 14 |
| 4.5 |  | 1 | 40 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 44 |
| 5.5 |  | 1 | 9 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| 6.5 | 1 |  | 0 | 1 | 11 |  |  | , |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 7.5 | 5 |  | 3 |  | 3 | 2 |  | , |  |  |  |  | 13 |
| 8.5 | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| 9.5 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 10.5 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| SuM: | 14 | 2 | 68 | 5 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 115 |

Table 7 Shell height frequency data of Amusium pleuronectes from the outer region of Chang Islands, 1987; with 0.5 cm class interval.

| MIDHEIGHT <br> cII | MONTH: <br> DATE: | $\begin{gathered} \text { JaN } \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { P8B } \\ 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { MAR } \\ 11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { APR } \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | MAY | $\begin{gathered} \text { JUN } \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | JUL 22 | AUG 11 | SBP 22 | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCT } \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ | NOV 26 | DEC | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.75 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 2.25 |  |  | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| 2.75 |  | 1 | 14 | 21 | 5 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 44 |
| 3.25 |  | 0 | 15 | 44 | 8 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 4 |  | 74 |
| 3.75 |  | 0 | 3 | 66 | 23 | 2 |  | 18 |  |  |  | 3 | 1 | 116 |
| 4.25 |  | 5 | 4 | 91 | 58 | 6 |  | 16 | 2 | 1 |  | 3 | 3 | 189 |
| 4.75 |  | 27 | 8 | 89 | 100 | 16 |  | 23 | 8 | 1 |  | 0 | 6 | 278 |
| 5.25 |  | 49 | 1 | 36 | 111 | 27 |  | 13 | 16 | 4 |  | 1 | 7 | 265 |
| 5.75 |  | 46 | 2 | 12 | 72 | 69 |  | 6 | 25 | 19 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 264 |
| 6.25 |  | 5 | 13 | 9 | 38 | 122 |  | 12 | 18 | 43 | 12 | 2 | 8 | 282 |
| 6.75 |  | 0 | 34 | 14 | 19 | 114 |  | 4 | 23 | 36 | 57 | 8 | 0 | 309. |
| 7.25 |  | 3 | 24 | 15 | 12 | 72 |  | 22 | 12 | 21 | 41 | 20 | 0 | 242 |
| 7.75 |  | 4 | 5 | 5 | 13 | 26 |  | 16 | 12 | 51 | 42 | 27 | 0 | 201 |
| 8.25 |  | 4 | 15 | 17 | 10 | 5 |  | 5 | 17 | 93 | 61 | 38 | 10 | 275 |
| 8.75 |  | 1 | 18 | 13 | 15 | 6 |  |  | 4 | 46 | 50 | 29 | 12 | 200 |
| 9.25 |  | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | , | 26 |
| 9.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $v$ |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 10.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| TOTAL : |  | 153 | 164 | 438 | 494 | 468 | 0 | 140 | 138 | 316 | 271 | 137 | 54 | 2773 |

Table 8
Shell height frequency data of Amusium pleuronectes from the outer region of Chang Islands, 1987; adjusted class interval to 1.0 cm .

| Midebight MonTh: cII DATB: | $\begin{gathered} \text { JAN } \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PBB } \\ 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { MAR } \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { APR } \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { MAY } \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JUK } \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { JUL } \\ 22 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AUG } \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { SBP } \\ 22 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCT } \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NOV } \\ 26 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DBC } \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 2.5 | 1 | 17 | 25 | 5 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | , |  | 51 |
| 3.5 | 0 | 18 | 110 | 31 | 2 |  | 21 |  |  |  | 7 | 1 | 190 |
| 4.5 | 32 | 12 | 180 | 158 | 22 |  | 39 | 10 | 2 |  | , | 9 | 467 |
| 5.5 | 95 | 3 | 48 | 190 | 96 |  | 19 | 41 | 23 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 529 |
| 6.5 | 5 | 47 | 23 | 57 | 236 |  | 16 | 41 | 79 | 69 | 10 | 8 | 591 |
| 7.5 | 7 | 29 | 20 | 25 | 98 |  | 38 | 24 | 72 | 83 | 47 | 0 | 443 |
| 8.5 | 11 | 33 | 30 | 25 | 11 |  | 5 | 21 | 139 | 111 | 67 | 22 | 475 |
| 9.5 | 2 | 4 | 2 | , | 3 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 26 |
| 10.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Suk: | 153 | 164 | 438 | 494 | 468 | 0 | 140 | 138 | 316 | 271 | 137 | 54 | 2773 |

Table 9 Shell height frequency data of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands,. 1987; original punched data of 0.5 cm class interval.

| Midheicht <br> cI | моNTH: | $\begin{gathered} \text { JAN } \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | PEB 13 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{MaR} \\ 11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { APR } \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { MAY } \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JUN } \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { JUL } \\ 22 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { AVG } \\ 11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { SBP } \\ 22 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { OCT } \\ 16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NOV } \\ 26 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DBC } \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.75 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 2.25 |  |  | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 2.75 |  | 1 | 14 | 21 | 5 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 44 |
| 3.25 |  |  | 15 | 47 | 8 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 4 |  | 17 |
| 3.75 |  |  | 3 | 76 | 23 | d |  | 18 |  |  |  | 5 | 1 | 128 |
| 4.25 |  | 5 | 4 | 107 | 59 | 6 |  | 16 | 2 | 1 |  | 4 | 3 | 207 |
| 4.75 |  | 27 | 9 | 113 | 100 | 16 |  | 23 | 8 | 1 |  | 1 | 6 | 304 |
| 5.25 |  | 49 | 2 | 43 | 113 | 27 | , | 13 | 16 | 4 |  | 1 | 7 | 275 |
| 5.75 |  | 46 | 2 | 14 | 80 | 71 |  | 6 | 25 | 19 | , |  | 4 | 269 |
| 6.25 |  | 5 | 13 | 9 | 38 | 126 |  | 12 | 18 | 43 | 12 | 2 | 8 | 286 |
| 6.75 |  | 1 | 34 | 14 | 19 | 121 |  | 4 | 24 | 36 | 57 | 8 |  | 318 |
| 7.25 |  | 8 | 24 | 15 | 12 | 74 | 1 | 22 | 12 | 21 | 41 | 20 |  | 250 |
| 7.75 |  | 4 | 5 |  | 13 | 27 | 1 | 16 | 12 | 51 | 42 | 27 |  | 206 |
| 8.25 |  | 4 | 15 | 20 | 10 | 4 |  | 5 | 20 | 93 | 61 | 38 | 10 | 280 |
| 8.75 |  | 8 | 18 | 13 | 15 | 7 |  |  | 5 | 46 | 50 | 29 | 12 | 203 |
| 9.25 |  | 5 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 29 |
| 9.75 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | v |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 10.25 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | v |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| TOTAL : |  | 167 | 166 | 506 | 498 | 484 | 2 | 140 | 143 | 316 | 271 | 141 | 54 | 2888 |

Table 10 Shell height frequency data of Amsium pleuronectes from Chang Islands, 1987; adjusted class interval to 1.0 cm .

| MIDHEIGHT <br> cI | MoNTH: <br> DATB: | $\begin{gathered} \text { JAN } \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PBB } \\ 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { MAR } \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { APR } \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { MAY } \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JUN } \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JUL } \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AUG } \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SBP } \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { OCT } \\ 16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NOV } \\ 26 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEC TOTAL } \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5 |  | 1 | 17 | 25 | 5 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 51 |
| 3.5 |  |  | 18 | 123 | 31 | 2 |  | 21 |  |  |  | 9 | 1 | 205 |
| 4.5 |  | 32 | 13 | 220 | 159 | 22 |  | 39 | 10 | 2 |  | 5 | 9 | 511 |
| 5.5 |  | 95 | 4 | 57 | 193 | 98 |  | 19 | 41 | 23 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 544 |
| 6.5 |  | 6 | 47 | 23 | 57 | 247 |  | 16 | 42 | 79 | 69 | 10 | 8 | 604 |
| 7.5 |  | 12 | 29 | 23 | 25 | 101 | 2 | 38 | 24 | 72 | 83 | 47 |  | 456 |
| 8.5 |  | 12 | 33 | 33 | 25 | 11 |  | 5 | 25 | 139 | 111 | 67 | 22 | 483 |
| 9.5 |  | 7 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 31 |
| 10.5 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| SUM: |  | 167 | 166 | 506 | 498 | 484 | 2 | 140 | 143 | 316 | 271 | 141 | 54 | 2888 |

The computed $\phi^{\prime}$ values from each of those two parameters combinations showed similarity between both regions, thus, all catch data were lumped together and analyzed as one.

Combined data from both regions is shown in Table 9. Using the same data regrouped into 1.0 cm class interval (Table 10) leads to the following estimates: asymptotic shell height; $L_{\infty}=11.4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and growth coefficient; $K=1.30$ per year with $R n=0.383$.

The data from both regions as well as from the whole area showed no obvious seasonally occillating growth. Therefore, the parameters C and WP in this study were provided with zero value. The estimated growth parameters for each region and for the whole area, with corresponding Rn and $\phi$, values are presented in Table 11.

Table 11 Growth parameters and computed $\emptyset^{\prime}$ values of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands, Eastern Gulf of Thailand, estimated by using ELEFAN I of the Compleat Elefan.

| PARAMETER | INNER REGION | OUTER REGION | COMBINED |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L $_{\infty}$ | 11.5 | 10.6 | 11.4 |
| K (per year) | 1.50 | 1.54 | 1.30 |
| Rn | 0.533 | 0.487 | 0.383 |
| $\phi$. | 2.297 | 2.238 |  |

From elefan I, the growth curves, based on those estimated growth parameters, of the scallop populations are built up as shown in Figures 5, 6, and 7. Results also show the presence of secondary growth curves in every region.


Figure 5 Growth curves of Amusium pleuronectes population from the inner region of Chang Islands ( $L_{\infty}=11.5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~K}=1.50$, $\mathrm{Rn}=0.533$ ). Dotted line traces secondary growth curve, representing a second cohort in the population.


Figure 6 Growth curves of Amusium pleuronectes population from the outer region of Chang Islands ( $\mathrm{L}_{\infty}=10.6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~K}=1.54$, $\mathrm{Rn}=0.437$ ). Dotted line traces secondary growth curve, representing a second cohort in the population.

For the pooled population, with $L_{\infty}=11.4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{K}=1.3$, growth curves are shown with 2 cohorts per year.

The growth performance index $\phi$ for the pooled population of A. pleuronectes around Chang Islands, is 2.23.

From the growth parameters and the growth curve obtained, longevity or life-span of the species is estimated to be about 2 years.


Figure 7 Growth curves of Amusium pleuronectes population from Chang Islands, combined data of inner and outer region, ( $\mathrm{L}_{\infty}=11.4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~K}=1.30, \mathrm{Rn}=0.383$ ). Dotted line traces secondary growth curve, representing a second cohort in the population.

The estimations of $L_{\infty}$ and $Z / K$ by Wetherall's method lead to $L_{\infty}=9.50 \mathrm{~cm}$ which is considered too low, since the largest scallop found in the collected samples had shell height larger than 10 cm . The $\mathrm{Z} / \mathrm{K}$ ratio estimated by this method is equal to 1.381 . The result and output obtained from this routine of the ELEFAN II are shown in Table 12 and Figure 8.

Table 12 Data for estimation of $L_{\infty}$ and $Z / K$ ratio using the modified Wetherall's method, by the ELEFAN II program.

| L(mean)-L | L. | N (cumulative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.200 | 1.000 | 2889 |
| 4.202 | 2.000 | 2888 |
| 3.268 | 3.000 | 2837 |
| 2.484 | 4.000 | 2632 |
| 1.962 | 5.000 | 2121 |
| 1.466 | 6.000 | 1577 |
| 1.067 | 7.000 | 972 |
| 0.568 | 8.000 |  |
| 0.561 | 9.000 | 516 |
| 0.500 | 10.000 | 33 |

*** regression line is fitted from this point
$\mathrm{Y}=3.99+(-0.420) \mathrm{X}, \quad \mathrm{r}=-0.989$

Estimate of $L_{\infty}=9.500 \mathrm{~cm}$, Estimate of $\mathrm{Z} / \mathrm{K}$ ratio $=1.381$


[^0]
## II. Mortality

The result calculated from catch curve through ELEFAN II gives the estimation of total mortality $(Z)=4.363$. Natural mortality (M), derived by using $M / K=1.4$ is estimated to be 1.82. Therefore, the fishing mortality (F) is equal to 2.543. Catch curve is shown in Figure 9.

From ELEFAN II, probabilities of capture are also provided. Results computed and the resultant curve produced by the program is shown in Table 13 and Figure 10.


Figure 9 Catch curve of the scallop Amusium pleuronectes around Chang Islands; from ELEFAN II program.

Table 13 Result on probability of capture for Amusium pleuronectes around Chang Islands, computed by the ELEFAN II program.

| midlength (cm) | prob. selection | smooth prob. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.500 | 0.0000 | 0.00100 |
| 2.000 | 0.0260 | 0.01000 |
| 3.500 | 0.1240 | 0.09600 |
| 4.500 | 0.3960 | 0.52500 |
| 5.500 | 1.0000 | 0.92000 |
| 6.500 | 1.0000 | 0.99200 |
| 7.500 | 1.0000 | 0.99900 |
| 8.500 | 1.0000 | 0.99992 |
| 9.500 | 1.0000 | 0.99999 |
| 10.500 | 1.0000 | 1.00000 |

$\mathrm{L}-25=3.990$

$$
L-50=4.458
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{L}_{\infty}=11.40 \\
& \mathrm{~K}=1.30 \\
& =1.30
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\mathrm{L}-75=4.926
$$

$$
\text { slope }=2.347
$$

PROBABILITIES OF CAPTURE


Figure 10 Resultant curve on probability of capture of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.

## III. Recruitment

Results on percentage and pattern of recruitment in $A$. pleuronectes population of Chang Islands as obtained from ELEFAN II (Figure 11) show that there were some recruitment occurring throughout the year, but with 2 peaks. The maxima of the component distributions are consistently four months apart. The major recruitment pulse covered about 8 months with the percentage of 77.43 and the minor pulse covering the rest of the year, of $22.85 \%$.

Percentage of annual recruitment computed by ELEFAN II is presented in Table 14.

Table 14 Percentage of annual recruitment of Amusium pleuronectes population around Chang Islands.

Relative Time \% recruitment

| 1 | 2.22 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2 | ONGIKORN UNIVERSITY |
| 3 | 5.79 |
| 4 | 7.42 |
| 5 | 12.00 |
| 6 | 21.75 |
| 7 | 20.14 |
| 8 | 13.90 |
| 9 | 7.09 |
| 10 | 4.84 |
| 11 | 3.35 |
| 12 | 1.49 |



Figure 11 Recruitment pattern in Amusium pleuronectes population of Chang Islands; January-December 1987.

Comp 1: \% Recruitment $=77.43$
Comp 2: \% Recruitment $=22.85$

## IV. Size and Weight Relationships

From measuring and weighing of 634 scallops collected from June 1987 to June 1988, the relationships of different shell dimensions and various weights of A. pleuronectes from Chang Islands while all measurements are in centimeters and weight in grams, yield the results as follows:

## 1. Relationships Between Different Shell Dimensions

All the relationships between different shell dimensions, i.e. shell height - shell length, shell height - shell depth, and shell length - shell depth are allometric and highly correlated. The relationships are expressed in the following formulas :
1.1 Shell Height - Shell Length Relationship :

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{L} & =-0.372+1.035738 \mathrm{H} \\
\text { with } \mathrm{r}^{2} & =0.9887, \mathrm{n}=634 \quad \text { (Figure 12A) }
\end{aligned}
$$

1.2 Shell Height - Shell Depth Relationship :

$$
D=-0.47502+0.2621 \mathrm{H}
$$

$$
\text { with } r^{2}=0.9132, n=634 \quad \text { (Figure 12B) }
$$

1.3 Shell Length - Shell Depth Relationship :

$$
D=-0.38489+0.253624 L
$$

$$
\text { with } r^{2}=0.9277, n=634 \text { (Figure 12C) }
$$

## 2. Relationships Between Shell Height and Weights

Shell height - weight of each body portions relationships of A. pleuronectes are expressed as :


Figure 12 Relationships among different dimensions of the shell of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.
A. Shell height (H) - shell length (L) relationship.
B. Shell height - shell depth (D) relationship.
C. Shell length - shell depth relationship.

### 2.1 Shell Height - Total Weight :

$T W=0.045401 \mathrm{H}^{3.184}$
with the linearized form expressed as :
$\log T W=-1.34293+3.18389 \log \mathrm{H}$
with $\mathrm{r}^{2}=0.9609, \mathrm{n}=634$ (Figure 13)
2.2 Shell Height - Shell Weight :
$S W=0.0242298 \mathrm{H}^{3.103}$
and the linearized form :
$\log S W=-1.61565+3.103249 \log H$ with $x^{2}=0.9782, n=634$ (Figure 14)
2.3 Shell Height - Flesh Weight :
$\mathrm{FW}=0.0121668 \mathrm{H}^{3.473}$
and the linearized form :
$\log \mathrm{FW}=-1.91482+3.473018 \log \mathrm{H}$ with $\mathrm{r}^{2}=0.9303, \mathrm{n}=634 \quad$ (Figure 15)
2.4 Shell Height - Adductor Muscle Weight :

$$
A W=0.004891 \mathrm{H}^{3.561}
$$

and the linearized form :
$\log \mathrm{AW}=-2.31063+3.561213 \log \mathrm{H}$
with $\mathrm{r}^{2}=0.9124, \mathrm{n}=634$ (Figure 16)
2.5 Shell Height - Gonad Weight :
$\mathrm{GW}=1.223 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{H}^{6.606}$
and the linearized form :
$\log \mathrm{GW}=-5.91237+6.605859 \log \mathrm{H}$
with $\mathrm{r}^{2}=0.6761, \mathrm{n}=576$ (Figure 17)

SHELL HEIGHT-TOTAL WEIGHT RELATIONSHIP
Amusium pleuronectes (Linn.)



Figure 13 Shell height (H) - total weight (TW) relationship of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.
A. Allometric relationship.
B. Linearized relationship


Figure 14 Shell height (H) - shell weight (SW) relationship of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.
A. Allometric relationship.
B. Linearized relationship


Figure 15 Shell height (H) - flesh weight (FW) relationship of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.
A. Allometric relationship.
B. Linearized relationship


Figure 16 Shell height (H) - adductor muscle weight (AW) relationship of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.
A. Allometric relationship.
B. Linearized relationship


Figure 17 Shell height (H) - gonad weight (GW) relationship
of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.
A. Allometric relationship.
B. Linearized relationship

The results of the relationships between shell height and various weights performed by regression analysis are summarized in Tables 15, with corresponding $t *$ value.

Table 15 Relationships of shell height to various weights of Amusium pleuronectes around Chang Islands.

| RELATIONSHIP |  |  | $\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{a} \mathrm{X}^{\mathrm{b}}$ |  |  | n | t* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $X-Y$ | a | b |  | Y | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ |  |  |
| H - TW | 0.0454 | 3.1839 | 0.0256 | 0.0525 | 0.9609 | 634 | 7.1836 |
| H - SW | 0.0242 | 3.1032 | 0.0184 | 0.0379 | 0.9781 | 634 | 5.6087 |
| $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{FW}$ | 0.0122 | 3.4730 | 0.0378 | 0.0778 | 0.9303 | 634 | 12.5132 |
| $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{AW}$ | $4.89 \times 10^{-3}$ | 3.5612 | 0.0439 | 0.0903 | 0.9124 | 634 | 12.7836 |
| H - GW | 1. $22 \times 10^{-6}$ | 6.6059 | 0.1908 | 0.3533 | 0.6761 | 576 | 18.8988 |
| Note : $S_{b}=$ standard error of the regression coefficient; $b$ $S_{y}=$ standard error of $Y$ estimates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The t-test statistics give the result that every of the coefficient $b$, for all of the above height-weight relationships, is significantly different from 3. As the calculated $t *$ values are all larger than the tabulated value of the student-t distribution, which is equal to 2.326 at the degree of freedom, df $>120$ and $1 \%$ error level ( $p=0.01$ ). This result shows that the scallop growth is allometric.

The determinations of the relationships of shell height to total weight, flesh weight, adductor muscle weight and gonad weight in each monthly sample are also performed. The results are presented in Table 16, 17, 18 and 19 respectively.

Table 16 Monthly shell height-total weight relationship of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.

| MONTH | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SAMPLE } \\ & \text { SIZE } \\ & \text { (n) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IN } \\ & \hdashline a^{\text {IN }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{a H^{b}}{b}$ | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JUNE 1987 | 51 | 0.06591 | 2.9962 | 0.9612 |
| JULY | 60 | 0.03757 | 3.3517 | 0.9901 |
| AUGUST | 53 | 0.02917 | 3.4589 | 0.9896 |
| SEPTEMBER |  | 0.03936 | 3.3000 | 0.9751 |
| OCTOBER | 30 | 0.03894 | 3.2913 | 0.9628 |
| NOVEMBER | 31 | 0.03439 | 3.3521 | 0.9285 |
| DECEMBER | 47 | 0.05469 | 3.1172 | 0.9725 |
| JANUARY 88 | 48 | 0.02764 | 3.4018 | 0.9808 |
| FEBRUARY | 59 | 0.04888 | 3.0653 | 0.9724 |
| MARCH | 61 | 0.05436 | 3.0565 | 0.9808 |
| APRIL | 42 | 0.04884 | 3.0846 | 0.9203 |
| MAY | 52 | 0.05616 | 3.0779 | 0.9444 |
| JUNE 1988 | 49 | 0.05751 | 3.0631 | 0.9213 |
| COMBINED | 634 | 0.04540 | 3.1839 | 0.9609 |

Table 17 Monthly shell height-flesh weight relationships of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.

| MONTH | SAMPLE SIZE (n) | IN $\mathrm{FW}=\mathrm{aH} \mathrm{H}^{\text {b }}$ |  | $r^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a | b |  |
| JUNE 1987 | 51 | 0.01789 | 3.3328 | 0.9609 |
| JULY | 60 | 0.01080 | 3.5829 | 0.9810 |
| AUGUST | 53 | 0.01049 | 3.6632 | 0.9859 |
| SEPTEMBER | 51 | 0.00886 | 3.7032 | 0.9735 |
| OCTOBER | 30 | 0.02094 | 3.2878 | 0.9615 |
| NOVEMBER | 31 | 0.01552 | 3.4325 | 0.9085 |
| DECEMBER | 47 | 0.01023 | 3.5703 | 0.9690 |
| JANUARY 88 | 48 | 0.00845 | 3.6331 | 0.9725 |
| FEBRUARY |  | 0.01638 | 3.1892 | 0.9523 |
| MARCH | 61 | 0.01261 | 3.4067 | 0.9735 |
| APRIL | 42 | 0.01597 | 3.2333 | 0.9153 |
| MAY | 52 | 0.01047 | 3.5157 | 0.9421 |
| JUNE 1988 | 49 | 0.00899 | 3.5776 | 0.8941 |
| COMBINED | 634 | 0.01217 | 3.4730 | 0.9303 |

Table 18 Monthly shell height-adductor muscle weight relationships of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.

| MONTH | SAMPLE <br> SIZE <br> (n) | a | $\underbrace{\text { b }}_{\text {a } H^{\text {b }}}$ | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JUNE 1987 | 51 | 0.00529 | 3.6202 | 0.9638 |
| JULY | 60 | 0.00283 | 3.9379 | 0.9855 |
| AUGUST | 53 | 0.00218 | 4.0715 | 0.9805 |
| SEPTEMBER | 51 | 0.00442 | 3.6854 | 0.9209 |
| OCTOBER |  | 0.00771 | 3.4208 | 0.9561 |
| NOVEMBER |  | 0.00559 | 3.5621 | 0.7960 |
| DECEMBER | 47 | 0.00369 | 3.6756 | 0.9569 |
| JANUARY 88 | 48 | 0.00180 | 3.9681 | 0.9628 |
| FEBRUARY | 59 | 0.00744 | 3.1859 | 0.9431 |
| MARCH | 61 | 0.00869 | 3.1749 | 0.9719 |
| APRIL | 42 | 0.00629 | 3.3960 | 0.9073 |
| MAY | 52 | 0.00662 | 3.4107 | 0.9007 |
| JUNE 1988 | 49 | 0.00670 | 3.4089 | 0.8823 |
| COMBINED | 634 | 0.00489 | 3.5612 | 0.9124 |

Table 19 Monthly shell height-gonad weight relationships of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands.

| MONTH | SAMPLE SIZE (n) | IN $\mathrm{GW}=\mathrm{a} \mathrm{H}^{\text {b }}$ |  | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a | b |  |
| JULY 1987 | 60 | $4.428 \times 10^{-6}$ | 5.7778 | 0.8660 |
| AUGUST | 53 | $0.344 \times 10^{-6}$ | 7.0082 | 0.8521 |
| SEPTEMBER |  | $0.27 \times 10^{-7}$ | 8.5351 | 0.8550 |
| OCTOBER | 30 | $1.121 \times 10^{-6}$ | 6.7944 | 0.8236 |
| NOVEMBER |  | $1.766 \times 10^{-4}$ | 4.3700 | 0.3910 |
| DECEMBER |  | $1.68 \times 10^{-4}$ | 4.5396 | 0.7896 |
| JANUARY 88 |  | $2.206 \times 10^{-4}$ | 4.3385 | 0.8000 |
| FEBRUARY | 59 | $1.653 \times 10^{-3}$ | 3.1246 | 0.6858 |
| MARCH | 54 | $1.481 \times 10^{-3}$ | 3.5026 | 0.5622 |
| APRIL |  | $6.806 \times 10^{-6}$ | 5.2872 | 0.6914 |
| MAY | 52 | $0.77 \times 10^{-7}$ | 7.6772 | 0.7650 |
| JUNE 1988 | 49 | $0.117 \times 10^{-6}$ | 7.2980 | 0.5638 |
| COMBINED | 576 | $1.223 \times 10^{-6}$ | 6.6059 | 0.6761 |

## V. Reproduction

## 1. Reproductive Cycles

### 1.1 Gonadal Development

The gonad condition of $A$. pleuronectes is classified into six stages as immature, developing, ripe or mature, spawning, redeveloping, and spent. Classification of gonadal development stages of both ovarian and testicular regions are based on the following scheme:
1.1.1 Immature stage: gonad small, flattened and elongated; colorless and either transparent or translucent; loop of intestine clearly visible; testicular and ovarian parts can not be macroscopically differentiated from each other. Histological study in some specimens can indicate slightly distinguishable developing in both regions, with follicular initiation. (Figure 18A)
1.1.2 Developing Stage: Gonad is slightly to moderately enlarged; still somewhat flattened but testicular and ovarian parts are differentiated from one another, the former whitish and the latter pale orange; loop of intestine visible. Microscopic examination shows development from proliferation of follicles which contain early gonial stages, to later phases when follicles contain all developmental stages of sex cells. This stage can be divided into two substages as:
1.1.2.1 Early Developing: with gonad contains very minute gonia; follicles small, with thick wall. (Figure 18B)
1.1.2.2 Late Developing: follicles expands in size, with thinner wall; testicular region contains well developed spermatocytes, tailed spermatozoa are found in most follicles; ovarian region consists of nearly mature oocytes, polygonal or stalked shape, filling almost entire follicles. (Figure 18C)
1.1.3 Mature or Ripe stage: Gonad is considerably enlarged, crescent-shaped and with somewhat round margins; full of sex products; testicular part cloudy white or cream, ovarian part bright orange; loop of intestine usually not visible. Microscopic examination shows individual follicles large and fully packed with mature genital products. Testicular follicles swollen with sperms equally distribute in the lumen, sometimes still surrounded by a corticle layer of spermatogenic cells. Ovarian follicles is packed with free spherical to polygonal and few stalked oocytes with distinct nuclei and nucleoli. (Figure 18D)
1.1.4 Spawning stage: gonad is somewhat enlarged and crescent-shaped, but not flattened as in former stage; testicular part pale white, ovarian part orange; loop of intestine sometimes visible. Microscopic examination shows loosely-packed follicles, with several residual genital products. Testicular follicles show streaming sperm appearance. Occasionally, sperm may be seen as spilled outside the follicles. Ovarian follicles show residual mostly mature female gametes detached from the follicle wall and lying free in the lumen. (Figure 18E)
1.1.5 Redeveloping Stage: gonad is not clearly distinguished from other stages when observed macroscopically, but


A


## จุาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

Figure 18 Histological identification of gonad stages of Amusium pleuronectes. (Left: testicular part; Right: ovarian part)
A. Immature


Figure 18 (continue) Histological identification of gonad stages of Amusium pleuronectes. (Left: testicular part; Right: ovarian part)
B. Early developing
C. Late developing


Figure 18 (continue) Histological identification of gonad stages of Amusium pleuronectes. (Left: testicular part; Right: ovarian part)
D. Mature or ripe
E. Spawning


Figure 18 (continue) Histological identification of gonad stages of Amusium pleuronectes. (Left: testicular part; Right: ovarian part)
F. Redeveloping
G. Spent
histological examination shows early gametogenic stages redeveloping on open or elongated follicular walls, which indicates that it has passed through former spawning or spent stage; relict gametes may or may not present in the lumen. (Figure 18F)
1.1.6 Spent Stage: gonad is reduced in size and shrunken; testicular part whitish to colorless, ovarian part pale orange to colorless; sometimes the two parts cannot be differentiated from each other, loop of intestine clearly visible. Microscopic examination shows almost empty collapsed follicles, with a few residual reproductive products. (Figure 18G)

Results from the gonadal development study show that maturation and spawning of the scallop A. pleuronectes occur and continue throughout the year. Changes in gonadal development stages of A. pleuronectes from Chang Islands during July 1987-June 1988 are shown in Table 20 and 21. Highest percentage of ripe stage found in December for both testicular and ovarian parts, and highest percentage of spawning found in January for testis and January-March for ovary (Figure 19).

Development of testicular and ovarian portions of each individual gonads when determined from histological study sometimes show asynchronization, which is somewhat unable to detect if only observed macroscopically.

Table 20 Gonadal development of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands, July 1987-June 1988


Note: Im. : immature stage
Ed. : early developing stage
Ld. : late developing stage
Ma. : ripe or mature stage
Sp. : Spawning stage
Rd. : redeveloping stage
St. : spent stage

Table 21 Percentage of gonadal development stages of Amusium pleuronectes in monthly samples, July 1987-June 1988, Chang Islands, Eastern Gulf of Thailand.
A. Testicular Parts

B. Ovarian Part

| MONTH | n | Im. | Ed. | Ld. | Ma. | Sp. | Rd. | St. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JULY 1987 | 118 | 122.03 | 10.17 | 6.78 | 4.24 | 6.78 | 16.10 | 33.90 |
| AUGUST | 54 | \| 35.19 | 7.41 | 14.81 | 9.26 | 1.85 | 5.56 | 25.93 |
| SEPTEMBER | 41 | 7.32 | 7.32 | 21.95 | 12.20 | 21.95 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| OCTOBER | 43 | 4.65 | 6.98 | 44.19 | 23.26 | 6.98 | 4.65 | 9.30 |
| NOVEMBER | 21 | 0.00 | 4.76 | 57.14 | 9.52 | 14.29 | 4.76 | 9.52 |
| DECEMBER | 47 | 10.00 | 0.00 | 10.64 | 68.09 | 14.89 | 6.38 | 0.00 |
| JANUARY 1988 | 29 | \| 3.45 | 3.45 | 24.14 | 10.34 | 31.03 | 3.45 | 24.14 |
| FEBRUARY | 41 | \| 2.44 | 4.88 | 21.95 | 7.32 | 26.83 | 4.88 | 31.71 |
| MARCH | 35 | \| 0.00 | 2.86 | 31.43 | 28.57 | 28.57 | 2.86 | 5.71 |
| APRIL | 35 | 17.14 | 2.86 | 2.86 | 2.86 | 20.00 | 5.71 | 48.57 |
| MAY | 38 | 5.26 | 5.26 | 7.89 | 2.63 | 23.68 | 5.26 | 50.00 |
| JUNE | 44 | - 9.09 | 4.55 | 0.00 | 2.27 | 6.82 | 18.18 | 59.09 |
| TOTAL\&AVERAGE | 546 | 8.20 | 5.04 | 20.32 | 15.05 | 16.97 | 7.70 | 26.73 |

Note: Im. : immature stage
Ed. : early developing stage
Ld. : late developing stage
Ma. : ripe or mature stage
Sp. : spawning stage
Rd. : redeveloping stage
St. : spent stage

## Gonadal Development Stages <br> Amusium pleuronectes (Linn.) July 1987 - June 1988






Figure 19 Frequency distribution of gonadal development stages in monthly samples of Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands, July 1987-June 1988. (Im. = immature; Ed.= early developing; Ld. = late developing; Ma.= mature or ripe; Sp.= spawning; Rd. $=$ redeveloping; St. $=$ spent)

### 1.2 Gonad Indices

Both gonad indices, in terms of quantitative and qualitative, determined from monthly samples of Amusium pleuronectes are presented in Table 22.

### 1.2.1 Quantitative Gonad Index (QT GI)

The quantitative gonad index, based on gonad weight (gonad weight/flesh weight $x$ 100), of individual scallops from this study range from 0.22 in a tiny transparent gonad, to 21.70 in a large well-developed one. The highest value is found in a sample of December, and the lowest in a sample of June.

Monthly mean QT GI values range from 2.06 to 14.52 (Table 22 and Figure 20). The highest mean QT GI values are in the sample of March and December, and the lowest in June-August.

### 1.2.2 Qualitative Gonad Index (QL GI)

The qualitative gonad index, based on ranks assigned to observed developmental stages, shows that the mean monthly index ranges from 1.43-2.77 for testicular part and 1.34-2.68 for ovarian part (Table 22 and Figure 21). This indicates that at the population level, gamete production continues throughout the year. Monthly fluctuation of the $Q L G I$ values of testicular and ovarian parts are parallel, with the testicular index shows higher values than ovarian index of the same month. The qualitative gonad indices reach highest values in December, lowest in June for both testicular and ovarian parts.

Both gonad indices represent the reproduction in scallop. The highest values, found in December, are associated with high percentage of mature or ripe stage, while the lowest values are associated with high percentage of spent and redeveloping gonads.

Table 22 Monthly mean gonad indices of the scallop, Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands. (number in brackets are standard deviations)

| MONTH | QUANT | TATIVE | QUALITATIVE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | n | GI | n | TES | OVA |
| JULY 1987 | 120 | 2.90 | 118 | $\begin{gathered} 1.58 \\ ( \pm 0.56) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.48 \\ ( \pm 0.58) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | $( \pm 2.24)$ |  |  |  |
| AUGUST | 58 | 2.44 | 54 | $\begin{gathered} 1.61 \\ ( \pm 0.68) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.48 \\ ( \pm 0.66) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | $( \pm 2.42)$ |  |  |  |
| SEPTEMBER | 51 | 6.06 | 41 | 2.07$(+0.51)$ | $1.90$ |
|  |  | $( \pm 3.53)$ |  |  | $( \pm 0.58)$ |
| OCTOBER | 60 | 7.08 | 43 | $\begin{gathered} ( \pm 0.51) \\ 2.47 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.09 \\ ( \pm 0.60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | $( \pm 3.34)$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2.47 \\ ( \pm 0.54) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| NOVEMBER | 31 | 8.49 | 21 | 2.19 | 2.00 |
|  |  | ( $\pm 3.22$ ) |  | ( $\pm 0.39$ ) | ( $\pm 0.44$ ) |
| DECEMBER | 47 | 13.34 | 47 | $\begin{gathered} 2.77 \\ ( \pm 0.42) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.68 \\ ( \pm 0.47) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | ( $\pm 3.74$ ) |  |  |  |
| JANUARY 1988 | 48 | 11.20 าลย | 29 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.31 \\ ( \pm 0.53) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.83 \\ ( \pm 0.59) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | ( $\pm 3.21$ ) |  |  |  |
| FEBRUARY | 60 | $9.24$ | 41 | $\begin{gathered} 2.27 \\ ( \pm 0.50) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.73 \\ ( \pm 0.59) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | $( \pm 2.40)$ |  |  |  |
| MARCH | 57 | $14.46$ | 35 | $\begin{gathered} 2.49 \\ ( \pm 0.50) \end{gathered}$ | 2.23 |
|  |  | $( \pm 3.29)$ |  |  | $( \pm 0.54)$ |
| APRIL | 42 | $2.95$ | 35 | $\begin{gathered} 1.60 \\ ( \pm 0.60) \end{gathered}$ | 1.37 |
|  |  | $( \pm 1.61)$ |  |  | $( \pm 0.54)$ |
| MAY | 52 | 4.29 | 38 | $\begin{gathered} 1.71 \\ ( \pm 0.60) \end{gathered}$ | 1.47 |
|  |  | ( $\pm 3.39$ ) |  |  | $( \pm 0.55)$ |
| JUNE 1988 | 49 | 2.06 | 44 | $\begin{gathered} 1.43 \\ ( \pm 0.58) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.34 \\ ( \pm 0.52) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | ( $\pm 1.70$ ) |  |  |  |
| COMBINED | 675 | 6.63 | 546 | $\begin{gathered} 1.96 \\ ( \pm 0.70) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.75 \\ ( \pm 0.69) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | $( \pm 5.06)$ |  |  |  |

$\mathrm{n}=$ number
GI = quantitative gonad index
TES = testicular part
OVA = ovarian part

## Quantitative Gonad Index Amusium pleuronectes (Linn.) July 1987 - June 1988



Figure 20 Change in the mean quantitative gonad index of Amusium pleuronectes around Chang Islands; July 1987 - June 1988.

## Qualitative Gonad Index Amusium pleuronectes (Linn.) July 1987 - June 1988



Figure 21 Change in the mean qualitative gonad index of Amusium pleuronectes around Chang Islands; July 1987 - June 1988.

## 2. Size at Maturity

The samples of scallop used in the reproductive study are of the size ranging from $2.7-9.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ in shell height. The gonads of scallops with the shell height smaller than 3.5 cm are undoubtly immature, thus they are excluded from histological study.

From the samples examined through histological processes, some specimens possesses different predominant development stages in both gonad regions, testicular and ovarian parts, besides alteration from follicles to follicles. Resulting from determination of the development stages of both gonad portions, the scallops are divided into 4 groups as immature, developing, mature, and post-mature. The immature group possesses the scallops which have totally immature gonads in both testicular and ovarian parts. The developing group incorporates the scallops with developing stage in either both parts or only one part of the gonad while the other one is in immature stage, thus, this group represents the pre-mature stages. The mature group incorporates the samples with either totally or partly mature, but never with any post-mature stages. The post-mature group includes the samples with any stages following the maturation; i.e. spawning, redeveloping, or spent. Out of the 546 scallops, the samples of 58 specimens with the size ranging from $3.6-7.9 \mathrm{~cm}$ in shell height are found to be in immature stage, 67 specimens of shell height $4.4-8.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ are in developing stage, 104 specimens with shell height $6.1-9.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ are reaching mature stage, and another 317 specimens of $4.8-9.3 \mathrm{~cm}$ shell height are in the group of post-mature stages. The size frequency distribution of scallop samples in those groups are presented in Table 23.

Table 23 Frequencies of the scallop Amusium pleuronectes samples in different gonadal development stages.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Height class } \\ & (\mathrm{cm}) \end{aligned}$ | GROUP |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Immature | Developing | Mature | Post-mature |
| 3.5-3.9 | 5 |  |  |  |
| 4.0-4.4 | 6 | 1 |  |  |
| 4.5-4.9 | 13 | 5 |  | 1 |
| 5.0-5.4 | 8 | 6 |  | 2 |
| 5.5-5.9 | 9 |  |  | 7 |
| 6.0-6.4 | 11 | 8 | 7 | 48 |
| 6.5-6.9 |  | 12 | 4 | 39 |
| 7.0-7.4 | 1 | 3 10 | 9 | 41 |
| 7.5-7.9 |  | 7 | 14 | 77 |
| 8.0-8.4 |  | 10 | 41 | 60 |
| 8.5-8.9 |  | 5 | 21 | 32 |
| 9.0-9.4 |  |  | 6 | 10 |
| > 9.5 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Total | 58 | 1หา 67 | 104 | 317 |

The minimum size of scallop of the mature group found in this study is 6.1 cm in shell height, but some smaller specimens are found in the post-mature group indicating that Amusium pleuronectes should have reached sexual maturity at the size smaller than 6.1 cm . The smallest sample of the post-mature group is 4.8 cm in shell height which is found to be in spawning stage, following with a 5.1 cm scallop in redeveloping stage and a 5.4 cm scallop in spent stage. Therefore, the scallop $A$. pleuronectes is becoming sexually mature at the size of 4.8 cm or slightly smaller.

## VI. Association with Pea Crab

From 737 scallops observed since June 1987-June 1988, 55 specimens were found infested with the pea crab Pinnotheres sp. (Figure 22), one each in every infested specimen. Those tiny pea crabs were found in mantle cavity specifically on the gonad of the scallops. The infested scallops were of sizes ranging from 3.9-9.1 cm in shell height. Their gonads were somewhat deformed in outline and the gonads were slightly smaller than those of uninfested individuals of the same size, as well as the mean sizes of scallops which were smaller in the infested samples than the uninfested ones (Table 24). The pea crabs sizes ranged from about $0.4-1.3 \mathrm{~cm}$ carapace length, or $0.05-2.06 \mathrm{~g}$ weight. All the pea crabs found were female and most of them were ovigerous. Occurrence of pea crab in the scallop was most abundant in August with the percentage of 18.97, and second peak of infestation was in June 1988 , with $16.33 \%$. In December no pea crab was found infesting in the scallop samples. Monthly occurrence of pea crab is shown in Table 24 and Figure 23. The average infestation rate for the whole series of samples is $7.46 \%$.

Determination of infestation rate corresponding with scallop size gives the result as shown in Table 25 and Figure 24. Pea crabs were found in scallops of 3.5 cm or more in shell height. The infestation rates are high in scallops of the sizes smaller than 5.5 cm , and a decreasing incidence of infestation is found in the larger size classes.


จุพาลงกรณมหาวีทยาลย
Chulalongkorn University

Figure 22 The pea crab Pinnotheres sp.

Table 24 Occurrence of the pea crab Pinnotheres sp. infestation in the scallop Amusium pleuronectes and comparison of mean sizes of infested and uninfested scallops. (number in brackets are standard deviations)


INF. : samples infested with pea crab
UN. : uninfested samples
COMBI. : combined samples; infested \& uninfested

Infestation of pea crab, Pinnotheres sp. in scallop, Amusium pleuronectes. June 1987 - June 1988


Figure 23 Occurrence of pea crab Pinnotheres sp. infestation in Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands; June 1987 - June 1988.

Table 25 Size frequency distribution of the scallop Amusium pleuronectes and infestation rates of the pea crab Pinnotheres sp. in different size classes of scallop.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { HEIGHT CLASS } \\ & (\mathrm{cm}) \end{aligned}$ | SCALLOP <br> FREQUENCY | NO. WITH <br> PEA CRAB | $\stackrel{\%}{\text { PEA }}{ }^{\text {CRAB }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.50-2.99 | 2 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 3.00-3.49 | 1 | 0 | 0.00 |
| $3.50-3.99$ | 5 | 1 | 20.00 |
| 4.00-4.49 | 8 | 1 | 12.50 |
| 4.50-4.99 | 23 | 3 | 13.04 |
| 5.00-5.49 | 19 | 4 | 21.05 |
| 5.50-5.99 | 29 | 4 | 13.79 |
| $6.00-6.49$ | 101 | 11 | 10.89 |
| $6.50-6.99$ | 80 | ( 8 | 10.00 |
| 7.00-7.49 | 95 | 7 | 7.37 |
| 7.50-7.99 | 139 | 1ลั 8 | 5.76 |
| $8.00-8.49$ | 142 | RS 7 | 4.93 |
| $8.50-8.99$ | 73 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 9.00-9.49 | 18 | 1 | 5.56 |
| $>9.50$ | 2 | 0 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL | 737 | 55 | 7.46 |

## Infestation Rate of Pinnotheres sp. in Different Size Classes of Scallop Amusium pleuronectes (Linn.)



Figure 24 Pea crab infestation rate in different size classes of Amusium pleuronectes; June 1987 - June 1988.

Gonad indices separately determined for the infested and uninfested scallops show that the infested samples have generally lower values of both quantitative and qualitative indices than the uninfested, except in the sample of May 1988 for quantitative gonad index and the samples of September-October 1987 for the ovarian qualitative gonad index. Those exceptions occurred because there were only 1-2 individuals represented in the infested samples, and coincidentally they possessed gonads with high index values, thus, making the mean indices higher than in the uninfested group. Comparison of the gonad indices of scallops between with and without infestation are presented in Tables 26, 27 and Figures 25, 26.

One-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) shows that the sizes of infested and uninfested scallops from monthly samples are not significantly different ( $P$ ) 0.05 ), as well as both quantitative and qualitative gonad indices are also not significant between those two, infested and uninfested, groups. The results of analysis are presented in Tables 28, 29 and 30.

Table 26 Monthly mean quantitative gonad index of the scallop, Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands; comparison between infested and uninfested samples. (number in brackets are standard deviations)

$\mathrm{n}=$ number
GI = quantitative gonad index ; (gonad weight/flesh weight) $\times 100$

## Quantitative Gonad Index Amusium pleuronectes (Linn.) July 1987 - June 1988


$\cdots$ Uninfested $\rightarrow$ Infested

Figure 25 Comparison of monthly mean quantitative gonad index between scallop samples of infested and uninfested with pea crab Pinnotheres sp.

Table 27 Monthly mean qualitative gonad index of the scallop, Amusium pleuronectes from Chang Islands; comparison between infested and uninfested samples. (number in brackets are standard deviations)

| MONTH | INFESTED |  |  | UNINFESTED |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | n | TES | OVA | n | TES | OVA |
| JULY 1987 | 6 | $\begin{gathered} 1.00 \\ ( \pm 0.00) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.00 \\ ( \pm 0.00) \end{gathered}$ | 112 | $\begin{gathered} 1.61 \\ ( \pm 0.56) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.51 \\ ( \pm 0.58) \end{gathered}$ |
| AUGUST | 10 | $\begin{gathered} 1.50 \\ ( \pm 0.50) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.30 \\ ( \pm 0.46 \end{array}$ | 44 | $\begin{gathered} 1.64 \\ ( \pm 0.71) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.52 \\ ( \pm 0.69) \end{gathered}$ |
| SEPTEMBER | 3 | $\begin{gathered} 2.00 \\ ( \pm 0.00) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.00 \\ ( \pm 0.00) \end{gathered}$ | 38 | $\begin{gathered} 2.08 \\ ( \pm 0.53) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.89 \\ ( \pm 0.46) \end{array}$ |
| OCTOBER | 1 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 42 | $\begin{gathered} 2.48 \\ ( \pm 0.55) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.07 \\ ( \pm 0.59) \end{gathered}$ |
| NOVEMBER | 1 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 20 | 2.20 | 2.05 |
| DECEMBER | 0 |  |  | 47 | $\begin{gathered} ( \pm 0.40) \\ 2.77 \\ ( \pm 0.42) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} ( \pm 0.38) \\ 2.68 \\ ( \pm 0.47) \end{gathered}$ |
| JANUARY 1988 | 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.00 \\ ( \pm 0.71) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.75 \\ ( \pm 0.43) \end{array}$ | 25 | $\begin{gathered} 2.36 \\ ( \pm 0.48) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.84 \\ ( \pm 0.61) \end{array}$ |
| FEBRUARY | 2 | $\begin{gathered} 1.50 \\ ( \pm 0.50) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.00 \\ ( \pm 0.00) \end{gathered}$ | 39 | $\begin{gathered} 2.31 \\ ( \pm 0.46) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.77 \\ ( \pm 0.58) \end{gathered}$ |
| MARCH | 2 | $\begin{gathered} 2.00 \\ ( \pm 0.00) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.00 \\ ( \pm 0.00) \end{array}$ | 33 | $\begin{gathered} 2.52 \\ ( \pm 0.50) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.24 \\ ( \pm 0.55) \end{gathered}$ |
| APRIL | 1 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 34 | $\begin{gathered} 1.62 \\ ( \pm 0.59) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.38 \\ ( \pm 0.54) \end{gathered}$ |
| MAY | 6 | $\begin{gathered} 1.67 \\ ( \pm 0.47) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.33 \\ ( \pm 0.47) \end{gathered}$ | 32 | $\begin{gathered} 1.72 \\ ( \pm 0.62) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.50 \\ ( \pm 0.56) \end{array}$ |
| JUNE 1988 | 6 | $\begin{gathered} 1.33 \\ ( \pm 0.47) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.17 \\ ( \pm 0.37) \end{gathered}$ | 38 | $\begin{gathered} 1.45 \\ ( \pm 0.59) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.37 \\ ( \pm 0.53) \end{array}$ |
| COMBINED | 42 | $\begin{gathered} 1.55 \\ ( \pm 0.54) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.38 \\ ( \pm 0.53) \end{gathered}$ | 504 | $\begin{gathered} 2.00 \\ ( \pm 0.70) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.78 \\ ( \pm 0.69) \end{gathered}$ |

$\mathrm{n}=$ number
TES = testicular part
OVA $=$ ovarian part

## Qualitative Gonad Index Amusium pleuronectes (Linn.) July 1987 - June 1988



- Uninfested $\rightarrow$ Infested

- Uninfested $\rightarrow$ Infested

Figure 26 Comparison of monthly mean qualitative gonad index between scallop samples of infested and uninfested with pea crab Pinnotheres sp.
A. Testicular part.
B. Ovarian part.
Table 28

Result of one-way ANOVA for the mean shell height of the
infested and uninfested samples of Amusium pleuronectes.

| Table 29 | Result of one-way ANOVA for the mean quantitative gonad index of the infested and uninfested samples of Amusium pleuronectes. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SOURCE | SUM OF SQUARES | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ALYSI: } \\ & \text { D.F. } \end{aligned}$ | of VARIANCE MEAN SQUARE | F RATIO | PROB. |
| BETWEEN | 20.141 | 1 | 20.141 | 1.312 | . 2655 |
| WITHIN | 307.000 | 20 | 15.350 |  |  |
| TOTAL | 327.141 | 21 |  |  |  |


| Table 30 | Result of one-way ANOVA for the mean qualitative gonad <br> index of the infested and uninfested samples of <br> pleuronectes. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


[^0]:    Figure 8 Result of the estimation of $L_{\infty}$ and $Z / K$ ratio for Amusium pleuronectes population by Wetherall's method; from ELEFAN II program.

