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APPENDICES

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## DSC kinetic program

Theory

For any reaction process being followed by DSC the conversion process can be represented by :

A $\xrightarrow{k}$	$B + \Delta H$	(1)
Where :	A is the material before conversion	
	B is the material after conversion	
	$\Delta H$ is the heat absorbed or given off	
	k is the Arrhenius rate constant	

With a power-compensated DSC, the rate of reaction (dx / dt) is measured directly and can be expressed as :

$dx / dt = k (1-x)^n$		(2)
Where :	dx / dt is the rate of reaction	
	x is the fraction reacted	
	t is time	
	n is the reaction order	
	k is the Arrhenius rate constant	

The Arrhenius relationship is given by :

$$k = Z \times e^{-E_a/RT}$$
(3)

 Where :
 Z is the pre-exponential constant

 Ea is the activation energy

 R is the universal gas constant

 T is the absolute temperature

The relationship to which the DSC data are fit is based on the derivations of A.P.  $Gray^{33}$ , the earlier work of Freeman and Carroll<sup>34</sup>, and others. This treatment combines equations 1, 2, and 3, above, and assumes nth order reaction kinetics and constant program rate, activation energy, and preexponential constant, yielding :

 $\ln (dx / dT) = \ln(Z) - E_a / RT + n \ln (1-x)$ 



Figure 4 IR spectrum of Bis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (3)

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Figure 5 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Bis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (3)

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. Figure 6 <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Bis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (3)

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Figure 7 Mass spectrum of Bis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (3)

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Figure 8 IR spectrum of Bis-[3-(4-allyloxy-2-methoxy)phenoxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (7)



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Figure 9 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Bis-[3-(4-allyloxy-2-methoxy)phenoxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (7)



Figure 10 <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Bis-[3-(4-allyloxy-2-methoxy)phenoxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (7)

3.5



Figure 11 Mass spectrum of Bis-[3-(4-allyloxy-2-methoxy)phenoxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (7)



Figure 12 IR spectrum of 2,7-Bis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)naphthalene (9)

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<sup>1</sup> Figure 13 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of 2,7-Bis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)naphthalene (9)



Figure 14 <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of 2,7-Bis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)naphthalene (9)



Figure 15 Mass spectrum of 2,7-Bis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)naphthalene (9)



Figure 16 IR spectrum of Bis-(3-N,N-diallylamino-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (11)



Figure 17 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Bis-(3-N,N-diallylamino-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (11)



Figure 18 <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Bis-(3-N,N-diallylamino-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (11)



Figure 19 Mass spectrum of Bis-(3-N,N-diallylamino-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)diphenoxypropane (11)



Figure 20 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of N,N,N',N'-tetrakis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)ethylenediamine (13)



Figure 21 IR spectrum of N,N,N',N'-tetrakis-(3-allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propoxy)ethylenediamine (13)



Figure 22 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (15)

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Figure 23 <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (15)



Figure 24 IR spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (15)



Figure 25 IR spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (16)



Figure 26 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (16)



Figure 27 <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (16)



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Figure 28 IR spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (17)

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<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (17) Figure 29

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<sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (17) Figure 30

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<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (18) Figure 31

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<sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (18) Figure 32

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Figure 33 IR spectrum of Carbamate Derivative (18)



Figure 34 IR spectrum (KBr) of Polyurethane (20)


Figure 35 IR spectrum (KBr) of Polyurethane (21)



IR spectrum (KBr) of Polyurethane (22) Figure 37

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Figure 38 IR spectrum (KBr) of Polyurethane (23)

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TGA thermogram of Polyurethane (20) Figure 39

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Figure 40 TGA thermogram of Polyurethane (21)

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TGA thermogram of Polyurethane (22) Figure 41

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TGA thermogram of Polyurethane (23) Figure 42

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Figure 43 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (3) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 3 hours



Figure 44 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (3) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 6 hours



Figure 45 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (3) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 12 hours



Figure 46 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (3) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 24 hours

Table 3	Integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11 (aromatic protons) of
	(25) at various reaction time

Reaction time	Integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11
(hours)	(aromatic protons) of (25)
0	0.5
3	0.42
6	0.35
12	0.34
24	0.32



Figure 47 Relationship between the integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11 (aromatic protons) of (25) and reaction time

Table 4 Integration ratio of H4 + H5 + H8 + H9 + H10 (allylic protons + H8 + H9 + H10) : H11 (aromatic protons) of (25)

Reaction time	Integration ratio of H4 + H5 + H8 + H9 + H10
(hours)	(allylic protons + H8 + H9 + H10) : H11
	(aromatic protons) of (25)
0	2.53
3	2.32
6	2.18
12	2.19
24	1.73



Figure 48 Relationship between the integration ratio of H4 + H5 + H8 + H9 + H10 (allylic protons + H8 + H9 + H10) : H11 (aromatic protons) of (25) and reaction time



Figure 49 DSC thermogram of the mixture of (3) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24)

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Figure 50 Kinetic DSC thermogram of the mixture of (3) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24)

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Figure 51 IR spectrum (KBr) of (25) obtained from the reaction between (3) and 5 mole % Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 24 hours



Figure 52 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (9) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 3 hours

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Figure 53 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (9) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 6 hours

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Figure 54 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (9) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 12 hours

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Figure 55 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (9) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 24 hours

## Table 5Integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11 + H12(aromatic protons) of (26) at various reaction time

Reaction time	Integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11 + H12	
(hours)	(aromatic protons) of (26)	
- 0	0.48	
3	0.44	
6	0.41	
12	0.40	
24	0.39	



Figure 56 Relationship between the integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11 + H12 (aromatic protons) of (26) and reaction time



Figure 57 DSC thermogram of the mixture of (9) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24)



Figure 58 Kinetic DSC thermogram of the mixture of (9) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24)



Figure 59 IR spectrum (KBr) of (26) obtained from the reaction between (9) and 5 mole % Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 24 hours



Figure 60 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (11) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 3 hours

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Figure 61 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (11) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 6 hours



Figure 62 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (11) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 12 hours



Figure 63 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (11) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 24 hours

Table 6 Integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11 (aromatic protons) of (27) at various reaction time

Reaction time	Integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11	
(hours)	(aromatic protons) of (27)	
0	1.0	
• 3	0.8	
6	0.8	
12	0.8	
24	0.8	



Figure 64 Relationship between the integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H11 (aromatic protons) of (27) and reaction time

Table 7Integration ratio of H4 + H5 (allylic protons) : H11 (aromatic protons)of (27) at various reaction time

Reaction time (hours)	Integration ratio of H4 + H5 (allylic protons) : H11 (aromatic protons) of (27)
0	2.00
3	1.69
6	1.66
12	1.59
24	1.55



Figure 65 Relationship between the integration ratio of H4 + H5 (allylic protons) : H11 (aromatic protons) of (27) and reaction time



Figure 66 IR spectrum (KBr) of (27) obtained from the reaction between (11) and 5 mole % Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 24 hours



Figure 67 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (13) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 3 hours

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Figure 68 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (13) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 6 hours



Figure 69 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (13) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 12 hours



Figure 70 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of the reaction between (13) and 5 mole % of Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 24 hours

Table 8	Integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H9 - H12 (aliphatic protons)
	of (28) at various reaction time

Reaction time	Integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H9 - H12
(hours)	(aliphatic protons) of (28)
0	0.30
3	0.29
6	0.29
12	0.26
24	0.18



Figure 71 Relationship between the integration ratio of H3 (olefinic protons) : H9 - H12 (aliphatic protons) of (28) and reaction time
Table 9Integration ratio of H4 + H5 + H8 (olefinic protons + H8) :H9 - H12 (aliphatic protons) of (28) at various reaction time

Reaction time	Integration ratio of H4 + H5 + H8 (allylic protons + H8) :
(hours)	H9 - H12 (aliphatic protons) of (28)
0	1.05
3	1.00
6	1.00
12	1.00
24	0.66



Figure 72 Relationship between the integration ratio of H4 + H5 + H8 (allylic protons + H8) : H9 - H12 (aliphatic protons) of (**28**) and reaction time



Figure 73 IR spectrum (KBr) of (28) obtained from the reaction between (13) and 5 mole % Benzoyl Peroxide (24) at 80°C for 24 hours



Figure 74 IR spectrum (KBr) of Polyurethane(29)



Figure 75 IR spectrum (KBr) of Polyurethane(**30**)







Figure 77 IR spectrum (KBr) of Polyurethane(32) .

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Figure 78 TGA thermogram of Polyurethane(29)



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Figure 79 TGA thermogram of Polyurethane(**30**)



Figure 80 TGA thermogram of Polyurethane(31) .



Figure 81 TGA thermogram of Polyurethane(32)

## VITA

Nawee Farkrachang was born on December 23, 1973 in Lopburi, Thailand. He received the Bachelor Degree of Science in Chemistry from Chulalongkorn University in 1994. In the same year, he became a student in graduate school at Chulalongkorn University studying in Chemistry and has been studying since then. He graduated with the Master Degree of Science in 1997.

