

ผลกระทบของปัจจัยควบคุมที่มีต่อคุณสมบัติของบุนมฝอยทอง



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EFFECT OF OPERATIONAL CONTROL FACTORS
ON THE PROPERTIES OF FOI-TONG

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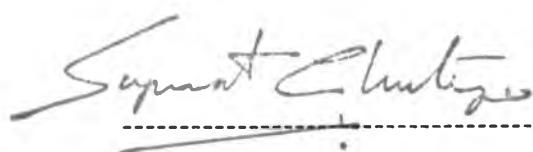
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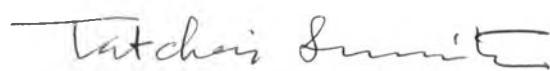
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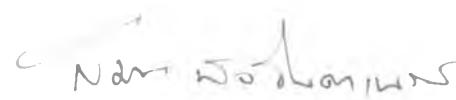
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พิมพ์น蛊บบบทคดข่าวพินธรภาษาในกรอบสีเขียวเพื่อแข่งแต่งคิขว

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วิทยานิพนธ์นี้เกี่ยวข้องกับการศึกษาปัจจัยควบคุมที่มีผลต่อคุณสมบัติของฟอยล์หงอง และเป็นการพัฒนาออกแบบเครื่องมือที่ใช้ทำงานฟอยล์หงอง ในการศึกษานี้ได้ออกแบบและสร้างเครื่องมือ โคงจำแนกตามการเคลื่อนที่ของกราฟไข่เหลืองเป็น 2 ประเภท คือการไข่เป็นวงกลม และการไข่เป็นเส้นตรง ในการทดลองนี้ได้ใช้ไข่เป็ดผสมกันไข่ไก่ในอัตราส่วน 4 : 1 และควบคุมให้ความชื้นและอุณหภูมิของน้ำเชื่อมคงที่ที่ 60 เปอร์เซนต์ และที่ 103 องศาเซนเซียล ตามลำดับ จากนั้นได้ปรับเปลี่ยนความเร็วของการไข่ไข่ ความดันของไข่ที่ให้ผลผ่านรู ขนาด 1 มิลลิเมตร ของกรวยไข่ และระดับความสูงของรูวัดจากผิวดังน้ำเชื่อม เมื่อได้เส้นบนฟอยล์หงองแล้วก็ได้นำไปทดสอบคุณสมบัติของฟอยล์หงองได้แก่ ขนาดเส้นผ่าศูนย์กลาง ความด้านแรงดึง ของเส้น และได้ทำการวิเคราะห์ผลทางสถิติ

จากการทดลองพบว่า ความดันของการป้อนไข่สูงขึ้นจะมีผลให้ขนาดเส้นผ่าศูนย์กลางของฟอยล์หงอง ใหญ่ขึ้น แต่ขณะที่ความเร็วของการไข่ไข่ และความสูงของกรวยไข่เพิ่มขึ้นจะมีผลให้ขนาดเส้นผ่าศูนย์กลางเล็กลง อย่างไรก็ตี ปัจจัยควบคุมที่ทำให้ได้เส้นฟอยล์หงองมีขนาดเส้นผ่าศูนย์กลาง ที่เล็กที่สุด เท่ากับ 0.74 ± 0.15 มิลลิเมตร จะต้องควบคุมให้ความดันของไข่เหลือง ความเร็วของการไข่ และระดับความสูงในการไข่ ควรเป็น 0.3 บาร์, 90 รอบต่อนาที และ 100 มิลลิเมตร ตามลำดับ

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This thesis involved the studies of operational control factors effect on Foi-tong properties and the development of equipments produced foi-tong dessert. The equipments designed were classified on motion of egg emulsion as circular motion and linear motion types. The experimental method, the mixture of duck egg yolk and hen egg yolk were used as the ratio of 4 : 1. Syrup concentration of 60 % and temperature of 103 C were controlled during the experimental operations. Motion speed, egg yolk pressure through a small hole diameter of 1 mm.of a rilling cup and the rilling height were varied, then the properties of foi-tong were tested such as diameter strength and statistical analysis.

The experimental results found that the diameter of foi-tong increased with the increasing of egg yolk pressure, whereas motion speed and rilling height decreased. However, the operational control factors which provided the smallest of foi-tong diameter of 0.74 ± 0.15 mm.were the controlling of pressure, motion speed and rilling height being 0.3 bar., 90 rpm. and 100 mm. respectively.

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