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CHEMISTRY AND BIOACTIVITY ON P19 NEURON-LIKE CELLS OF GELDANAMYCINS

Miss Sarin Tadtong

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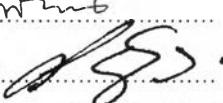
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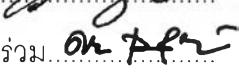
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สาร geldanamycin (1) เป็นสารต้านมะเร็งและต้านเชื้อร้ายในกลุ่ม ansamycin ที่แยกได้
จากน้ำหมักเชื้อ *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* var. *geldanus* และต่อมาสามารถแยกได้จาก
น้ำหมักเชื้อ *Streptomyces* sp. TRA-9875-2 จากป้าชายเลนบริเวณฝั่งทะเลียนdam ในจังหวัด
ตรัง ประเทศไทย จึงได้ทำการดัดแปลงสูตรโครงสร้างทางเคมีในบางตำแหน่งโดยเฉพาะที่
quinone ring ของ 1 เพื่อศึกษาฤทธิ์ทางชีวภาพของอนุพันธ์ต่างๆ ต่อเซลล์พีสิบเก้า และเซลล์
คล้ายเซลล์ประสาทพีสิบเก้า โดยสามารถเตรียมอนุพันธ์ได้ทั้งหมด 18 ชนิด การพิสูจน์สูตร
โครงสร้างทางเคมีของสารเหล่านี้ ทำได้โดยการวิเคราะห์ข้อมูลทางสเปกตรอสโคปีจาก NMR, MS,
และ UV ร่วมกับการเบรียบเทียบข้อมูลกับ 1 และข้อมูลของสารกลุ่มนี้ที่เคยมีรายงานมาก่อน จาก
การศึกษาฤทธิ์ทางชีวภาพพบว่า ที่ความเข้มข้น 1 นาโนโมลาร์ มีเพียงสาร 1, 17-O-ethyl-
17-O-demethylgeldanamycin (6), 17-O-n-propyl-17-O-demethylgeldanamycin (8), 17-O-
benzyl-17-O-demethylgeldanamycin (9), และ 19-O-methylgeldanamycin (18) ไม่มีความ
เป็นพิษต่อเซลล์พีสิบเก้า แต่สามารถทำให้เซลล์คล้ายเซลล์ประสาทพีสิบเก้ามีเส้นประสาทยึดยาว
และแตกแขนงเพิ่มขึ้น และยังสามารถป้องกันเซลล์คล้ายเซลล์ประสาทพีสิบเก้าจากความเป็นพิษ
ต่อเซลล์ประสาทของสารต้านมะเร็ง taxol ที่ความเข้มข้น IC_{50} 0.65 ไมโครโมลาร์ ได้อีกด้วย แต่
เมื่อทดสอบที่ความเข้มข้นสูงถึง 10 ไมโครโมลาร์ พบร่วงสาร 18 ชนิดเดียวเท่านั้น ที่ไม่แสดงความ
เป็นพิษต่อเซลล์พีสิบเก้าและเซลล์คล้ายเซลล์ประสาทพีสิบเก้า ในขณะที่สาร 1, 6, 8, และ 9 แสดง
ความเป็นพิษต่อเซลล์พีสิบเก้าและเซลล์คล้ายเซลล์ประสาทพีสิบเก้าที่ IC_{50} 0.1 และ 2.0 ไมโครโมลาร์,
0.1 และ 1.6 ไมโครโมลาร์, 0.2 และ 6.7 ไมโครโมลาร์, และ 0.5 และ >10 ไมโครโมลาร์ ตามลำดับ

สาขาวิชา เภสัชเคมีและผลิตภัณฑ์รวมชาติ
ปีการศึกษา 2548

ลายมือชื่ออนิสิต..... อ. บ. พรบ.

ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา..... 

ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษาร่วม..... 

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SARIN TADTONG: CHEMISTRY AND BIOACTIVITY ON P19 NEURON-LIKE CELLS OF GELDANAMYCINS. THESIS ADVISOR: KHANIT SUWANBORIRUX, PH.D., THESIS CO-ADVISOR: ASSOC. PROF. DUANGDEUN MEKSURIYEN, PH.D., 144 pp. ISBN 974-17-3960-5.

Geldanamycin (**1**), the antitumor antifungal ansamycin, was isolated from the fermentation broth of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* var. *geldanus*. Geldanamycin (**1**) was later obtained in high yield from the fermentation broth of *Streptomyces* sp. TRA9875-2 from the mangrove forest along the Andaman coast, Trang province, Thailand. Eighteen geldanamycin derivatives were mainly prepared by modification at the quinone moiety. Their chemical structures were determined by analyses of 1D-NMR, 2D-NMR, MS, and UV spectral data as well as comparison with the literatures. The biological activities on P19 cells and P19 neuron-like cells of geldanamycin derivatives were evaluated. The results revealed that at 1 nM concentration, **1**, 17-*O*-ethyl-17-*O*-demethylgeldanamycin (**6**), 17-*O*-n-propyl-17-*O*-demethylgeldanamycin (**8**), 17-*O*-benzyl-17-*O*-demethylgeldanamycin (**9**), and 19-*O*-methylgeldanamycin (**18**), exhibited no cytotoxicity on P19 cells, but possessed neuritogenic activity on P19 neuron-like cells. They also protected P19 neuron-like cells cultures from toxicity of the anticancer agent taxol at IC₅₀ of 0.65 μM. Among the neuritogenic active compounds, only **18** showed no cytotoxicity and neurotoxicity at higher concentration of 10 μM. Compounds **1**, **6**, **8**, and **9** exhibited cytotoxicity on P19 cells and neurotoxicity on P19 neuron-like cells at IC₅₀ of 0.1 μM and 2.0 μM, 0.1 μM and 1.6 μM, 0.2 μM and 6.7 μM, and 0.5 μM and >10 μM, respectively.

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ABBREVIATIONS

ACN	=	acetonitril
ADP	=	adenosine diphosphate
α -MEM	=	alpha minimal essential medium
Ara-C	=	Cytosine-1- β -D-arabinoside
Asn	=	asparagine
Asp	=	aspartic acid
ATCC	=	American Type Culture Collection, Maryland, U.S.A.
ATP	=	adenosine triphosphate
br s	=	broad singlet
c	=	concentration
calcd	=	calculated
cm	=	centimeter
^{13}C -NMR	=	carbon-13 nuclear magnetic resonance
CNS	=	central nervous system
COSY	=	correlation spectroscopy
Cys	=	cysteine
δ	=	chemical shift
d	=	doublet
dd	=	doublet of doublet
DMF	=	dimethyl formamide
DMSO	=	dimethyl sulfoxide
ϵ	=	molar absorptivity
EC ₅₀	=	50% effective concentration
ED	=	effective dose
ED ₅₀	=	50% effective dose
ESI-Q-TOFMS	=	electrospray ion source quadrupole time of flight mass spectrometry
FBS	=	fetal bovine serum
Glu	=	glutamic acid
Gly	=	glycine
h	=	hour

HMBC	=	¹ H-detected heteronuclear multiple bond correlation
¹ H-NMR	=	proton nuclear magnetic resonance
HRFABMS	=	high resolution fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry
Hz	=	hertz
IC ₅₀	=	50% inhibitory concentration
<i>J</i>	=	coupling constant
kDa	=	kilo-Dalton
λ_{max}	=	wavelength at maximum absorption
L	=	liter
Leu	=	leucine
Lys	=	lysine
M	=	molar
m	=	multiplet
MHz	=	megahertz
min	=	minute
μL	=	microliter
mL	=	milliliter
μm	=	micrometer
μM	=	micromolar
mm	=	millimeter
<i>m/z</i>	=	mass to charge ratio
NCS	=	newborn calf serum
nm	=	nanometer
nM	=	nanomolar
NMR	=	nuclear magnetic resonance
P19GM	=	P19 growth medium
P19IM	=	P19 induction medium
P19NLC	=	P19 neuron-like cell
P19SM	=	P19 supplement medium
PBS	=	Phosphate buffer saline solution
pg	=	picogram
Phe	=	phenylalanine
PLC	=	preparative thin layer chromatography

pM	=	picomolar
ppm	=	part per million
q	=	quartet
RA	=	all- <i>trans</i> -retinoic acid
Rb	=	Retinoblastoma protein
rt	=	room temperature
s	=	singlet
SEM	=	standard error of the mean
sp.	=	species
t	=	triplet
Thr	=	threonine
TLC	=	thin layer chromatography
UV	=	ultraviolet