

การผลิตโพลียูรีเทนโดยใช้ผลิตภัณฑ์ไกลคอลที่ได้จากการดีโพลีเมอไธซ์  
โพลีเอทิลีนเทเรฟทาเลตที่ใช้แล้ว

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PRODUCTION OF POLYURETHANE USING GLYCOLYZED PRODUCTS FROM  
DEPOLYMERIZATION OF RECYCLED POLYETHYLENE TEREPHTHALATE

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พิมพ์ต้นฉบับทั้งหมดย่อวิทยานิพนธ์ภาษาไทยในกรอบสีเขียวนี้เพียงแผ่นเดียว

พัทธา สร้อยสุวรรณ : การผลิตโพลีурีเทนโดยใช้ผลิตภัณฑ์ไกลคอลที่ได้จากการดีโพลีเมอไรซ์โพลีเอทิลีนเทเรฟทาเลตที่ใช้แล้วกลับมาใช้ใหม่ให้ได้คุณค่าสูงโดยการถลายน้ำเพื่อให้เป็นเนื้อเออร์ในกรอบไกลคอลที่มากเกินพอ ผลิตภัณฑ์ที่ได้จะมีส่วนประกอบของ โอลิโกลิเมอร์ ไดเมอร์ และ บีสไซดรอกซิลเอทิลเทเรฟทาเลต ซึ่งมีหมู่ไไซดรอกซิลอยูบิเรนปaleyสายของโมเลกุล ความยาวของโอลิโกลิเมอร์จะขึ้นอยู่กับเวลาที่ใช้ในการดีโพลีเมอไรซ์ และปริมาณของเอทิลีนไกลคอล การดีโพลีเมอไรซ์ที่ใช้เวลามาก และปริมาณเอทิลีนไกลคอลสูงทำให้เข้าสู่สมดุลได้รวดเร็วและความยาวของโอลิโกลิเมอร์จะสั้น

ได้ทดลองเบรียบเทียบโพลีурีเทนที่ใช้เอทิลีนไกลคอลเป็นเนื้อเออร์แทนเดอร์กับที่ได้จากผลิตภัณฑ์ไกลคอลจากการทดลองพบว่าผลิตภัณฑ์ที่ได้จากการดีโพลีเมอไรซ์โพลีเอทิลีนเทเรฟทาเลตจะเพิ่มค่าความแข็งแรงและความยืดหยุ่นดีกว่าเอทิลีนไกลคอล

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The aim of this work is to investigate recycling of post-consumer PET bottles into a chain extender for producing polyurethane, such that high benefit may be obtained. PET bottles was depolymerized in excess ethylene glycol. The glycolized product contained BHET, dimers and oligomers. Their terminated-hydroxyl groups would react with MDI to form the urethane linkage. Composition of glycolized products was dependent on depolymerization time and quantity of ethylene glycol used.

It was found that better strength and flexibility of polyurethane were obtained when ethylene glycol was replaced by glycolized products as chain extender.

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ถายมือชื่อนิสิต พ.พ.พ. สร้อยดวงวรรณ  
ถายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา H. Saksayaphuti  
ถายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษาร่วม.....

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