

**A PARTICIPATORY PROBLEM SOLVING
APPROACH TO INCREASE WILLINGNESS AMONG DOCTORS
AND NURSES TO MANAGE HIV/AIDS PATIENTS AT THE
NATIONAL REFERRAL HOSPITAL
THIMPHU, BHUTAN**

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**A Thesis Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements
for the Degree of Master of Public Health
Health Systems Development Program
College of Public Health
Chulalongkorn University
Academic Year 2000**

ISBN : 974-346-920-6

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Bangkok, Thailand**

I 1942 7347

Thesis Title : A Participatory Problem Solving Approach to Increase Willingness Among Doctors and Nurses to Manage HIV/AIDS Patients at the National Referral Hospital, Thimphu, Bhutan

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ABSTRACT

The study is focusing on AIDS related stigma among the practicing doctors and nurses at the National Referral Hospital (NRH) in Thimphu, Bhutan. The hospital is 200 bedded with 35 doctors, 110 nurses and 200 other faculty support staff. This hospital is the apex centre for medical services in the country and in addition serves as the Regional Referral Hospital for the Western Region and as District Hospital for the Thimphu District.

The main purpose for undertaking this study is, through a participatory approach, to develop a strategic plan of action to address unwillingness among the doctors and nurses of the NRH, Thimphu to manage patients perceived to have HIV/AIDS.

The concept of AIDS related stigma has been explored through a literature review and focused on stigma within health care. In addition, a rapid appraisal on the perceptions of health professionals in the NRH at Thimphu offered additional insight on the local situation. Quantitative and qualitative approaches have been applied to define the nature and magnitude including causal factors of AIDS related stigma aspects at the NRH.

A Participatory Action Research is proposed to address the fear in caring for HIV/AIDS patients at the NRH in Thimphu.

The project aims to increase the willingness among the doctors and nurses in the management of HIV/AIDS patients at NRH, Thimphu.

The objectives are to define the magnitude of unwillingness, to develop a plan of action to increase willingness, to implement and monitor the plan of action and to

evaluate the process of PAR and the effectiveness of the action plan among the doctors and nurses to manage HIV/AIDS patients at NRH, Thimphu.

And the strategy is a participatory problem solving approach through formation of a core team of doctors (5), nurses (5), and a representative each from the relevant stakeholders comprising a total of 14 members, based in NRH, Thimphu. The core team shall define the magnitude of willingness, develop a plan of action, implement, monitor and evaluate the process and effectiveness of plan of action over 24 months of the PAR study period. The budget estimate for the preparatory phase including upto the planning phase only, is USD 14,000/- (Fourteen Thousand US Dollars).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

My humble respects and deep gratitude to Dean, Professor Chitr Sitthi-amorn, and Professor Edger J. Love for their words of wisdom and insight that enabled me to negotiate through a haze of stumbling blocks in my proposed venture.

My sincere deep gratitude to Ajarn Marc Van der Putten, my thesis advisor for being a friend, a philosopher and a guide in keeping me focused and at the same time allowing me to develop my skills in the process of actually doing things throughout the MPH course.

My sincere deep gratitude to Ajarns, Dr. Nuntavarn Vichit-Vadakan, Dr. Sathirakorn Pongpanich, Dr. Sauwakon Ratanawijitrasin, Mrs. Wacharin Tanyanont,, Ms. Ratana Samrongthong, Mr. Tanawat Likitkerarat for allowing me to develop within my capacity and capability, and learning the process of giving a scientific form to a good idea and understanding the importance of doing it.

My sincere gratitude to all the faculty members of the College of Public Health for always being there in the moments of need throughout the study period.

My humble gratitude to the Royal Government of Bhutan for this moment of opportunity to enhance my skills in public health and to be of better service to the people.

My humble respects and deepest gratitude to His Excellency Lyonpo Sangay Ngedup, Minister, Ministry of Health & Education, Thimphu, Bhutan for the kind encouragement to undertake such study, aimed at improving the quality of service in the hospital and addressing major public health concerns of the country.

My sincere deep gratitude to Dr. Sangay Thinley, Secretary, Ministry of Health & Education, and Dr Gadho Tshering, Director, Health Department for the kind assurance and support for the study.

My warm gratitude to Nyima Yoezer, Karma Loday, Dopo, Kinga, Leki and Tshewang Dorji of the Health Department for helping me undertake the rapid appraisal among the doctors and nurses of National Referral Hospital, Thimphu.

My sincere gratitude to all the doctors and nurses of NRH, Thimphu especially the hospital administration for extending their cooperation and support throughout the rapid appraisal.

My special gratitude to my wife Tshering Yangchen for helping me with typing and editing documents, and being a constant source of inspiration in the moments of despair.

Thank you all for taking me through this moment in my life.

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