EFFECT OF PRINT SCREEN INK ON PROPERTIES OF RE -EXTRUDED HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE)



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A Thesis Submitted in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements
for the Degree of Master of Science

The Petroleum and Petrochemical College, Chulalongkorn University
in Academic Partnership with

The University of Michigan, The University of Oklahoma,
and Case Western Reserve University

2001

ISBN 974-13-0713-6

119650329 77 A.A. 2546

Thesis Title

: Effect of Print Screen Ink on Properties of Re-Extruded

High Density Polyethylene (HDPE)

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บทคัดย่อ

จุฑามาศ นันทิทรรภ: ผลกระทบของหมึกพิมพ์ต่อสมบัติของโพลีเอทที่ลีนชนิดความ หนาแน่นสูงที่ผ่านกระบวนการผลิตซ้ำ (Effect of Print Screen Ink on properties of Re-Extruded High Density Polyethylene (HDPE)) อ. ที่ปรึกษา: ศ. จอห์น เอฟ สแกมีฮอร์น (Prof. John F. Scamehorn) และ คร. พิชญ์ ศุภผล 56 หน้า ISBN 974-13-0713-6

โพลีเอทที่ลีนชนิคความหนาแน่นสูงเป็นพลาสติกที่มีนิยมใช้แพร่หลาย แต่การบริโภค พลาสติกชนิคนี้จำนวนมาก ก่อให้เกิดผลกระทบจากขยะที่ใช้แล้วของผลิตภัณฑ์ที่เพิ่มขึ้นด้วย การ นำพลาสติกชนิคนี้กลับมาใช้ใหม่สามารถลดปัญหานี้ลงได้ แต่คุณภาพของผลิตภัณฑ์ที่ได้จากการ นำพลาสติกมาหลอมใช้ใหม่นั้น ไม่สามารถเทียบกับผลิตภัณฑ์ที่ได้จากพลาสติกที่ยังไม่ได้ผ่าน กระบานการผลิตมาก่อน สาเหตุสำคัญคือมีสิ่งเจือปนในพลาสติกที่นำกลับมาใช้ใหม่ เช่น หมึก พิมพ์ที่พิมพ์ลงบนผิวพลาสติก วัตถุประสงค์ของงานวิจัยนี้คือ ศึกษาผลกระทบที่เกิดจากหมึกพิมพ์ ที่ปนเปื้อนมากับโพลีเอทที่ลีนชนิดความหนาแน่นสูง ต่อสมบัติทางความร้อน สมบัติเชิงกล และ สมบัติของสีของพลาสติกที่ผ่านกระบวนการอัครีดซ้ำ พลาสติกที่ใช้ในการทดลองผ่านการแขก หมึกออกที่ระดับการแยกต่างๆ โดยใช้สารลดแรงตึงผิวที่มีขั้วบวก ในงานวิจัยนี้ใช้สารซิติ้วไตร เมททิลแอมโมเนียมโบรไมด์ในการแยกหมึกจากผิวชิ้นงาน จากการทดลองพบว่าหมึกพิมพ์ไม่ทำ ให้เกิดการเปลี่ยนแปลงที่สังเกตุได้ชัดเจนในด้านสมบัติเชิงกล และสมบัติทางความร้อนของ พลาสติก แต่ก่อให้เกิดการเปลี่ยนแปลงสมบัติด้านโครงสร้างผลึกและสีของพลาสติกอย่างชัดเจน

ABSTRACT

4271003063 : PETROCHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM

Ms. Chuthamas Nandidarbha: Effect of Print Screen Ink on

properties of Re-Extruded High Density Polyethylene(HDPE)

Thesis Advisors: Prof. John F. Scamehorn and Dr. Pitt

Supaphol, 56 pp ISBN 974-13-0713-6

Keywords : HDPE/ Plastic Recycling/ Deinking

HDPE is widely used and its consumption has increased continually: this translates into a large amount of solid waste produced. Recycling of such a waste has been perceived as a means for dealing with this environmental problem. It is however easier said than done, since properties of recycled HDPE articles are inferior to those produced from virgin resins. The worsening of the properties is a result of the included contaminants. One of the contaminants is the ink used in printing HDPE bottles. The main objective of this work is to study the effect of residual ink on the color characteristics, thermal and mechanical properties of re-extruded HDPE articles. A cationic surfactant, cetyltrimethylammonium bromide, was used to prepare samples with different degrees deinking: namely, 50% and 100%, respectively. The results showed that the presence of small amounts of residual ink had no significant effect on thermal and mechanical properties of re-extruded HDPE. However, presence of residual ink affected the color characteristics and the percent of crystallinity of re-extruded HDPE.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to Prof. John F. Scamenorn for his invaluable guidance and assistance towards to the completion of thesis. I would like to tend my sincere thanks to Dr. Pitt Supaphol for being my mentor, and for his support, patience and kindness, Mr. John Ellis, the polymer man, who gave invaluable suggestions to my research. I sincere thank Dr. Kavee SriKulkij for allowing me to use the spectrophotometer. I tend my sincere thank to Assoc. Prof. Anuvat Sirivat for being my committee. I am also greatly indebted to the Petroleum and Petrochemical college for providing me with a partial scholarship and teachers and all staff members of the Petroleum and Petrochemical college for all assistance they provide.

I would like to thank Ms. Arubol Chotipan for her suggestions.

Special "thank you" to my lovely friends, both Petrochemical technology and Polymer technology as well as all Ph.D. students, who taught me the meaningful and unforgettable words; friendship love and care.

My greatest gratitude to Papa, Mamee and L for my life I received, for infinity of love and care I can touch, and for everything made me being myself.

Finally, I would like to dedicate this thesis to my beloved grand mom, Udom McIntyre.

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